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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 109 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1936 TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Small Powers Frightened: Plan To Leave League

Separate Alliances For Self-Protection

ITALIAN BOMBSHELL FOR GENEVA

Will Deny Ethiopian Right To Sit At Same Table

(Special Cable)
COPENHAGEN, May 6.

It is understood that the Foreign Ministers of Norway, Finland, Sweden, Denmark and Holland will consider the question whether to remain in the League at the meeting at Geneva on May 9.

Representatives of Switzerland will attend a later meeting when a decision is expected.

ITALIAN ENTRY INTO ADDIS ABABA

No Sign Of Opposition

ADDIS ABABA May 6.

Thousands of Italians are arriving in the City cheering and singing, although the modern quarter is mostly smoking ruins. Many of the finest buildings have been destroyed. Shops have been pillaged and houses gutted and streets are covered with all kinds of debris,—grim reminders of the fighting. The Ethiopians have now ceased looting, have hidden the rifles and are flying white flags and cheering the invaders, trying to give the Fascist salute. To-day there is not a sign of opposition and no shot is being fired.

SIKHS TO RESCUE

Thirtyfive desperadoes attacked the Belgian Legation on Monday night. They were driven off by a detachment of Sikhs under a British Officer inflicting heavy losses. They defended the Legation throughout the night. The depleted Guard at the British Legation has been reinforced by service men from among the other European refugees. The remaining Americans and the Red Cross worker Junod have been rescued Mohammed Ali Bank and houses of several large Arab families successfully resisted numerous attacks without casualties.—Reuter.

"ETHIOPIA IS ITALIAN"

Aloisi's Claim Before League Of Nations

(SPECIAL CABLE)
GENEVA, May 7.

After Sgr. Mussolini's claim that "Ethiopia is Italian" it is expected in Legue circles that Baron Aloisi will refuse to sit at the Council table opposite to the Ethiopian representative when the conflict is discussed next week.

Baron Aloisi is expected to claim that as there is no Ethiopian Government, there is no Ethiopia. This will be tantamount to ask the Council to recognise the Italian victory and raise the question in an acute form. It is improbable that the Council will do anything drastic and it is anticipated that some middle course will have to be found.

"DEEP HUMILIATION FOR BR. GOVT."

"And World Ought To Be Ashamed At Breakdown Of Its Plans"

NEW YORK, May 6.

The swift collapse and disappearance of the Ethiopian Government put the finishing touches to what appears to be a deep humiliation for the British Government," declares the "New York Times."

"If Britain is ashamed at what happened there are good reasons why the other nations should also be ashamed. The world ought to be ashamed at the breakdown of its plans for collective security. It must set to work to make better plans."—Reuter's Special.

INDIANS SAFE

SIMLA, May 6.

According to a message received from Addis Ababa all members of the Hindu community are safe.—A.P.

(EARLIER NEWS ON PAGE 7.)

INDIA MEETS OXFORD

Amarnath Captures 4 Wkts. For 22 Runs: Home Team All Out For 202

LONDON, May 6.

The Indian touring team met Oxford who, batting first, were all out for 202 runs. (Singleton 51): Amarnath 4 wickets for 22. Hindlekar keeping the wicket started off wonderfully stumping one and catching three other batsmen.

The Indians, before close of play, made 79 for two wickets.—Reuter.

THE PLAY

Oxford began badly, losing four wickets for 70 runs, but by the fall of the seventh wicket they made fairly good recovery and the eighth wicket carried the score from 130 to 193, Singleton making 51 in 105 minutes and Darrawalsmith 30 not out.

Hindlekar dismissed four batsmen, stumping one and catching three while Nayudu bowled two and caught two. Amarnath returned his best analysis hitherto.

Indians lost two wickets for 33, but thereafter Merchant scored 43. Merchant's score included six fours.

COCHRANE ARRIVES IN RANGOON

RANGOON, May 6.

Sir Archibald Cochrane, the new Governor of Burma arrived here this afternoon from Calcutta by s. s. "Alamba". The arrival was private.

Sir Hugh Stephenson accompanied by personal staff received him on board the ship and after disembarkation introduced the new Governor to the gathering present which included the Chief Justice, the Mayor, the President of Burma Legislative Council, Pegu Commissioners, Principal Port Officer and Commander of the Rangoon Bridge Area.

Sir A. Cochrane then drove to the Government House.—A.P.

ANGLO-AMERICAN WOMEN'S GOLF

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
GLENEAGLE, May 6.

In the Anglo-American Women's Golf contest for the Curtis Cup foursomes were played in the morning. Miss Wanda Morgan and Mrs. Garon (Britain) vs. Mrs. Vare and Miss Pattyberg all square.

Mrs. Crews and Mrs. Cheney (America) beat Mrs. Walker and Miss Pam Barton 2/1.

Mrs. Holm and Miss Anderson (Britain) beat Mrs. Hill and Miss Glutting 3/2.

Singles are being played in the afternoon.

MALAVIYA FOR U. P. ASSEMBLY?

Nationalist Move To Test Strength On Communal Award Issue

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, May 6.

It is understood that Pundit Malaviya and his son Pundit Govind Malaviya will be seeking election to the U. P. Legislative Assembly in view of the Congress attitude to the Communal Award. Both are likely to contest the seats on the Nationalist Party Ticket. The view is entertained here that Pundit Malaviya has not yet lost hold over the masses of these provinces and is sure of securing quite a good number of seats for his party even if the party faces Congress opposition.

It will be recalled that the Congress Nationalist Party failed miserably in the last Assembly election but the Nationalist Party advocates feel confident that the same history will be repeated and hope to put up a better show this time.

ABYSSINIA DAY AT ALLAHABAD

President To Address On European War Menace

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, May 6.

Following the decision of the Congress President, Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, to observe May 9 in sympathy with the Abyssinian Emperor the Allahabad Congress Committee has decided organising mass meeting for protesting against aggression and Imperialist Italian designs. Meeting will be held in the Purshottamdas Tandon Park when prominent Congressmen are likely to participate. It is understood that Pundit Jawaharlal himself will be one of the principal speakers and will survey the European political situation, drawing attention to the threatened war menace.

PARLIAMENT OF RELIGIONS

To-day's Programme At C. J. Hall

(SEE PAGE 5.)

A. I. C. C. LABOUR SUB-COMMITTEE

ALLAHABAD, May 6.

The Labour Sub-Committee of the A. I. C. C. will meet in Bombay on the 18th and 19th May.

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE

Tokyo Invitation To Govt. To Send Indian Mission To Negotiate

(From Our Special Correspondent)
SIMLA, May 6.

Information gleaned through Japanese sources indicate that the Japanese Government have extended an invitation to the Government of India to send a Trade Mission to Tokyo for negotiating modifications and renewal of the Cotton Protocol between the two countries which expires on 31st March 1937. It may be recalled that even during the 1934 talks the Japanese delegates had expressed the wish that next time an Indian Delegation should visit their country. Government spokesmen, however, did not commit themselves to anything.

NARIMAN TO INTERVIEW SUBHAS BOSE

BOMBAY, May 6.

The "United Press" understands that in response to the request of Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for permission to interview Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in Yeravda Prison, the Government of Bombay have replied Mr. Nariman, giving him the necessary permission to interview Mr. Bose It is learnt that a Police Inspector will remain present during the course of the interview.

Mr. Nariman is likely to interview Mr. Bose during the course of the next week and will be back in Bombay before Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru arrives here.

The "United Press" further learns that Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru who has decided to pay a flying visit to Poona after the completion of his Bombay programme, will interview Mr. Subhas Bose if the authorities give him the necessary permission. Hope is entertained that the authorities will not come in the way of the two leaders having a friendly chat.—United Press.

PICKETING TELLS ON "VITA"

Only 13 Passengers Embark At Church Mandvi

(From Our Correspondent.)
CUTCH MANDVI, May 6.

Very successful picketing was organised here to-day on s.s "Vita". The volunteers worked hard the whole of the night to dissuade the public from embarking on the s.s. "Vita". Consequently only 13 passengers embarked "Vita" to-day.

LOSS OF "LA CRESCENTA"

Summonses Issued

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, May 6.

In the House of Commons Mr. Burgin announced that summonses had been issued, arising out of loss of "La Crescenta" against Sidney Graham and Henry Holland alleging that they sent the ship to sea in such unseaworthy condition as to endanger life. "La Crescenta" the 6,000 ton oil tanker, owned by the Crescent Navigation Company, sank in the Pacific in December 1934 with a loss of the crew of 29. The matter was the subject of long inquiry by the Wreck Commissioner, Lord Merrivale, who awarded costs against the owners.

Mollison Passes Over Benguela

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
BENGUELA, May 6.

Amy Mollison passed over Benguela at 14/20 G.M.T.

Labour Impeachment Of British Govt.

"HELPED 'IL DUCE' TO DESTROY ABYSSINIA"

But Eden Answers By Accusing Other League Powers

LONDON, May 6

In the House of Commons, launching a vigorous labour attack against the Government's policy in the Abyssinian dispute, Dr. Hugh Dalton charged Government with responsibility for war which could have been prevented:

With failure to fulfil its obligations under the Covenant, particularly Article 16.

With encouraging the Abyssinians to resist in the relief of the League's help, leaving the Abyssinians to their fate having given no effective help of any kind:

Helped Mussolini

But, that on the contrary helped Sgr. Mussolini to destroy them by permitting the supply of the indispensable oil and in particular, with profiting out of the sale of oil through Government holding in the Anglo-Iranian Company.

Dr. Dalton urged intensification of Sanctions against Italy by the inclusion of oil and other such commodities.

Indian Infantry Praised

Captain Anthony Eden replying, referred to the great satisfaction of Government for the splendid work of British Legation Guard at Addis Ababa composed of Indian Infantry. It was not too much to say, these troops saved large numbers of foreign lives. They not only protected 2,000 refugees repelling at least one attack, but sent detachments to the aid of foreign missions imperilled by the mob.

Major Charter and his men had worthily upheld the best traditions of Indian Army.

DIFFICULT SITUATION

The situation with which Britain and other League countries were faced was difficult. Throughout the dispute, Britain had taken the lead. He contended that British sale of oil had dropped from thirteen per cent to four per cent in 1936. Had they been stopped what difference would it have made to the course of the dispute? The British Government was the only Government at Geneva who publicly urged oil sanctions. They always knew that the weakness of the sanctions was that they could not be made immediately effective. The only immediately effective sanction was to deny to Italy the use of the Suez Canal. That must inevitably have entailed military action which must inevitably lead to war.

While the Opposition professed to support the League with horse, foot and artillery, they only meant support with threats, insults and perorations. Mr. Eden warned them that they could not close the Canal with paper boats. If Britain had not pressed for military sanctions, it was due to their horror of war and not fear of the ultimate outcome. Legally the Canal could not be closed without League action. In view of the attitude of many Governments towards sanctions, did the Opposition really believe that the League would have passed a resolution for closing the Canal? There was never the slightest hope of that.

The blow had been struck at the structure of the League and the conception of collective security. We must face the fact frankly and without fear and learn the lesson derived from this experience. But it was clear that the League must continue. In the modern world, it was absolutely indispensable for the organisation of international affairs. There must also be stock-taking by each Government to decide the future course of action. The League, as a whole, must decide the future course of action.

FUTURE POLICY.

The Government proposed immediately to consider the problem in consultation with the Dominions. The Government had gone to the furthest length (a few words missing here).—

WITHDRAW DIPLOMATIC CONNECTIONS.

Sir Austen Chamberlain, amid loud ministerial cheers, said that the continuance of sanctions would now be a policy of equal danger and futility.

Sir Austen Chamberlain's statement was made after Sir Archibald Sinclair had urged increase and intensification of sanctions and Mr. Henderson had suggested continuance of sanctions, withdrawal of Ambassadors from Italy and expulsion of Italy from the League.

FUTILE POLICY.

Sir Austen Chamberlain in reply said that withdrawal of Ambassadors would not alter Sgr. Mussolini's policy and the expulsion of Italy from the League would be futile. It would weaken, instead of strengthening, the League and prevent it being made again what we might yet hope to make of it. The League ought to set to work and frame a more solid structure on more solid foundations. Government's efforts to get the German and other countries back into the League and to secure Regional Pacts were steps in the right direction. It must consider too whether the Covenant of the League did not need amending in order to enable the Council to act before a catastrophe had befallen.

PLIGHT OF RUTLAM MILL WORKERS

(From A Correspondent.)

Discontent is increasing among the ranks of workers employed in Sri-Sajjan Mills at Rutlam. Harassment of workers is frequently reported. Things came to ahead on April 30 when about 150 workers were suddenly discharged without giving due notice to them. These workers have absolutely become stranded without any help. They are demanding pay for the work done and one month's pay which is due to them during the notice period and also railway fare upto Bombay.

Mr. Taralkar who has been there for some time has gone on hunger strike since the 1st of May to bring to the attention of the Mill and state authorities these demands of the dismissed employees. He has asked Bombay textile workers for help and in this connection he has sent a wire to the General Secretary of Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (red-flag.)

DEPRIVED OF CIVIC LIBERTIES

JUBBULPORE, May 6.

The Secretary of the Central India States People's Conference informs from Jhabua:—

"In order to ventilate their grievances and formulate demands a second session of the Jhabua State People's Conference was held to-day at Bhairongarh, Seth Bardhichand Magniram of Ranapur presiding.

Mr. Udairam Kaluji Patel Chairman of the Reception Committee in the course of his address narrated graphically the Jhabua State subjects' difficulties.

Seth Bardhichand Magniram in the course of a lengthy speech drew the attention of the Political Department towards the assurance that had been given by Mr K. S. Fritze A.-G.-G Central India for redressing the Jhabua State subjects' grievances which still remained unredressed.

He further alleged how the State subjects were deprived of civic liberties on the strength of the ordinances promulgated by the authorities people were imprisoned on the slightest pretext of raising voice against the men in power and peasants were ruined and burdened with heavy taxations.

Dealing next with the alleged maladministration and corruption in the various deparments and other alleged grievances the President requested the Political Department of the Government of India to interfere in the Jhabua State affair and redress the grievances of the State people.

He also urged the public to continue the agitation peacefully and legitimately and complimented the workers for their sufferings and sacrifices in the past."—United Press.

STOP PRESS

ENGLAND BEATEN

VIENNA, May 6.

England lost by two goals to one to Austria in the International Soccer whereat 60,000 spectators including Vice-Chancellor Starhemberg were present.—Reuter.

French Panic Money Floods London Market

Foreign Banks Unwilling To Finance Further Forward Transactions

LONDON, May 6.

Flood of French panic money is arriving in London developing into a torrent and forcing the British to control and absorb very heavy offers of Francs, Nevertheless, peg slightly lowered in which the city believes and perceives an indication that French demand on Belga and guilder at present is even stronger than for sterling and dollars.

Forward Market though showing a slight improvement ceased to be an indication of the trend, owing to the narrowness of business as speculators are reluctant to enter fresh commitments with discounts at present high levels.

Moreover, foreign banks are not willing to finance further Forward transactions.

Despite the rise in the bank rate the city is increasingly pessimistic regarding the ability of the bank of France to stay on gold until the new Government assumes office.

It is pointed out, political moves apart, the present French Government was to shift responsibility for the decisive measures of successors, hardly likely to bolster up confidence in the French public the lack of which resulted in the cessation of private gold arbitrage between Paris and other centres as operators are not willing to hold francs for at least two days which is the minimum period before gold can be obtained.—Reuter's Special.

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ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Clerks, Actors, Actresses to act in talkie film. Apply with postage, Rishkul Rajendra & Co., Lucknow. (6095).

Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers, Overseers through Postal instruction. British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (6092)

M.T.B. College, Surat.—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 15th May, 1936, for the post of Professor of History and Economics to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (3025)

Wanted a Science Graduate for the Kalsulkar High School Sawantwadi, on Rs. 40|- to teach Physics, Chemistry to higher standards. Apply stating previous experience before 15th May, 1936 to S. D. Rangnekar, Principal. (6077)

Wanted for the Railway School at Castle Rock, a European or Anglo-Indian, Assistant Mistress with a Secondary Teachers Certificate, or one who is qualified to teach in recognised Schools with five or more years service as an approved teacher, under the Code of Regulations for European Schools in the Bombay Presidency. The scale of pay for the post is Rs. 70—2-1|2—85. House allowance of 10 per cent of pay in lieu of free quarters will be paid. Applications should be addressed to the Agent, The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Ltd., (Incorporated in England), Park Town, Madras. (3102).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Public Accountant Auditor having own office undertakes writing accounts for companies individuals, etc., expert income-tax. Apply Box No. 6097, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

Chowpatty—Mhatre Building, 3rd, 4th and mosaic floors at moderate rent. Light, air and modern conveniences. Apply D. H. Petit & Co., Solicitors, Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort. (6081).

44. MEDICAL.

If not cured by thousands of remedies, blood does not stop flowing from them, you wish life-long cure within 3 days. See personally C. V. Salayawala, Piles Specialist, corner Dadiseth Agiyari Lane, Kalbadevi, Bombay. (6093).

49. HOMOEOPATHY.

The Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College, Princess Street, imparts Homoeopathic education. Four years course. Terms begin from 10 June. Accommodation limited. Apply for prospectus to the Registrar. (6023).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Admissions Proceeding—Alexandra College of Commerce—Fresh Classes for all Diploma Courses in Advanced Accountancy, Bank Officers, Companies Secretaries, General Commerce, Insurance and Pitman's Shorthand Postal Tuitions for up-country students. Prospectus from the Principal, York Building, Hornby Road Bombay. (6060).

Seth Khimji Dayal Smarak Fund. Scholarships are to be awarded from the above fund for Higher Commercial Education. Applications should reach to Hon. Secretary, 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay, before the 5th June, 1936. Lohanas will have first preference. (3111).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—A highly respectable and influential Chief Agent for Bombay and West Coast. Commission liberal. Apply immediately:—The Federal India Assurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (5994).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

118. TAILORING

Wanted—A London returned Cutter with a very good experience throughout in both the English and Indian garments. Permanent job with good future prospects in a big tailoring firm of old standing. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 6096, "Bombay Chronicle."

136. SILK-COTTON-WOOL.

Silk Poplin.—Very decent, soft and durable. A gift for shirts and other garments. Best for the price Size 18 yds. by 27". Price Rs. 4-8. And Extra superfine quality size 12 yds. 27". Price Rs. 4-14 per piece. Post free. Money refunded if unapproved, The Textile Co. of India, Ludhiana, A-105. (6034)

150. STAMP COLLECTING.

Wanted buyers for used stamps in thousands of different nationalities including used and unused. Apply Excelso R. Pires (Numismatic), Agacaim, Goa. (6085).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Cashmere Tour starting 11th May. Book your seat early at Erach Anklesaria, Sitaram Building, Princess Street. (6074)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY WARNED not to deal with in any manner whatsoever the following old title-deeds relating to our clients immovable properties situate at Vile Parle which title-deeds have either been lost or misplaced.

1. Deed of Gift dated 25th January 1907 from SURAJBAI, widow of Pranjiwandas Harjiwandas to NARSILAL PURSHOTTAMDAS, relating to the land, situate at Vile Parle, admeasuring 462 sq. yds. bearing Survey No. 252, Pot No. 45.

2. Mortgage, dated 24th September, 1900, from NARSILAL PARSHOTTAMDAS to Bai MANI and Ors., relating to the land above described.

3. Sale Deed, dated 6th August, 1912, from Dwarkadas Gangadas to Narsilal Purshottamdas relating to two pieces of land admeasuring 339 sq. yds. and 275 yards bearing Survey No. 252, Pot No. 23 and Survey No. 252, Pot No. 32 respectively.

Any person possessing or coming across the said title-deeds is requested to return the same to the undersigned.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Bombay, 6th May, 1936.

31|2

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients have contracted to purchase from MR. RAMJANALI JAMALBHAI, the undermentioned property. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Doongri Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, 95-2|9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3153 and Cadastral Survey No. 1739 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3052, Street Nos. 104-21, Doongri and Samuel Street and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Doongri Street, otherwise called Chinchbunder 3rd Row, on or towards the West by Samuel Street or Chinchbunder Road, on or towards the North by the property of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim but now of Nazerali Gigabhoy and on or towards the South by the Darga of Syed Magdoomsha.

Dated this 6th day of May, 1936.
MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2138

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

THE SWISS ENGINEERING CO., LTD., beg to inform their valued clients and the public that, as from the 2nd May a.c., Mr. H. C. GOULD, Manager, is no longer in their employment and that he holds from that date no authority whatsoever to act in any manner whatsoever on behalf of the Company. The Power of Attorney issued by the Company in favour of the above has been cancelled.

3128

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of Seth Gopaldas Nathubhai: Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased who died at Bombay on or about 31st October, 1935 and the probate of whose will having effect throughout British India was granted on the 27th day of April, 1936, to Purshotamdas Jamnadas Ramji, Bhimji Kara and Dr. Tribhowandas Chaturbhuj Merchant of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the executors at the office of Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, 13-19 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, their attorneys within one month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

And all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased, are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and|or to deliver up the said securities or the property, as the case may be, to the said Executors at the office of the said Attorneys Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1936.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Attorneys for the Executors.
6-5-36.

3139.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VIII, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of Bai VALIBAI, widow of Thakkar Vallabhdas Sunderji, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant who at the time of her death, resided at Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay ...Deceased.

(1) THAKKAR DEVIDAS RAGHAVJI GOVINDJI, (2) THAKKAR HARIDAS MATHURADAS and (3) Dr. MOTILAL GULABRAI MANKAD all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants respectively doing business at Muiji Jetha Market, Kalbadevi Road and Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay and being three of the Executors named in the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased. .....Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 4th day of May, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-six and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.
J. S. MAJMUDAR.

The 4th day of May, 1936.
Messrs. POPATLAL & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
(3141)

SUNDAY, 10th MAY
AT 10 A.M.
TAMIL PICTURE
GOPAL KRISHNA
GOPAL KRISHNA
AT
HINDMATA
—:PAREL:—

PLAZA
To-night 6-30 & 9-45 P.M.
THRILLING PICTURE
OF WAR ON GANGSTERS
"LET THEM HAVE IT"
Released through United Artists, with
RICHARD ARLEN
ALICE BRADY
VIRGINIA BRUCE

NOW SHOWING ON
LATEST R-C-A PHOTOPHONE DOUBLE MACHINE.
From SATURDAY, the 9th
RANJIT'S Masterpiece:
SOLDIER'S SWEETHEART
ALIAS
SIPAHI-NI-SAJNI
Featuring:—
GOHAR, E. BILLIMORIA
and a Galaxy of Stars.
HINDMATA
—:PAREL:—
Daily at 2-30, 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.

SPLENDID
TAMIL TALKIE
on SUNDAY, 10th MAY at
10-30 a.m. in the Morning
TAMIL NADU TALKIES'
Second Mythological Hit
"MOHINI—RUKMANGADHA"
featuring
The Nightingale of South India.
Miss M. S. VIJAYAL
(of 'Menaka' fame) and
MISS SARADAMBAL
VIDWAN SREENIVASAN
M. R. SUBRAMANIAN
and others, at your favourite Theatre
PLAZA

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REGULAR SERVICE
To Japan Via
SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival	Departure
Shunko Maru	19th Apl	25rd May
Mantai ,,	11th May	24th ,,
Kurohime ,,	29th ,,	6th June
Iwatesan ,,	25th ,,	8th ,,
Karachi ,,	28th ,,	13th ,,
Argun ,,	5th June	23rd ,,
Biyo ,,	19th ,,	6th July
Borneo ,,	23rd ,,	8th ,,
Sumatra ,,	9th July	24th ,,

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"THE HINDU HERALD."

New Weekly Of Shri Shankaracharya At Nasik

NASIK, (By Mail.)

It is understood that an English weekly entitled the "Hindu Herald" will be shortly published from Nasik under the auspices of the Muth and the guidance of Shri Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtkoti).

The weekly will be the organ of Hindu renaissance and will devote itself to the re-establishment and spread of Hindu Dharma.

The paper will serve the interests of Hindus by birth and adoption without distinction of caste or country.—A.P.

STRIKERS INJURED IN AFFRAY

CALCUTTA, May 6.

Two Europeans and about 30 strikers have been injured in an affray in the Hoogly Jute Mills at Garden Beach, South Calcutta, a suburb where notice has been served on 1,500 weavers who are on strike to vacate the cooly lines. It is stated that two European Mill officials were inspecting the workers' lines, accompanied by a small force of Nepali guards, when they were attacked by the workers. An ugly situation was saved by the prompt arrival of a small posse of police who charged the rioters with lathis and quickly restored order.

40 STRIKERS INJURED

The injured Europeans are Mr. M.Wilson and Mr. D.W. Drummond respectively, manager and assistant manager. The injuries of the former who is in hospital are reported to be serious. Over 40 strikers have been injured and sent to hospital.

Lathis And Knives Seized

It is learned that altogether 46 persons were injured including about a dozen Nepalese, presumably mill employees. One police surgeant also received slight injuries. The condition of some of the injured persons is reported to be serious.

Immediately after the disturbance police searched the strikers' quarters and seized a number of lathis, knives and other weapons. —A. P.

Award For Rescue From Drowning

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

The following communique has been issued:—

"On the 30th June 1934, a country boat capsized in the Nabaganga river at village Chandibarpur, district Jessore, in an unexpected squall. Babu Sudhir Ranjan Chatterjee, son of a Sub-Inspector of Police, a boy of about 16 years, who happened to be bathing in the river at that time swam to the boat and rescued two little girls from drowning.

The boy's conduct was brought to the notice of the Royal Humane Society and he has now been awarded a Testimonial on Vellum by the Society in recognition of his conduct for saving two lives. —United Press.

Twelve Injured In Lorry Accident

LAHORE, May 6.

A serious lorry accident resulting in 12 persons being injured occurred in the Hoshiarpur-Garshanker Road. It is stated that while negotiating a corner the lorry capsized with the above result. The driver of the lorry has been arrested.—United Press.

Mohmand Operations Honours List

SIMLA, May 6.

A Gazette Extraordinary will publish on the morning of the 8th instant, the Mohmand Operations' Honours List. The newspapers will publish the list the same morning.—A.P.

Our Baroda Letter

BARODA DEWAN'S SERVICES EULOGISED

"Social Reforms Should Be Initiated By People Themselves"

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, May 2.

Looking to the questions asked by members of the State Legislative Assembly and their answers, has been revealed that (i) the Government has spent Rs. 44,800 up to date towards Rural Uplift Centre at Kasamba, which was started on 1st February 1932.

The experiments for getting honey and silk have been abandoned because they were termed to be impracticable.

AERODROMES.

It has been decided to build aerodromes at Baroda and Amreli, and the question of travelling will be considered in due course.

The question of reserving one seat in the Assembly for the Muslim community will be considered, but the matter would be looked from the point of public welfare.

NOVEL FEATURE.

A novel and refreshing feature of the present session was that the members were supplied with the information of the decisions regarding steps taken by the Government on the resolutions passed at the time of various sessions of the Assembly. The table shows that Government has tried to meet the wishes of the people as early as possible. It may be mentioned here that the initiative of Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachari was mainly responsible for adopting such a procedure.

At Thursday's morning session of At to-day's morning session of the State Legislative Assembly, the resolution congratulating Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar was discussed at length. Mr. Vidyashanker Vakil eulogised his long and successful administration, especially his readiness to respond to popular opinion. Mr. Somanath Dave described him as an ideal officer not only for the state officials and people to copy but also an example which Minister of other native states should follow to work for the welfare of the State and its subjects "through the golden key of co-operation."

Mr. Lallubhai Patel referred to his rural uplift activities. Mr. Pathan and Naib Dewan Mr. Uplap associated themselves with the tributes paid by other members.

Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar, thanking all members of the Dharasabha in feeling terms, said that he considered it as an indication of the high value of co-operation obtained by him from, the officers of the Government and the members of the Dharasabha.

WOMEN'S CRYING ON PUBLIC ROADS.

Mr. Dinshaw Dabu in a resolution urged Government to stop the system prevailing amongst Hindus of crying and beating the breast on open roads, stating that it was harmful to health of women and that it would have adverse effect on children. He said, that though he was born as a Parsi, he was at heart a Hindu, and, hence he urged all well-wishers to stop such system in a progressive State like Baroda.

Mr. Somanath Dave supporting the resolution dealt with the condition of the villages where ignorant women were forced into such a step. The Legal Remembrancer Mr. G. K. Dandekar, replying to the debate, said that people should take initiative in such matters.

Regarding the resolution of Mr. Lallubhai Patel urging Government to repair small field drainage channel through the P. W. D., the Dewan summing up the debate, stated that all such channels could not be repaired by Government. If the classification was wrong, villagers could represent the matter to the Government.

TEA & COFFEE HOUSES.

Three resolutions urging restrictions on tea and coffee houses in the State were then considered. Mr. S. V. Mukerjee, replying on behalf of the Government, that the State could not put restrictions on each and every matter in Social affairs, moreover with tea and coffee houses, people were diverted from addiction to intoxicant drugs.

The proposal of having trained female teachers in Urdu Girls Schools was accepted by the Government.

Discussion would be resumed to-morrow.

Mr. T. S. Sankara Iyer, Director of Finance to the Railway Board, is proceeding on two and a half months' leave from the middle of May, when Khan Bahadur Barkatali (at present the Deputy Director) will act in his place.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Gland Discovery Restores Youth In 24 Hours

Sufferers from loss of vigour, nervousness, weak body, impure blood, failing memory, and who are old and worn-out before their time will be delighted to learn of a new gland discovery by an American Doctor.

This new discovery makes it possible to quickly and easily restore vigour to your glands and body, to build rich, pure blood, to strengthen your mind and memory and feel like a new man in only 8 days. In fact, this discovery which is a home medicine in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, does away with gland operations and begins to build new vigour and energy in 24 hours, yet is absolutely harmless and natural in action.

The success of this amazing discovery, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs has been so great in America that it is now being distributed by all chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction or money back. In other words, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you. If your chemist can't supply you, write Muller MacLean, Bombay.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Bisaram Bawani, a painter, fell down from an electric structure between Diva and Dombivli stations on May 3. He was removed to the Byculla Railway Hospital, and died there the next day.

At the inquest held to-day the Coroner's jury recorded a verdict of accidental death by injuries sustained due to accidental fall while working at night.

Seven men were arrested yesterday night in a gambling raid in room No. 26, 1st floor of Bawla Building, J. J. Hospital junction.

It is alleged that packs of cards and moneys were seized from the room.

They were put up before the Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court, Mazgaon, who released them on bail till the 15th instant.

The dead body, apparently of a Hindu, aged about 17 years, identity unknown, was washed ashore at Chowpatty on Tuesday.

Boman Manaji Mehta, a student, while swimming, noticed it, at about 10-30 a.m. and informed the police.

An inquest was held on the body to-day and a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to drowning in the sea was recorded.

Gangadhar Shanker was put up before the Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on charges under Sections 279 and 338 I.P.C.

It was alleged that at about 4 p.m. on May 4, the accused drove car No. T 5394, along Parel Tank Road and knocked down a pedestrian named Ali Bahadur Namdar, who is lying in the K.E.M. Hospital with concussion of the brain.

The accused is alleged to have driven very fast and on the wrong side of the road.

He was released on bail till 13-5-36.

Gulam Ahmed Mahomed Khan, an armed police constable, was placed before the Dadar Court by the Bhoiwada Police this morning on a charge of attempted house-breaking.

It was alleged that the accused was seen opening at 6 p.m. yesterday the lock of the apartment of another armed constable living on the same floor of his building and with whom he was not on visiting terms.

The accused was remanded into custody till the 13th instant.

For want of sufficient evidence to place an accused on the charge-sheet and also as the complainant in the case has been absconding almost since the day the complaint was made (on March 23rd last), Popatlal Nagji Mehta, the accused, has been discharged and his bail bonds cancelled on an application made by the police before the Officiating Magistrate, Girgaum Court, this morning.

The accused was arrested on March 25 last on suspicion (subsequently released on bail) that he was concerned in a case in which six persons were alleged to have abducted a woman from her residence in Duncan Road to Chembhur, where four of them are said to have outraged her modesty.

Before the Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, police made an application to-day for tender of pardon under Section 337 Cr. Pr. Code, to one Jagmohan Singh Bharat Singh.

It will be recalled that on March 21 last a shop in Matharpakadi was broken into and one Bhagawanmal Santokji Marwadi, who was sleeping there was stabbed to death and gold ornaments and cash valued at Rs. 11,168 were stolen.

In this connection, Jagmohan Singh and four others are standing their trial. As Jagmohan Singh offered to make a true and full disclosure of the happenings within his knowledge, the police asked for his pardon.

The Magistrate after questioning him tendered pardon to him and ordered him to be detained in the lock-up till 14-5-36.

Gulam Dawlatkhan was put up on a charge of stabbing under Section 324 I.P.C. before the Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court, Mazagaon.

It was alleged that one Abdul Rahiman residing at Kamatipura was returning along Trimbak Parshram Street at about 11 p.m. on April 28 last. Near the Chota Kabarstan he felt that he was stabbed on his right buttock from behind. He looked behind and saw the accused running away towards Chota Kabarstan with a knife in his hand.

He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he was treated and allowed to go.

Yesterday the complainant saw the accused at Grant Road and at his instance the accused was arrested.

He was released on bail and the case has been posted to 13-5-36.

There was considerable excitement in the Crawford Market this morning when a man who is alleged to have stolen a basket of fruit put up a violent fight with a police constable in an attempt to free himself.

As a sequel to the numerous complaints of thefts of fruit from the compound of the Crawford Market, a policeman was detailed to keep a look out for any suspicious characters hovering about the place.

One Tingo was seen loitering about in the precincts of the Market and after a while, it is alleged, he was noticed by the constable walking away with a basket of fruit.

When the constable chased the man he dropped the basket and ran into the Market. The constable got this man after a desperate scuffle in which both had their clothes reduced to tatters.

The accused was placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court this morning and was ordered to be released on Rs. 30 bail.

RANGOON RECEPTION TO SIR A. D. COCHRANE

RANGOON, May 5.

On a motion from the Mayor the Rangoon Corporation unanimously resolved to accord a civic reception and present an address of welcome to Sir A. D. Cochrane sometime next month, when he is expected to make a public entry in Rangoon from Maymyo. Sir A. D. Cochrane arrives here to-morrow afternoon from Calcutta and proceeds to Maymyo on Thursday, arriving there on Friday in public. —A.P.

COMMUNISTIC ACTIVITIES IN INDIA

C. I. D. Officer Explains Meanings Of Abbreviations

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

Full details of the activities of the Communist Party in India were narrated by Deputy Inspector Ketkar, C.I.D. Special Branch, before Sir Hormuzdiar P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay to-day at the resumed hearing of the case in which three alleged Communists are being charged with having assisted the Communist Party and with having been in possession of Communist literature and distributing the same.

The accused in the case are Iqbal Singh Handal, Somnath Lahari and Chinta Singh.

Simultaneous Raids

Deputy Inspector Ketkar examined for the prosecution by Mr. G. S. Velinker, Special Public Prosecutor, stated that he had assisted Rao Bahadur Mohanji Desai, Superintendent Special Branch, C.I.D. to investigate this case, and he was conversant with the exhibits tendered in the case.

On September 18, 1935 the Special Branch Police carried out simultaneous raids on 20 different places in the city and seized a large quantity of Communist literature. Witness assisted in the raids.

One Awantachari, who was arrested in connection with these raids, was deported out of Bombay. Witness had during those raids searched the room of S.S. Nimbker, brother of R.S. Nimbker, who was, witness said, a well-known Communist of Bombay.

Counsel at this stage examined the witness about the raids carried out on August 2, 1929, when several persons were arrested and were tried at Meerut. D.I. Ketker stated he had assisted in that raid and arrested some of the accused. They were later convicted after trial at Meerut.

Abbreviations.

In the present case reference was made to three persons in the "Polite Bureau" but certain abbreviations were used to denote the persons referred to in the communications. Witness stated that the sign "M I R" referred to "Mirajker"; "G H" referred to "Ghate" an accused convicted in the Meerut Case; Lahiri referred to Somnath Lahiri, the second accused and "N D N" referred to "Noor-uddin" an allas of the first accused Iqbal Singh.

Witness was then further examined in detail about some of the exhibits tendered by the prosecution.

Mr. G.S. Velinker with Mr. Thanavala appeared for the prosecution. Mr. H. R. Pardiwala with Messrs. Joshi and Shroff defended the accused.

Two Youngmen Acquitted Of Murder Charge

PATNA, May 6.

Two young men of Purnea, who were awarded death sentences by the Sessions Judge on charge of murdering the husband of a young girl, were acquitted yesterday by the Patna High Court.

In delivering the judgment acquitting the accused, their Lordships Mr. Justice James and Mr. Justice Varma, held that there was not sufficient evidence against the accused.—United Press.

The United Provinces Legislative Council session starts at Nainital on June 15.

VENUE OF ENSUING CONGRESS

Question Before M.P.C.C. Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 6.

Which is to be the venue of the next Congress session due to be held in Maharashtra? Will it meet in Poona, which justly deserves the honour? Or will it go to some district place like Nasik, Sholapur or Satara? Or will that be some village—which will hold the sessions?—These are the questions that are confronting the Congress workers in Maharashtra. Many places are vieing with each other for this rare and singular honour.

I understand there is a section among the Maharashtra Congress men who would like to see the session held in a village. I don't know what amount of backing they will gather for this proposal in the M.P.C.C. meeting.

The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, I understand, meets here on the 22nd instant. One of the main issues before this meeting will be the fixing of the venue of the Congress session. Opinion of Pundit Jawaharlalji, who is coming here on 21st May by for weigh a good deal with the M.P.C.C. in arriving at a decision.

FIRE GUTTS ENTIRE VILLAGE

LAHORE, May 6.

A report from Kangra says that a devastating fire gutted an entire village in Nurpur Tehsil. One Hindu woman trying to save her belongings received extensive burns to which she succumbed. A large number of people were rendered homeless and helpless.—United Press.

POLICE PARADE AT NAIGAUM

Viceroy's Special Message Will Be Read By Commissioner

Elaborate arrangements are being made by the City Police in connection with the special Ceremonial Parade to be held at Naigaum on Monday May 11, at 7-45 a.m. at which the special message from His Excellency the Viceroy Lord Linlithgow, to the Police Force will be read by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

The pick of the city Police Force has been mustered to give a grand display at the Special Parade.

An additional feature will be the special arrangements that have been made to give an opportunity to the members of the public to witness the City Police Force on Parade.

The Home Member will take the salute of the March past.

The B. B. & C. I. Railway Police will also partake in the Parade.

It will be recalled that Lord Linlithgow broadcasted his message to the people of India immediately on assuming charge of his office as Viceroy and Governor-General of India. His Excellency thereafter issued special messages to the Royal Indian Marine Service, the Army in India and to the Air Force. The message which the Commissioner of Police will read on Monday to the City Police Force at the Special Parade is a message intended for the All-India Police Forces.

Similar Parades will be held all over India on Monday at which the message will be conveyed to the All-India Police Forces.

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90 joy-packed musical minutes with the world's favorite comedy team!

Stan Oliver

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Two of the following frequencies will be used:—

GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m.), GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m.), GSD 11.75 Mc|s (25.53m.).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. "A Countryman's Diary" A talk by A. G. Street.
7-45 p.m. "Alabamy Bound" A southern journey with Phyllis Scott, John Rorke and Albert King. The book by John Rorke and the music, old and new, arranged by Phyllis Scott. Presented by William MacLurg.
8-15 p.m. Programme of gramophone records.
8-30 p.m. Light music.
9-15 p.m. The Harp Trio: Tina Bonifacio (Harp); Harry Dyson (Flute); Gethyn Wykeham-George (Violoncello). (Cavatina (Raff). Harfenstandchen, Op. 20 Mostler).
9-25 p.m. The news and announcements.
9-45 p.m. Newman and his Band.

Delhi Programmes

THURSDAY: 7TH MAY.

VUD 340.136 metres, 882 kc|s.

8 a.m. Naushaba Bai of Delhi Na't.
8-10 a.m. I.B.S. Orchestra Asa.
8-20 a.m. Brindar Singh Rawat Thumri.
8-30 a.m. Lachhi Ram Khayal Babhas.
8-40 a.m. Bhai Ghulam Mohd. Dilruba—Ram kali.
8-45 a.m. Dr. B.N. Kaul Hindustani talk "Hindustan men Bekari."
9 a.m. Nawab Jan of Ambala Ghazals.
9-20 a.m. Lachhi Ram Bhajan.
9-30 a.m. Karrar Jaltarang—Desi.
9-35 a.m. Brindar Singh Rawat Ghazals.
9-45 a.m. Nawab Jan of Ambala Ghazal.
9-55 a.m. Haidar Husain Sitar—Gat Sarang.
6 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra Ghara.
6-10 p.m. Lachhi Ram Khayal Todi Mian Khan—Khayal Puria.
6-40 p.m. Brindar Singh Rawat Ghazals.
6-55 p.m. Harmonium Alman Kalian.
7-5 p.m. Lachhi Ram—Thumri & Ghazals.
7-30 p.m. Hindustani Talk "Dhuaan" Ch. Jainti Ram.
7-40 p.m. Brindar Singh Pahari Geet.
7-55 p.m. P.S. Mukerjee Sarod—Behag.
8-5 p.m. Lachhi Ram Punjabi Geet.
8-15 p.m. Naushaba Bai Ghazals.
8-30 p.m. Hem Chandar Rai "Rajputi An" (Hindustani talk).
8-45 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra "Jhutputa."
8-55 p.m. Nawab Jan of Ambala Ghazals.
9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Equality vs. Inferiority: Aruna Asaf Ali.
10 p.m. Haidar Husain Sitar—Mand.
10-10 p.m. Nawab Jan of Ambala Ghazals.
10-20 p.m. Naushaba Bai Khayal, Thumri and Bhajan.

Bombay Programmes

THURSDAY: 7TH MAY.

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s.

12 noon. Selection of Indian music.
1 p.m. Available market rates. Lunch hour selections.
5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema.
6-30 p.m. A Variety Programme. The students of Indian School of Music conducted by Prof. B. R. Deodhar.
7 p.m. Commercial news.
7-15 p.m. Instrumental solos. The students of Indian School of music.
7-35 p.m. "Who would Have Thought It." A talk in Marathi by Chandrakal A. Hate.
7-50 p.m. Duet songs Shahajan & Allabux.
8-30 p.m. News in Hindi.
8-40 p.m. Light music Tarabai of Gadag.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Book review.
10 p.m. Concert by the 2nd Bn. The Durham Light Infantry conductor Frank H. Rose, A.R.C.M.

Calcutta Programmes

THURSDAY: 7TH MAY.

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc|s.

12-36 p.m. SB A Variety Programme (recorded) from the Studio.
1-6 p.m. SB Dance music—featuring the latest dance hits. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any).
1-36 p.m. Talk on Vaishnava Literature by Pt. Hare Krishna Sahityaratna.
2-6 p.m. Recorded selections.
2-36 p.m. Kathakata by Pt. Amulya Krishna Bhattacharya.
5-36 p.m. Comic duet by Sreematy Ushabaty and Ranjit Roy.
5-46 p.m. "News from the Village" by Nripen Chatterjee.
6-6 p.m. A musical programme under the direction of Panchanan Mukherjee. Vocal music Kumari Surma Bhattachary—classical (Kheyal).
6-16 p.m. Kumari Maya Pal—light Bengali.
6-24 p.m. Kumari Gouri Rani Sen Gupta—Modern Bengali.
6-32 p.m. Kumari Rama Sircar—light Bengali.
6-40 p.m. Kumari Renubala Dey—classical (Thungri).
6-50 p.m. Kumari Purnima Dey—classical (Thungri).
7 p.m. Sj. Dhirendra Nath Ghosh—Modern Bengali.
7-16 p.m. Instrumental music Panchu Gopal Chatterjee— Seetar solo.
7-26 p.m. Vocal music (classical) Jiban Upadhyaya—Kheyal.
7-36 p.m. Instrumental music Binoy Mukherjee—Sarode solo.
7-51 p.m. SB News in English.
8-6 p.m. SB Vocal Music (Bengali) Bhabatosh Bhattacharya.
8-21 p.m. Jatadhar Pyne.
8-36 p.m. SB Instrumental music. Chhotey Khan—Sarengee solo.
8-51 p.m. SB Weather forecast, General news bulletin, Market prices, Jute and Gunny closing rates (in Bengali).
9-6 p.m. SB A Studio Concert, featuring: Con Aston in songs at the Piano and Charles Campbell and his Orchestra.
10-6 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, 2nd News bulletin, Market prices, Jute and Gunny closing rates (in English).
10-21 p.m. SB Charles Campbell and his Orchestra in Dance Numbers from the films: "The Haystack." "Top Hat," "The Rose in her Hair," "The Lady in Red," "Avalon."

BROACH STRIKERS MUST RESUME WORK

Gujarat P. C. C. Holds Municipality Was In The Right

AHMEDABAD, May 6.

A meeting of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee held this evening, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presiding, passed a resolution condemning the action of the Harijan employees of the Broach Municipality in going on strike without giving notice and urging the strikers to resume work and accept the arbitration of Mr. Amritlal Thakkar as suggested by the Broach Municipality.

The resolution added that the prosecution by the Broach Municipality of several strikers was meant to indicate the right of the Municipality to punish those who struck work without giving notice, thereby endangering the public.

Another resolution authorised the President to correspond with the Congress President with a view to arrange his tour of Gujarat after the rains.

A Committee consisting of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and three others has been appointed to prepare a report in accordance with the "Agrarian Resolution" passed at the Lucknow Congress.—A.P.

CENTRAL ADVISORY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Industrialists To Be Appointed

SIMLA, May 6.

In pursuance of the decisions to enlarge the membership of the Central Advisory Board of Education and include India and European industrialists in its personnel, "United Press" learns that Lala Shriram of Delhi, Mr. Srinivas Sastri and Mr. A. G. Clow, Secretary, Industries and Labour Department, will be nominated to the Board.

The European Chambers of Commerce are being consulted for their nominee on the Board.

REORGANISING GIRLS' EDUCATION

It is understood that a committee will shortly be constituted to report on the need of re-organisation of girls' education in India. Lady Grigg, wife of the Finance Member and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, who are members of the Central Advisory Board of Education, will be included in the Committee. Since Lady Grigg is going to England in summer, the committee may start work on her return.—United Press.

JIWANLAL GAUBA SENT TO LOCK-UP

Sequel To Misuse Of Bail

LAHORE, May 6.

Mr. Justice Din Mahomed of the Lahore High Court, gave orders to-day on the application made by the Government advocate praying for cancellation of the bail of Mr. Jiwanlal Gauba, son of Mr. Harikishenlal, Director-in-charge of the Bharat Insurance Company, in the case in which Mr. Gauba is prosecuted under section 409, in respect of a cheque for Rs. 19,000.

His Lordship upheld the contention of the petitioner that Mr. Gauba abused the liberty and misused the opportunity of being released on bail and tried to tamper with the witnesses. The bail was therefore cancelled and Gauba was sent to the Judicial lock-up.—United Press.

Quetta Salvage Progress

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 4.

Information has been received from Quetta that, in the course of clearance from the 1st to 18th April, 69 houses were salvaged and property valued Rs. 9201 was recovered, bringing the grand total upto Rs. 57,78,319. 39 dead bodies were recovered from the city from the 12th to 18th April, bringing the total to 8283.

The money spent on the Karezes Water Mills, etc., for the period from the 13th to 19th April is Rs. 3090/8 bringing the grand total to Rs. 102,079/9/8.

RELIEF.

The relief sanctioned during the period from the 18th to the 23rd April, amounted to Rs. 31,869/15/6 and the payments sanctioned during the same period amounted to Rs. 8,808/14. The total relief sanctioned upto the 23rd amounted to Rs. 3.57,223/6/9, of which, payments to the extent of Rs. 3,03,257/9/6 have been made. The latter amount does not include figures of allotment and expenditure on rural reconstruction or relief of Kalat State.

The total number of cases in which relief has been extended to sufferers is as follows:—

Upto 17th April, 3,284 and from 18th to 23rd April 55, total 3,339. The number of persons accommodated in the Brewery Camp on the 20th April was 535. Free rations have now been stopped.

Miss Perin Jamshedji Mistri is the first Indian lady to secure Govt. diploma in architecture.

BHULABHAI TO ARBITRATE

Dispute Our Electric Supply To Vile Parle

(From Our Own Correspondent)

VILE PARLE (By Mail)

The negotiations between the Bombay Suburban Electric Supply Company and the local Municipality have reached such a delicate stage, when to arrive at a fruitful understanding all the resourcefulness and careful handling on the part of the contracting parties are required to be brought to bear on the solution of the problem.

CAUSES OF THE DISPUTE

It will be remembered that the dispute between the two parties has arisen over the elimination of the fixed charges levied by the company which unanimously have been condemned as exacting. At first the company was unwilling to yield even an iota of ground taken up by them and gave little attention to all the proposals emanating from the municipality. But when the latter body decided to invite tenders for their scheme of patromax lighting the Electric Supply Company Directors atonce condescended to negotiate and examine the claims of municipality to the elimination of fixed charges and having only the flat rates. They therefore proposed that the period of the present agreement be extended to September 30th giving the benefit of the revised rates to the extended period of three months also.

SOME APPREHENSIONS

When this suggestion came before the special meeting of the Vile Parle Municipality on Sunday the 3rd inst. presided over by Mr. Caesar de'Mello, some of the councillors openly voiced their apprehension that the suggestion was only designed to exhaust and wear out the opposition of the Municipality and force a new agreement in mid monsoon, because at that time the Municipality would be helpless to evolve any scheme of street lighting. Although there may not be sufficient ground for such apprehension the resolution that was unanimously passed put the Municipality in a safer position in so far as it definitely shows that the councillors do not desire to precipitate the crisis nor do they work in a fit of heroics.

THE DEMAND.

The resolution that the Municipality passed asks the Company to extend the period from September 30th to December 31st and leave the question of rates to be charged for the period of extention to an arbitration of Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai. In the event of failure on the part of the Electric Supply Company to accept this proposal by 15th May the lighting committee should proceed forthwith their Patromax Scheme.

MUSLIM MISSIONARIES IN NASIK

Efforts To Convert Local Harijans

NASIK, (By Mail.)

Efforts are being made by a batch of Mullas belonging to the Anjuman-e-Tabligul-Islam to convert the local Harijans to Mohomedanism. For a week now they have been busy giving lectures in the Harijan quarters inviting the people to embrace Islam. Thousands of leaflets in Marathi have been distributed pointing out the benefits the Harijans would derive if they became Mohomedans.

Several of their meetings were attended by local Ambedkarites who informed the Muslim missionaries that no decision has been taken by the Depressed Classes as to what religion the latter should embrace and that the whole affair was left for Dr. Ambedkar to decide.—A.P.

LAHORE May 6—Arguments concluded in the sensational Shahidganj Case, and Mr. Sale, Sessions Judge, reserved his judgment.—United Press.

CHOLERA RISK FROM THANESAR

Warning To Pilgrims: Preventive Measures

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

The next Sun Eclipse Fair at Thanesar which is attended by pilgrims from all parts of India falls due on June 19. There is every possibility of the introduction of infection of cholera in this Presidency through the returning pilgrims, if due precautions are not taken. The Assistant Directors of Public Health, and specially those who have important pilgrim centres in their charges, have arranged to provide proper safeguards in consultation with the local authorities.

The Director of Public Health is of opinion that if, with the help and co-operation of local authorities, arrangements could be made, particularly at pilgrim centres, to maintain a list of persons who are going to Thanesar for this festival, to keep them under observation for seven days on their return and to report the first case of cholera occurring among them to the Assistant Director concerned by wire, it would go a long way in checking the spread of the disease, should it break out among the returning pilgrims. Detection of early cases and prompt preventive measures will stop the spread of cholera even if the returning pilgrims bring the infection.

The Director of Public Health, Punjab, has been requested to intimate any case of cholera occurring among pilgrims from this Presidency by wire.

It would be an additional safeguard and a very necessary one too, if the pilgrims proceeding to Thanesar could be induced to get themselves inoculated against cholera. Facilities are being provided, for inoculating intending pilgrims at Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries in pilgrim Centres.

"Illogical"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The managing committee of the Bombay Taxi-Drivers' Union has sent a letter to the Police Commissioner, in which they say, it is understood, that his order is absolutely inadvertant and illogical.

The Union fears that matters would reach a climax if the Commissioner were to get cars passed not according to the strength and efficiency of the machine, but with an eye on the tariff.

Mr. S.H. Jhabvalla, Secretary of the Union, appeared before the Registrar this morning with a view to getting the flags to be displayed on the four-anna taxi-registered.

CHESTER CUP RACE

"Cho Sen" Wins By Neck

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 6.

The Chester Cup race run at Chester over a distance two miles two furlongs resulted as follows:—

CHO SEN (Dines) FIRST.
GUISCARD (Perryman) SECOND
Jesmond Dene (Steve Donaghue) THIRD.

Thirteen ran. Won by a neck. Four lengths separated second and third.

Winner trained by Higgs.

Betting: 100/7 CHO SEN, 100/9 GUISCARD, 10/1 Jesmond Dene.

Zemindary Kutchery Relieved Of Rs. 30,000

PATNA, May 5.

Report of a daring dacoity is received here from Arrah. It appears that just after nightfall the dacoits numbering about 100 raided the Zemindary "kutchery" at Soni and after having terrified the inmates looted valuables worth about Rs. 36,000.

The people of the locality who came to resist were badly assaulted and some of them are lying in hospital in a precarious condition. —United Press.

Nasik Peasants To Confer

DEOLALI, (By Mail.)

Several preliminary conferences of villagers of Kalvan and Baglan were held with a view to organise the peasants for the district peasants conference to be held this month-end.

The conference will be held at Satnna, in the Baglan Taluka and will consider the special problems of the agriculturists. The conference, according to the promoters, will appoint a competent committee to enquire into agricultural indebtedness and formulate the agriculturists' demands.—A.P.

Britain intends to give early notice to terminate the Anglo-Argentine trade agreement in order to obtain complete freedom for negotiating fresh agreements not only with the Argentine but with the Dominions, says Reuter's lobby correspondent.

Help Kidneys

If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists, or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

ONE WAY ONLY TO END ASTHMA IN 10 MINUTES

HAY FEVER · BRONCHIAL ASTHMA
BRONCHITIS · CHRONIC COUGHS

There is ONE and only ONE remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever. There is only ONE such remedy approved by the Highest Medical Authority. There is only ONE remedy that will break up an attack in 10 MINUTES. That remedy is "Ephazone." In 10 MINUTES "Ephazone" restores to normal condition a gasping, choking patient, fighting for breath, twisting and turning in agony, watering from the eyes and nose. In 10 MINUTES "Ephazone" restores easy, natural breathing; ends that watering from the eyes and nose and delivers a tortured mind and body from the terrible grip of Asthma and Hay Fever. "Ephazone" and "Ephazone" only can accomplish this modern miracle. No remedy is so safe, so swift or so sure as "Ephazone." No remedy but "Ephazone" offers the Asthma and Hay Fever sufferer a sound night's rest.

Life-Long Asthma Ended in 5 Minutes

"I must say that 'Ephazone' Tablets are the most wonderful things I have ever taken for Asthma. I have had it all my life-time (age 46) and have tried everything. I took one as directed and felt better in 5 minutes. I might say at the time I had a cold and most awful cough which 3 tablets quite put away."—H.L.

NOTE.—Ephazone is acknowledged by the Highest Medical Authority... Approved by the National Health Insurance (Gt. Britain) Scheme for Panel Patients; used in 600 leading hospitals and by 12,000 doctors.

EPHAZONE ENDS ASTHMA IN 10 MINUTES

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET NOW. Containing further convincing proof of the amazing efficacy of "Ephazone" in all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis and other Lung and Chest disorders. Write NOW to P.O.Box 258, Bombay.

Insist on "EPHAZONE." Each carton is sealed with Red Seal bearing Trade Mark as illustrated above. "Ephazone" is sold at Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10. For trial size send As. 8 in stamps to: K. L. MARKER, Standard Building, Hornby Road, P. O. Box, 258, Bombay.

BETTER BREEZE at HALF the COST

The India Fan

Over 30,000 India Fans already in use in different parts of India which is sufficient proof of high quality of our fans.

On I. S. D. Annual Running Contract Since last 8 years.

EFFICIENT and ECONOMICAL

An Entirely INDIAN PRODUCT

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THE SAME HIGH QUALITY IN EVERY CIGARETTE

"SCISSORS"

They contain the same renowned quality that has made and still makes "SCISSORS" the most popular Cigarette in India. Cheaper brands are available but they haven't got the SCISSORS QUALITY.

Say SCISSORS

W.D & H.O.WILLS

8/82.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 1, 1992
Muslim: Safar 15, 1354
Parsi: Adar 4, 1305
Hightide: —; 12-48
Lowtide: 5-56 18-41
Sunrise: 6h 8m
Sunset: 7h 3m

Results of B.Sc., and Third M.B.B.S. Examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.
Municipal Schools Committee 5-40 p.m.
Parliament of Religions, Sir S. Radhakrishnan presiding, C. J. Hall, 6-15 p.m.

Friday, May 8.

S. S. 'Cathay' with English mails of April 23 due at 2 a.m.
Parliament of Religions, Sir S. Radhakrishnan presiding, C. J. Hall, 6-15 p.m.
Meeting of the Progressive Group: Mr. R. von Leyden will read a paper on "East and West in the World's History of Art," Green's Hotel, 6-30 p.m.

Saturday, May 9.

S. S. 'Strathaird', with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.

Parliament of Religions, Sir S. Radhakrishnan presiding, C. J. Hall, 6-15 p.m.

Monday, May 11.

Results of F.E., S.E. (civil, mechanical and Electrical), B.E. (Civil Mechanical and Electrical) and B.Sc., (Technical) Examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Girl Friend" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Under Pressure." Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR—"She Shall have Music" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Prince of Thieves" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Madam Fashion". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Rajput Ramani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PLAZA—"Dark Angel" Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

PATHE—"Anything Goes" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE—"A Night at the Opera." Time as usual.

REGAL—Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Forbidden-Bride" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"Broadway Hostess" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SUPER—"Hoore Samandar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"My Beloved" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EDWARD—"The Law of the Wild" Time as usual.

PRABHURAM AYURVEDIC COLLEGE.

Dr. POPAT UNIVERSITY OF AYURVED

Ref. No. 542 of 1933.

The Lectures and Tuition Classes of UFAVAIDYA, RASAVAIDYA, BHISHAK and BHISHAGVAR and GRADUATE of the PRABHURAM AYURVEDIC COLLEGE courses for male and female students and PARICHARIKA (Nurse) and SAVIKA (Midwife) classes for females only, will begin on MONDAY, the 1st June, 1936. Students wishing to be admitted should see the Secretary and do so before Saturday, the 30th May.

Students who having studied outside wish to appear for examinations of the College conducted by the D. P. University of Ayurved should Register their names in the University with the name of the Institution or teacher under whom they studied and the time when they began their studies.

The VAIDYAVARA and ACHARYA tests for Scientific Ayurvedic Practitioners who may be in need of recognition will be taken by the Board on a date fixed at least a month after receiving the application. For further information order the Hand Book of the College-University.

B. O.
PRATAPKUMAR VAIDYA,
G.P.A.C., Secretary.
5th May, 1936.
College-University Office,
Bhuleshwar, Bombay.

PHILOSOPHY OF RADHAKRISHNAN

Nyaya-Ratna Prof. Dhundiraj Shastri Vinod will deliver an address on "Philosophy of Radhakrishnan" at Govardhan Sanstha, Khetwadi Main Road, to-day (Thursday) at 9-30 a.m.

T. U. C. PROPAGANDA

Under the auspices of the Reception Committeee two propaganda will be held to-day one at Naigam at 5-30 p.m. and the other at Ghagachi Wadi, Bhoiwada, at 8-30 p.m. to explain to the workers the significance of the forthcoming Session of the T. U. C.

GIRNI KAMGAR UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Union will be held in the Union Office to-day at 9 p.m. to pass monthly accounts elect the Unions representatives on T. U. C. executive and delegates to the open Session and to consider the agenda of the Trade Union Congress Session.

THE EXCELSIOR

THREE SHOWS DAILY
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Positively For One Week Only
JACK HYLTON
and his
BAND
with
JUNE CLYDE
in
"SHE SHALL HAVE MUSIC"
A RIOT OF LAUGHTER
SONG AND MUSIC
in
A Film You Will Never Forget
A Twickenham Production

LAST 2 DAYS
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW ONLY!
SIMULTANEOUSLY AT
Regal AND Capitol
Daily 3 Shows
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
(to cope with the rush!)

PRICES:
4 P. M. :-
Rs. 2-4; 1-2; As. 9 and As. 4.
6-30 & 10 P.M.:—
Rs. 3-6; Rs. 2-4; Re. 1-2 and As. 9.
FREE LIST SUSPENDED

Bombay's Sympathy For Abyssinia

MEETING AT CONGRESS HOUSE ON SATURDAY

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. write:—

In pursuance of the instructions issued by the Congress President, the "Abyssinia Day" will be observed in the city of Bombay on Saturday, the 9th May.

Under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. there will be a public meeting on this day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the new Hall of the B.P.C.C. (Congress House) where prominent citizens will address and a resolution of sympathy for the brave Abyssinian people will be passed.

"SUBHAS DAY" IN BOMBAY

Mass Meeting To Be Held At Chaupatty On Sunday

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. write:

Under instructions from the President of the Indian National Congress, the B.P.C.C. has decided to observe Sunday, May 10, as the "Babu Subash Chandra Bose Day" both with a view to honour the great patriot and to protest against his arrest and continued detention in jail.

Under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. and several other institutions, there will be a mass meeting on Chowpatty Sands at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on that day. Sjt. K. F. Nariman, President of the B. P. C. C., will preside and prominent leaders will address the meeting. The resolutions passed by the Lucknow Congress on Subash Babu's arrest and suppression of Civil Liberties will be endorsed at the meeting.

Representative Institutions desiring to take part in the said meeting should kindly write to the office of the B.P.C.C. to enable us to prepare the final programme.

PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO BOMBAY

B. P. C. C. Plans To Give Him Fitting Reception

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. have issued the following statement:—

The citizens of Bombay are by now aware that Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress, is arriving in Bombay on Friday, the 15th of May and will be staying here for five or six days. The B.P.C.C. has arranged to give a right-royal reception to our Congress President. The detailed programme both of the reception and his stay in the city will be published in a few days after it is confirmed by Pt. Jawaharlal himself. Of course there will be many persons and numerous institutions desiring to have interviews with the Congress President and do honour to him in a number of ways. We have to request these persons and institutions to immediately correspond with the office of the B.P.C.C. to avoid conflict and over-lapping in the various items of his programme. The institutions should take care not to announce any programme unless it is agreed to by the B.P.C.C.

President's Poona Programme

(From Our Correspondent).
POONA, May 6.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who is paying a short visit to Poona on the 21st instant, will, it is understood, reach Poona in the morning and leave the same night.

The City Congress Committee is meeting to-day to draw up a programme for Panditji's visit. It is hoped, however, that Pandit Jawaharlal will address here two public meetings—one in the Cantonment probably in the morning and another in the City on the Shanwar Wada maidan in the evening. The rest of the time will be utilised by the Pandit in having talks with local and provincial Congressmen.

Pandit Jawaharlal will probably stay with Mr. N. V. Gadgil.

President To Visit Nasik

NASIK, (By Mail.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru has consented to pay Nasik, it is understood, a flying visit when he visits Bombay. Arrangements are being made here to accord the Congress President a fitting welcome.—A.P.

PRESIDENT TO VISIT AKOLA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is to visit Akola between 20th and 21th May on his way to Allahabad from Bombay. His definite date of reaching Akola will be fixed while he is in Bombay. He will be for a day at Akola.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Have you booked your ticket for that educational cruise I told you about on Monday well if you have not read my columns on that day you could note that Dr. Paul Mendes well-known for organising cruises has organised an educational cruise to Bassein on Sunday 10th May.

The chartered S.S. "Hiravati" will leave the Ferry Wharf at 9 A.M. and will sail into the suburbs showing you the suburban charms by sea...Would not that be a swell idea?

I am told loud speakers are to be installed and description of different places is to be given by one who has gone deep into their history and that's not all, good music, good catering and a very busy programme right up to 8 P. M. has been arranged. So here is your opportunity to study the suburbs about which so much is said these days.

BANDRA'S BIG SHOW.

Last year Bombay held a Manufacturers' Industrial Exhibition. Now I am told the suburbs are to have it and it is going to be an exhibition of all sorts of industrial goods with a programme of amusements.

This show I am told is going to be the biggest attraction of the day and the first of its kind in the suburbs and promises to be both an enjoyable and as an educational one, so do not forget to take your kiddies along with you by the way I must tell you that this show is to be opened by Mr. Leo Rodrigues Administrator-General to the Government of Bombay on Saturday at 5 P.M. and is to last right up to the 28th of this month opening daily from 5 to 12 A.M.

PARLIAMENT OF RELIGIONS MEETS

PLATFORM FOR INTER-COMMUNAL AMITY

Sir Sarvapalli. Radhakrishnan, President-elect of the Parliament, arrives to-day (Thursday) by the Madras Express. The proceedings will commence the same day, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6-15 p.m., with devotional songs by Mrs. Freany Cama and prayer by Swami Vishwananda. This will be followed by the speech of the Chairman of the Reception Committee (M. R. Jayakar), the presidential address and lectures on Zoroastrianism by Dastur Nosherwan Kaikobad, High Priest, Deccan and Malwa.

The members of the Reception Committee extend cordial invitation to all citizens of Bombay and request men and women of all communities to avail themselves of this unique opportunity of meeting on a common platform for establishing brotherliness amongst themselves and promoting inter-communal amity.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Iwatesan Maru' left Miike on May 1 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 25 via usual ports.

The O S K steamer 'Karachi Maru' left Miike on May 3 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 28 via usual ports.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. F. Low lunched at Government House on Wednesday.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. 'Karanja' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 13th instant.

Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

VIDARBHA PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE MEETING

A meeting of Vidarbha Provincial Congress Committee will be held at Akola in Rajasthan Bhawan on Thursday (14th instant) at 2 p.m. to transact the following business: 1. Resolutions of the Lucknow Congress. 2. Amendments to the Provincial Constitution in view of the changes in the All-India Constitution at Lucknow. 3. Election of 3 members on All-India Congress Committee. 4. Election of 17 members on Provincial Congress Committee. 5. Elections to the Council of State.

G. I. P. RAILWAY WORKERS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union, a meeting of the G. I. P. Railway workers will be held to-day, (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m. at the open maidan near Parel Station of the G. I. P. Railway. Messrs. Khedgikar, Zulmiram Chowdhery, Charles, Vaidya, Pathak and other will speak. Delegates for the annual session of the All-India Trade Union Congress will be elected in this meeting.

REMEDY FOR WORLD'S ILLS

Madame Wadia On Efficacy Of Buddha's Gospel

Let the Buddha Society spread the light of Buddhism more and more so that it shall heal not only the poor of their misery, but also cure the rich of their selfishness said Madame Sophia Wadia, presiding over the Buddha Jayanti celebrations, held on Wednesday evening at the 'Ananda Vihara' B.Y.L. Nair Hospital compound.

The Secretary, Mr. K. A. Padhye, gave an account of the founding of the Buddha Society in 1922 by Dr. Nair at the instance of the late Mr. Narottam Morarji and others. Giving the history of the Society he referred to a great open air meeting held at Juhu in 1923, when Gandhiji presided and the late Deshbandhu Das attended.

Madame Sophia Wadia in her eloquent presidential address spoke of the Life and teachings of Lord Buddha. She said Buddha had everything that a prince could command and he consecrated everything he had possessed for the salvation of humanity. The war weary world stands, in great need of his gospel, the spiritual light of which alone can heal the wounds of all nations and individuals concluded Mrs. Wadia.

Dr. Venkatrao proposed a vote of thanks and the celebrations terminated with puja.

Schools' Committee's Acting Secretary

The Bombay Municipal Standing Committee at its meeting on Wednesday sanctioned leave to Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Secretary of the Municipal Schools' Committee, for two months from May 14 next (or such later date as may suit him).

Mr. N. G. Limaye, Superintendent of the Municipal Marathi Boys' Schools, will act in Mr. Parulekar's place. He has acted as Secretary in the past, and will receive the minimum salary, Rs. 500 per month and conveyance allowance of Rs. 160.

BOMBAY'S CONTRIBUTION TO RAMKRISHNA CENTENARY

Swami Sambuddhananda, Ramakrishna Centenary, Calcutta, writes:—

In response to the appeal of the Sri Ramakrishna Centenary we are glad to announce that a Parsi friend of Bombay has contributed Rs. 2,000: a Parsi Sympathiser of Poona Rs. 1,000; the Seeds Traders' Association Rs. 1,001; the Grain Merchants' Association Rs. 1,001; and the Sheriff of Bombay and some other distinguished citizens have also contributed their quota a list of which will shortly follow.

We hope, the other Associations as well the citizens of Bombay will not fail to respond to the call of the mighty minds of the East and West and make the event a great success by their moral and material support.

BOMBAY'S NEW CLUB AT BALLARD ESTATE

A correspondent writes:—

"The office-going population of the Ballard Estate and surroundings will have an agreeable feature in their midst shortly, in that a first rate institution by name the Century Club is proposed to be started in the near future. The main object of the Club is to cater to members certain essential amenities by way of indoor games, Reading Room and of course wholesome tiffin. The organization aims to lay the foundations for a modern club with opportunities for intercourse and as such will be a distinctive departure to the order (disorder?) of things as prevailing at present for the middle class public.

At a preliminary meeting of sympathisers held last Saturday at the Modern Hindu Hotel, it was decided to have the Club registered under the Co-operative Act, and restrict the number of members to 100. In view of this limit, the prospective members will be well advised to enquire at the Modern Hindu Hotel, Frere Road and ensure enrolment early."

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

In pursuance of a requisition received, under Section 36 (d) of the Municipal Act, for calling a special meeting of the Corporation to consider the question of establishing 3 Arts academy in the City and providing a plot of land for a building therefor, a special meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday (14th instant) at 3-30 p.m. (B T.).

PARMANAND ESSAY PRIZE

Bombay University Parmanand Essay Prize of Rs. 200. is awarded to Satish (formerly Shankar) D. Kalelkar B.A. (Hons.) the eldest son of Kaka Kalelkar. The competition was open to the students of all the five colleges affiliated to the Bombay University. The subject of the essay was "The Social Life and Conditions as reflected in the folk-songs of Gujarat."

Mr. Kalelkar is at present reading for his B.A. (Honours) degree course in Modern Greats at Oxford. He is a student of the Hertford College. He has passed the first part of his examination in first class.

FREE DISPENSARY

The total attendance during the month of April was 1,407 out of whom 836 were males and 571 were females.

PALWADA AUDICHYA YUVAK CONFERENCE

The sixth sessions of the above body will be held on the 17th and 18th instant at Valod. Mr. Dhimanrai Hargovind Vyas has been elected president.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

Five Rupee Franchise

Once again the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be considering within the next few days the desirability of reducing the municipal franchise from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5/-. This proposal has come up for discussion before the Corporation many times and every time it has been turned down. But the latest attempt, which is sponsored by Dr. Sorab Mehta, will in all probability succeed, especially in view of the revision, undertaken by the Bombay Government, of the Electoral Roll in accordance with the new Constitution which entitles any person paying Rs. 5/- as rent to vote for the Bombay Legislative Assembly. One of the main arguments against reducing the franchise had been the undesirability of having two electoral rolls, one for Rs. 10 and the other, the municipal electoral roll, of those paying only Rs. 5/-. That argument does not hold good any longer. Since there is no possibility of the proposal meeting with any opposition worth the name, practically all the workers in the city, most of whom are paying rents ranging from Rs. 5/- to Rs. 10/-, will be enfranchised. This reduction in franchise will mean a sub-division of the different wards and redistribution of the seats from each ward, if the Municipal Commissioner's suggestion is accepted in this connection. The reduction will enfranchise nearly double the number of the present voters or nearly one-third of the population in the City. It is certainly a welcome move and there is no doubt that it will be carried by a huge majority.

Indian Soft Coke

The Indian Soft Coke Cess Committee has published a Gujarati booklet showing the work done by it till December 1934. It contains interesting statistics giving figures of production and consumption with prices. The booklet contains a complete list of all manufactures together with reports received from numerous people who have used coke with great advantage. It will be found useful to Gujarati-reading public.

ABOLISH "PALI" SYSTEM

Municipal Workers' Deputation To Meet Dy. City Engineer

The Secretary of the Municipal Workers Union writes:

A public meeting of the Municipal workers was held under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union on Tuesday last at Foras Road Gardens Mr. Jhabvala being in the chair.

The meeting started with a speech by Mr. V. B. Karnik who read out a few cases that were placed before the Mechanical Engineer and explained as to how the authorities and even the Municipal Commissioner did not pay any attention towards the legitimate complaints of the Municipal workers. He also said that the Health Department drivers and cleaners are given no protection in cases of accidents and the damage caused to the lorries is being recovered from them fully.

Mr. B. V. Deshpande then spoke. He mainly pointed out the case of Steam Roller drivers and firemen who are given one month's compulsory "Pali" without showing any good reason and said that a deputation of the drivers and firemen will go to meet the Deputy City Engineer on Thursday the 7th instant at 2 p.m. (B. T.) Mr Karnik then spoke about the ensuing session of the All-India Trade Union Congress and requested the workers to join it in all their strength.

Messrs. Nimbkar, Savant, Esmail Mamdu Abdul Satar and others spoke.

TATA IRON AND STEEL

Directors' Recommendation Of Dividends For Past Year

BOMBAY, May 6.

The Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, have issued the following statement regarding dividends for the year ending 31st March, 1936:—

The Directors of the Company have decided to recommend to the Annual General meeting the payment of the following dividends to the shareholders for the year ending 31st March 1936:—

(a) On First Preference shares at Rs. 9 per share less income-tax;

(b) On Second Preference shares—

(1) at Rs. 14 per share less income-tax;

(2) at Rs. 3/8 per share additional under the scheme sanctioned by the High Court and embodied in Article 133 of the Company's Articles of Association, less income-tax;

(c) On ordinary shares at Rs. 6 per share;

(d) On deferred shares at Rs. 7/8 per share.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION

New Rules For Building

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

In continuation of Press Note No. 4340/27-W, dated 17th October, 1935, and the layout plan and building rules published with that note as modified by Press Note No. 4340/27-W. dated 5th February, 1936, it is notified for general information that Government, acting on the recommendations of the Standing Advisory and Traffic Committees for the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme recorded at a joint meeting of the Committees held on the 30th March, 1936, have decided that:

(a) the overall width of the Marine Drive shall be 140 feet instead of 200 feet as previously announced, and

(b) in general, all building plots in the Back Bay Reclamation area shall have minimum open spaces 20 feet wide on all four sides, i.e. in general the buildings to be constructed in future will be at least 40 feet apart.

A revised up-to-date lay-out plan and revised building rules embodying the above modifications and such others as may be decided upon hereafter as the result of the further recommendations made by the Standing Advisory and Traffic Committees for the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme at their joint meetings held on the 30th March 1936 and 15th April 1936, will be published in due course.

What is the Magnificent Obsession? Is it conquering despair? Is it rising above defeat? Is it caring for a woman more than life? Is it love? . . . . Is it more than any of these . . . greater than all?

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1936

WHAT NEXT?

Signor Mussolini has reasons to speak, as he does now, in the proud accents of a conqueror, who, drunk with brutal victory, thinks he can exact his terms and complacently defy the world that pretended to oppose him. He has taken full measure of the so-called world Opposition. He knows that the "bitter humiliation" will be cheerfully swallowed and he also knows that international cowardice and hypocrisy which have helped him to secure his victory with poison gas and liquid fire will not dare to desert him now after the main fight is over. For, the European problem remains where it was and Signor Mussolini can still demand his price which the French will pay with the consent—however disguised as sanctimonious protestation— of Great Britain.

"Civilisation" Triumphs

He has, therefore, defiantly announced "to the Italians and to the world", not only "that the war is finished", but also

"that Ethiopia is Italian by right because it has been occupied with the sword of Rome and a civilisation which triumphed over barbarism. We are ready to defend our victory with the same determination with which we have won it and we feel that we are interpreting the will of the fighters in Africa."

The civilisation which, through the blackest of black treacheries to Abyssinia and to its own word of honour, allowed "civilised" Italy to triumph over "barbarism" by savage and hideous methods, cannot be expected to refuse entirely to acknowledge Italy's "right". Indeed, it will not. The latest report from Geneva says:

"Baron Aloisi is expected to claim that as there is no Ethiopian Government there is no Ethiopia. This will be tantamount to asking the (League) Council (which meets next week) to recognise the Italian victory and raise the question in an acute form. *It is impossible that the Council will do anything drastic and it is anticipated that some middle course will have to be found.*" (our italics).

Baldwin's "Humiliation"

It is not, we fear, impossible to guess what that "middle course" will probably be. The League Powers concerned, having finally betrayed Abyssinia and given short shrift to their own international conscience—if it ever really existed—will now try to find "a formula, taking into account," as a competent authority is reported to have suggested so honourably and honestly, "military realities and the juridical position". We do not believe Britain will agree to "an Italian protectorate over Abyssinia," although the suggestion as much by itself as by lending moral support to Italy does extreme honour to France as a member of the League of Nations. British interests—and they are vital too!—will not be safe for any length of time in spite of Signor Mussolini's latest assurances which may even be temporarily genuine since he would obviously need peace and time to consolidate his "victory" in Abyssinia. Britain will, therefore, urge either the Hoare-Laval Plan, or, failing that, make a desperate effort to revive the secret treaty of 1925 whereby Abyssinia was divided into three zones of influence, predominantly Italian but also British and French. This will, in itself constitute a repellant commentary on Mr. Baldwin's "bitter humiliation." But what if Italy refused to accept any compromise? Would Mr. Baldwin continue to be just bitterly humiliated?

Racial Discrimination

The British Tory Press is mighty pleased with the new system of recruitment for the Indian Civil Service announced by Government a few days ago. It has reason to be pleased, for the new system is one more special attraction to the British would-be Civilians, helping them to get in by the back door of nomination when they cannot by the front door of the competitive examination. Despite the decision of 1925, so unfair to Indians, to restrict their recruitment to only 50 per cent. of the total number to be recruited, they did so well and in such large numbers at the London examination that Government were compelled by the statutory requirement that candidates shoud be appointed "according to the order of their proficiency as shown by their examination" to admit more Indians than Britishers. For instance out of 30 recruited in London in 1932-33, there were 14 Europeans and 16 Indians; In 1933-34 the proportion was 17 Europeans and 18 Indians; In 1934-35 it was 13 Europeans and 13 Indians; and in 1935-36 only 5 Europeans and 15 Indians. It should be noted that the shortage of Europeans—from the point of view of the fifty-fifty basis—was due not merely to the supposed unpopularity of the Indian Service but also to the merit of Indians, who stood higher than many Europeans among the successful candidates.

Under the out-going Constitution the Secretary of State is bound by the results of the open competitive examination. Under the new "reformed" Constitution, however, he is under no such obligation. Section 244 of the new Act vests him with practically unrestricted authority to recruit men to the principal services "until Parliament otherwise determines". Parliament will not be in any haste to determine otherwise when the Secretary of State's autocratic powers suit Britishers so admirably. It is in pursuance of this Section that the Secretary of State has devised the new system, which will come into force together with that Section.

The net result of the new system will be that if the open competitive examination in London does not secure a sufficient number of Europeans for the fifty-fifty basis, the deficit will be made good by nomination, while on the other hand the number of Indians allowed to appear for the examination in England will be rigorously restricted, to only six in 1940 and after. Thus merit will be subordinated to racial considerations. The worst result of the new system will be that the progress of Indianisation will stop indefinitely at this hurdle of a fifty-fifty basis, the proportion being kept up by an unfair discrimination against Indians. That basis was perhaps fair to Indians fifteen years ago, when the number of Indians that could come up to the requisite competitive standard was small. But now there is no valid reason why a single post in the Indian administration should be reserved for non-Indians.

The Other Side

Baroda is so much praised by ill-informed people as a progressive State that Dr. Sumant Mehta has done a service, as President of the annual session of the Baroda Praja Mandal at Kathor, by drawing pointed attention to the other side of the shield. It is certainly amazing to be told that after 33 years of free and compulsory education, only 224 women are literate amongst 1,87,415 Thakardas in the State. It is even more amazing to be told that the white Gandhi cap is taboo at official functions. We have ourselves often pointed out that from the constitutional point of view Baroda is anything but progressive. However, the pertinent point now is how things are to be mended; and Dr. Mehta has clinched the point by calling upon the people to organise themselves to agitate for their rights rather than wait passively for boons from the Maharaja.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleaning From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent.)

According to a traveller, Vienna to-day is more prosperous than it has been at any time since the war. Sanctions, to which Austria refused to subscribe, have brought trade to the Viennese merchants.

"If only the war can last," is today the cry of every Viennese. The Italian Chamber of Commerce does good business with certain British firms who seek to get their goods into Italy through Austria. Outwardly Vienna is Italianised. No book which refers to Austrian victories over Italy in the Great War is allowed to be sold. No Austrian is allowed to know that Italy sponsored Abyssinia's entry into the League.

Yet the population is ungrateful to its Italian-subsidised rulers. Almost everyone under the age of fifty is a secret Nazi sympathiser. Prince Starhemberg is disliked, and the popularity of Herr Schuschnigg can be gauged by the following story:

The Chancellor is shaving. Suddenly he stops and looks intently into his mirror. "Have you cut yourself?" says his anxious secretary. "No," he answers sadly. "I am just taking a good look at my only supporter."

* * * *

According to another source, Prince Starhemberg is at loggerheads with Dr. Schuschnigg over the new conscription law. The Heimwehr, since its inception, has virtually been Prince Starhemberg's private army. The new law aims at its gradual incorporation in the Regular Army. Under conscription the old military ranks regain their validity. Most of the Heimwehr leaders were comparatively junior officers at the end of the War, and would be now considerably behind their Regular contemporaries.

Prince Starhemberg himself who was invalidated home at the age of 18 from the Piave, was only a second lieutenant. The differences between the Vice-Chancellor and the Chancellor on conscription and the new *rapprochement* with Czechoslovakia find reflection in the Press. The Prince has hardly been mentioned in the last two or three months. Nor has he taken part in any public function. He has been spending his semi-retirement ski-ing in the Arlberg. But he is an expert and has at least been enjoying himself.

* * * *

A few weeks ago there was a talk in European countries about the bad translation of Hitler's recent proposals and the curious phraseology employed. Through an important German, who has made a close study of the original text of the German Dictator's communique to the Locarno Powers, which caused the row over the word "Aisbald," it can now be said that the phraseology of the original contains many curiosities too.

Hitler has behind him a sort of "Brain Trust" of men who have evolved a political philosophy called "Geo-Politics." These men are General Haushofer, Prof. Schmitt, Prof. Banse and Herr Rudolf Hess. They employ what they call a "military-geographical technical language," which has a meaning of its own. Hitler's note is written in this language. To it belongs, for example, the "symbolic" occupation of the Rhineland."

Other words should be noted. There is the distinction drawn between the German Reich and the German "nation." The Reich is that part of the German people within the present German frontiers. The "nation" includes the Germans beyond the frontiers of the Reich. Hitler's new Reichstag is a symbol of the unity of Hitler with the will of the German "nation"; hence the bringing in of Nazi voters and deputies from Austria, Czecho-Slovakia and Danzig. There are a number of Nazi laws in force which extend to Germans living outside the Reich, and Hitler's object evidently is to create a juridical basis for "legal" action in future among Germans abroad.

* * * *

Spain's largest diamond will be portrayed in the exhibition of water colours of Jerez de la Frontera by George Taylor Nicholson, which was opened by Sir Charle Petrie. It is part of the crown of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, one of the most venerated statues in Spain. The crown is worth more than £ 100,000 and is set with hundreds of precious stones—diamonds, rubies, sapphires and emeralds. These were given from their personal jewellery by the women of Andalusia. The statue was crowned in 1929 by King Alfonso. Since the revolution it has emerged only once from the bank—to be painted by Mr. Nicholson.

The diamond is between the brows of the statue. The "de la Frontera" of Jerez often puzzles

(Continued on Page 8)

The Right And The Left

The Pace Of Progress And The Nature Of The National Struggle Must Be Determined By Actual Conditions In The Country And Not By Bookish Theories

By K. F. NARIMAN II

Normally there are fundamental differences in policies, principles and mentalities between the Right and the Left-wing of a political party. For instance, such a difference exists between those who believe in Constitutional methods alone and are always opposed to direct action in any circumstances or in any shape or form. Similar difference is also noticeable in the political goal of Dominion Status and Complete Independence. In such cases, the distinction between a Reformist and Revolutionary, would to some extent be justified. But we may raise a mild protest against assigning an inferior status of a 'Reformist' to such a veteran and radical leader as Rajendra Babu, and his equally tried and trusted colleagues. Both wings of the Congress have the same political objective. 'Poorna Swaraj' in view; both believe in methods of direct action as adopted by the Congress. The only difference is that the so-called left wing desires to run the journey in a powerful locomotive, in a non-stop stunt flight without brakes, whereas the other so-called Right or cautious and prudent wing, proceeds with foresight, after equipping the locomotives with safety-valves and brakes. While the one is avoiding pitfalls, carefully and deliberately prepared by the shrewd opposing party; the other is perhaps inadvertantly playing into its hands by prematurely precipitating a crisis. Courage without prudence becomes as dangerous a motive-power as a powerful locomotive without brakes.

A Spirited Reply

Rajendra Babu made a spirited and effective reply to the charge of being a Reformist in the Subjects Committee; he drew a vivid distinction between academic revolutionaries, who derive inspiration from foreign literature, and local patriotism, that depended more upon a close and personal study of local conditions. He pleaded ignorance of abstract theories and learned theses on revolutions; he could not draw analogies from French or Russian revolutions, he looked blank when revolutionary quotations from supposed authentic records were quoted by Socialist orators. In a frank, simple, but most impressive statement, he declared that like a common farmer or worker, he spoke with authority and personal experience, having knocked at the door of poor, starved peasantry in all nooks and corners of India, and having also come in contact with struggling workers in industrial cities. During his extensive presidential political tour throughout the country, he had made a close study of local conditions and in almost all provinces, both rural and urban, when our Socialist friends were engaged in book studies on revolutions in comfortable cushion chairs in city libraries. He made a pathetic appeal to save the country from the disastrous results of a blind application to Indian politics, of foreign theories and maxims, as derived from abstract studies of revolutionary literature of the world. He confessed he did not quite understand or appreciate the true distinctions between 'Reformist' and 'Revolutionary', but he rightly claimed to know and understand better than any student of politics, the actual conditions of masses in the country not merely from either Government or Congress records, but by actually coming in personal contact with all classes or masses of the people, during his recent extensive political tour in the country.

Calculation Of Forces

It is this peculiar advantage, coupled with his transparent honesty and sincerity, matchless patriotism and supreme sacrifices, that compels attention, respect and weight to his views. He is not a student of Lenin and apparently has made no study of Bolshevik policy; still in his speech before the Subjects Committee, his arguments were based on the same sound Bolshevik principle, as enunciated by the great leader Lenin for the guidance of his followers, during the Russian struggle, that 'the struggle demands a calculation of forces, a correct appraisement of the strength on both sides.' There lies true political wisdom and statesmanship. An optimistic overestimate of our own strength or corresponding under-estimate of the opponent's forces, precipitates a premature crisis and leads to sure disaster.

International Situation

Another revolutionary argument, often advanced by the so-called 'Leftist' that has always perplexed the supposed inferior and less acute intellect of the 'Reformist' is the repeated trotting out of the International situation both in Central Europe and in the Far East. A first-class crisis, at each opposite end of the earth, is expected and awaited for nearly a generation, and the Indian and Congress politics are sought to be adjusted and fitted in for years in advance to meet the ever-pending

(Continued on page 7)

Frankly Speaking

PUTTING IT THICK.

That Lord Willingdon should receive a number of ovations after his return to England is, of course, in the natural order of things, but we wish that those who waxed so eloquent and enthusiastic over his proconsulship of the last five years, did not altogether take leave of their sense of proportion. In the dinner which was given in his honour by the London Chamber of Commerce, the Marquis of Zetland, as expected, appreciatively referred to the Dual Policy followed by Lord Willingdon. But when he proceeded to remark that "he (Lord Willingdon) knew not how to overawe and dominate but how to combine dignity with humanity, and the qualities of a ruler with those of a friend," surely it was putting it too thick. For Lord Willingdon will be remembered in this country chiefly as an autocrat of autocrats, and much of the bitterness that to-day exists in India is the direct result of his lack of exactly those qualities which the Secretary of State for India claims to find in him.

COMMENDABLE LEAD

We are glad the Lucknow University has responded to the recommendations, in so far as the University is concerned, of the Sapru Committee on educated unemployment and has formulated proposals to implement those recommendations. The decision to maintain unemployment statistics is welcome. These statistics, however, should not relate only to graduates, they should include undergraduates too, for there are many such who have to give up their education for one unavoidable reason or rather but are obviously entitled to the category of the educated. Particularly welcome are the proposals to institute a school of dentistry and to start a department of veterinary science. They will do little to relieve unemployment directly but their contribution to health and prosperity of the people—which in its turn is bound to affect unemployment—will be substantial. The Lucknow University deserves congratulations not only for its specific proposals but also for the lead that it has given to other institutions and organisations—specially Government—in the fight against a grave evil.

A PARTIAL REMEDY?

Though mere educational reform cannot substantially tackle the problem of unemployment even of the educated classes, the various constructive proposals of the Lucknow University to implement the Sapru Report on Unemployment will help to bring about a much-needed change in higher education, not only in the United Provinces, but also in the country as a whole. The main feature of the proposals is to provide higher instruction in more professional subjects. It is a welcome change from every point of view, but one can realise even now that it cannot go far in solving the problem of unemployment. The only effective way to solve it is to take steps to add to the wealth of the country and to ensure an equitable distribution of it.

THE "VITA" INCIDENT.

The correspondence between the Cutch Prajakiya Parishad and Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., with regard to the ill-treatment of certain passengers on the latter's steamer "Vita" shows that the company concedes many of the demands made by the Parishad. For instance the company expresses regret for the ill-treatment, gives an assurance that steps will be taken to prevent the recurrence of such incidents in the future, promises compensation to the aggrieved passengers and, finally, undertakes to take disciplinary action against any official, "proved to their satisfaction that he was guilty of maltreatment of passengers." The Parishad however, fears, not without reason, that ex-parte decisions about disciplinary treatment may not be quite satisfactory. As the dispute has been happily narrowed down to this one point, a joint investigation, which the company itself approved of in its letter of 23rd April, should help to settle it entirely.

ELECTORAL ROLLS.

Eligible voters at the elections to the new legislature in Bombay should promptly attend to the instructions issued by Government about electoral qualifications and the procedure for entering the voters' names in the electoral rolls. The most important thing to be done in this connection is that those persons who can be enrolled only on application should make haste to send in their applications, if they have not already done so. And later, when the provisional rolls are published, eligible voters who do not find their names therein should see that they are duly entered in the final rolls. The various District Congress Committees in the Presidency should take the lead in this work as it is both a political service and is bound to be very helpful to the Congress at the ensuing elections.

UNWARRANTED.

The Police Commissioner's communication to the Taxi Drivers' Union in reply to their letter is an amazing document and is inconsistent with the statements which he had made in the Corporation and outside at the time that the taxi-drivers were on strike; for he had publicly said that he would have no objection to taxi-drivers plying at whatever rate they liked so long as the maximum scheduled rate was kept at six annas per mile. What then does he mean by warning the taxi-drivers against displaying a harmless sign meant to show that the taxi belongs to a member of the Union who is as such to charge only four annas a mile? To say that the four-anna taxis would be subject to severe scrutiny and that an eye will be kept on them is nothing but unwarranted intimidation. As to the legal aspect of the matter the Union authorities are sure of their position that the flag will be merely a symbol and not an advertisement and they are determined to ply taxis at four annas a mile. For this they deserve the thanks of the public.

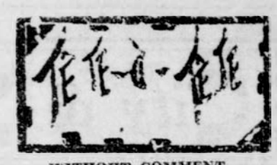
Dictionaries And Encyclopaedias

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—When I read in your issue of 30-4-36 the description of "Mahomet" in the New Standard Encyclopaedia, to which your correspondent A. A. Husain takes objection, I was reminded of the definition given to the term "Swadeshi" "The New Gresham Dictionary" by Charles Annandale—1930 Edition. The term Swadeshi is derived according to Annandale from Bengali and is described as "An Indian Movement for boycotting British goods in order to secure political pressure and action."

If he had derived the word from Sanskrit and given the meaning as "one's own country" and later on added what he has written, he might at least be spoken of as almost a fair compiler. Comment on such descriptions is needless—only one has to be wary enough to accept as gospel truth whatever comes from such sources in public print.—Yours, etc.

M. S. NATESA AIYAR.



WITHOUT COMMENT

The Duce declared that Ethiopia was Italian by right because it had been occupied with the sword of Rome and a civilisation which triumphed over barbarism.

—Rome Report.

Press comments contain an undertone of admiration for Signor Mussolini. "The Berliner Tageblatt" says Signor Mussolini has proclaimed the right of sword in place of the League of Nations.

—Berlin Report.

* * * *

The blowing of syrens and ringing of Church bells marked rejoicings in Italy over the Italian "victory." And not at all inappropriately.

For, was not the war fought by Italy with poison gas and liquid fire for the sake of "Christian civilisation?"

* * * *

London, says a message, is inclined to take "a more realistic view of the situation" now that the Italian occupation of Addis Ababa is a "fait accompli."

In fairness to Britain, however, it must be emphasised that she always realistically submits to "faits accomplis," except when her own interests are certain to be injured thereby. In which case, realism yields place, as it must, to morality, internationalism, justice, equity and what not.

* * * *

Mr. Baldwin is reported by Professor Gilbert Murray of the League of Nations Union to have declared that he felt "bitter humiliation" at the tragedy of Abyssinia.

We heartily admire the cheerfulness with which Mr. Baldwin has eaten humble pie. He has proved that he too possesses in a pre-eminent degree the proverbial qualities relating to the manner of "biting the bullet" or "taking his medicine."

* * * *

REFORM OF THE LEAGUE INEVITABLE

—Headline.

There is only one way of reforming a permanently deformed League.

* * * *

The Balkan Entente has agreed to the Turkish claim to re-militarise the Dardenelles.

The Italian "reservation" will be doubled.

* * * *

And since the condition of agreement constitutes a kind of oblique reference to possible intentions of "a non-member," in fact, an anticipation of them, the Italian "reservation" will perforce be redoubled.

British consent may now, of course, be taken for granted. Do we congratulate Mr. Baldwin or commiserate with him on this "bitter humiliation."

* * * *

Sir Radhakrishnan is arriving in Bombay to-day.

Let unemployed young men without ideals beware and get out of his way.

* * * *

Hear Sir Stephen Demetriadi—

"Lord Willingdon was inspired by a profound belief in the purpose of British rule in India and by an equally strong regard for India's natural and proper aspirations of political advance."

But evidently the "profound belief" was too profound for the "strong regard!"

* * * *

Doctor Ambedkar, it is reported, has promised that he shall not think of conversion for ten years.

How very—er—kind of him to postpone the fateful day of the impending catastrophe.

* * * *

GOOD NEWS FOR THE WORLD.

Has the League of Nations expired?

* * * *

The International Labour Office reports that no unemployment figures have been received from Italy.

Confessions were never the strong point of Fascist administration?

* * * *

A pretty little American actress, appearing in London in an August Daly production, cabled the great manager, who was in New York, for permission to appear at a charity matinee. Daly cabled back "No," with instructions that cable-charges should be collected from the recipient.

Sore at the refusal, and also at the remembrance of the money she had spent on her first long cable, the girl cabled back (also "collect") the poignant message: 'Oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, oh!"

DUCE DETERMINED TO DEFY POWERS

"Ready To Defend Our Victory"

"Abyssinia Is Italian By Right!"

ASSURES BRITAIN OF NOT HARMING HER INTERESTS

LONDON, May 6.

The Ethiopian Minister Mr. Martin states that the Negus will probably place his family in a monastery in Palestine and then proceed to London to make "a desperate appeal for justice for Ethiopia". He adds that the health of the Empress has been broken by the ordeal and she is likely never again to appear in public and will remain in a convent near Jerusalem.

Mr. Martin is afraid that his two sons may have lost their lives in trying to save their possessions from looters. He has not heard from his sons for a month.

BRITISH LABOUR AND LIBERALS STILL FAVOUR SANCTIONS

LONDON, May 6.

Signor Mussolini's statement, that Abyssinia is for ever Italian, has been featured by all the press. The Liberal and Labour Parties have decided to urge the maintenance and even extension, of the Sanctions. The decision is welcomed by "The News Chronicle" and "The Daily Herald," while the "Daily Mail," and "The Daily Express" continue to urge the withdrawal of Britain from the League.—Reuter.

BADOGLIO ENTERS ADDIS ABABA

LONDON, May 6.

Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Italians, describing the Italian occupation of Addis Ababa, says Marshal Badoglio entered the Capital riding a white horse at the head of a column of Carabinieri followed by a regiment of Grenadiers.

A second column, composed of Eritreans, entered the capital simultaneously, while fifty aeroplanes circled in the sky.

During the afternoon 25,000 troops entered the city.—Reuter.

CONQUERORS AS COLONISTS

ROME, May 6.

It is believed that over half of the soldiers in East Africa may be invited to remain as colonists and their families will be sent out.—Reuter.

U. S. LEGATION RE-OCCUPIED

WASHINGTON, May 6.

The United States Legation at Addis Ababa, which was re-occupied by the Vice-Consul after the arrival of the Italians, appealed to the Italian Command for help, owing to the renewed attacks of native rioters. The Italians complied with the Vice-Consul, Mr. Cramp's request and sent fifty guards to the Legation.

Mr. Cramp states that the attackers opened heavy fire on the building which is in an exposed position in a part of the town not occupied by the Italians. He adds that the city is becoming calm and hopes that by morning the situation would be entirely under control.—Reuter.

FRANCE FAVOURS PROTECTORATE

PARIS, May 6.

Signor Mussolini's statement means that he intends to settle the fate of Ethiopia out of court. His view runs counter to the policy of the present French Government and is still less in conformity with the principles of those expected to form the next Government.

A competent French authority observes:—"What is needed is a formula taking into account military realities and the juridical position. An Italian Protectorate in Abyssinia after the model of the French Protectorate in Morocco might be a feasible solution, but certainly not mere annexation."—Reuter.

BALKANS UNITE

BELGRADE, May 6.

The failure of the League to protect small powers appears to have been the chief factor in cementing unity between the members of the Balkan Entente in conference here.—Reuter.

NAZIS ADMIRE MUSSOLINI

BERLIN, May 6.

Press comments contain an undertone of admiration for Signor Mussolini. "The Berliner Tageblatt" says Signor Mussolini has proclaimed the right of sword in place of the League of Nations.—Reuter.

REFORM OF LEAGUE INEVITABLE

LONDON, May 5.

Now that the Italian occupation of Addis Ababa is a 'fait accompli', there is a noticeable disposition in Whitehall to take a more realistic view of the situation, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent. The question of the reform of the League of Nations by removig from Article XVI the obligation to go to war in certain circumstances is the general topic in diplomatic circles, especially in view of the statement of Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Eden to the League of Nations Union.

With regard to the League's position the Government it appears is waiting on public opinion.

Many who were active in torpedoing the Hoare-Laval plan are now believed to favour the revision of Article XVI, including the Marquess of Lothian, who in a letter to the "Times" advocates, instead of collective security, the organisation of regional security by which Britain will declare a sort of Monroe Doctrine for Belgium, France and possibly Holland while divesting herself of any obligation to defend forcibly the 'status quo' elsewhere in Europe.—Reuter.

NO INTENTION TO HARM BRITISH INTERESTS

ROME, May 5.

"My policy was never planned to harm whatsoever any interests of the British Empire. It does not plan any such harm now," declared Signor Mussolini in an interview with Mr. Ward Price of "The Daily Mail." Italy had not the remotest hankering after Egypt. He regarded Egypt as an independent country and not an African country but a Mediterranean one, with which Italy would always be on the best terms.

Italy had no political interest at all in the Sudan and Palestine and it was utterly false to ascribe to Italy any responsibility whatsoever for the troubles between the Arabs and Jews. He was ready to confirm what had just been said in any form that might be required.

Signor Mussolini added that Italy had no further colonial ambitions. The victory in East Africa had put Italy into the group of satisfied powers. It seemed obvious that the best thing in the interests of all concerned would be the rapid establishment of Italian authority in Ethiopia. The terms of peace must be marked by the Roman spirit. It cannot be a lame peace for we mean this Abyssinian problem to be settled finally.

Italy would not shut the door against the economic enterprise of friendly countries including Britain and France.

The world would be surprised to know the truth about Italy's real financial strength. Italy was prepared to help in the urgent problem of the reform of the League of Nations. He was convinced that the League must continue, but the task must be made proportionate to its powers. The spirit of the League must be adapted to the needs of the various nations and the respective situations in the European States.

Italy was still ready to help to bring about a frank and definite understanding between the Great Powers of Western Europe. Italy wanted peace.—Reuter.

ARAB LEADERS ARRESTED

JERUSALEM, May 5.

Hassan Sidky Dajni, the Arab Leader and Municipal Councillor and another member of the Arab Strike Committee have been arrested for circulating a manifesto urging the non-payment of taxes.—Reuter.

Relatives Informed

LONDON, May 6.

The relatives in London have been officially informed of the death of Dr. Melly, leader of the British Ambulance Unit in Abyssinia who was wounded by a revolver shot during the disturbances in Addis Ababa.—Reuter's Special.

Hundreds of Abyssinians surrendered to the Italians at Quoram after the Northern town had been captured by the Italian troops advancing in the Northern War-zone. The Abyssinians were allowed to keep their guns.

RADIO RESEARCH IN INDIA

English Experts Advocate Formation Of Board

LONDON, May 5.

A number of scientists and Radio Research workers including Professor Appleton who met in the Criterion Restaurant at the invitation of the Calcutta Professor. Mr. S. K. Mitra, discussed the necessity for a Radio Research Board for India. Similar boards were existing in Britain and the Dominions.

Professor Appleton advocating the formation of such a board, stressed the fact that India had her own Radio problems the solutions of which would not be followed from work carried on in other countries.

Sir Frank Smith said the Radio Research Board in England would gladly co-operate with a similar institution in India.

Professor Mitra who referred to the researches in the Universities of Calcutta and Allahabad, said they all felt the want of a co-ordinating body.—Reuter.

LABOUR SUPPORTS ROOSEVELT

WASHINGTON, May 6.

"We have been inspired and thrilled by the leadership which destiny has given us and we want to continue it" said Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labour, strongly advocating the re-election of President Roosevelt in a public address.

Referring to the "slaughter" by industry of the N. R. A. since the Supreme Court invalidated the Act Mr. Green predicted that the principles of N. R. A. would be restored through regulation. "We cannot afford to make any change in the leadership of this great forward movement.

He added "social consciousness was being awakened in America, and no political election or programme could stop it. We are on the threshold of a great future."—Reuter

KING'S CIVIL LIST

Labour Motion To Reduce Grant Rejected In Commons

LONDON: May 5.

The House of Commons by 238 votes to 102 rejected the Labour motion to reduce by £1,000 the vote of £410,000 annually for the King's Civil List.

Independent Labourite motions to omit provision for the Duke of York and for the prospective Queen, and any children of the marriage, were rejected by 261 votes to 22, and 278 votes to 17 respectively.—Reuter.

FRENCH GOVT. WILL RESIGN AFTER JUNE 1

PARIS May 5.

The French Government, it is understood has decided to remain in office until June 1.—Reuter.

THE RIGHT AND THE LEFT

(Continued from page 6).

but never-coming international upheaval. Nazism, Fascism, Imperialism, both Yellow and White, Red Communism and Socialism of doubtful colours, all the 'isms' spread in all corners of the globe, are important factors, that are going to affect materially and immediately the destinies of starving millions of this country. Whilst it would undoubtedly be wise and politic, to take serious note of these wonderful and magical contemporary political phenomena in different parts of the world, it would not be quite safe and sound, to lay much stress on them, and allow our home politics to be shaped and formulated according to constantly changing foreign whims; British diplomacy is still the shrewdest and soundest in the world and the chances are that, as in the past so also in the future, British Imperialism is likely to come out stronger and safer, out of such international crises even if they occur, and thus that hope may again be shattered as based on another disastrous miscalculation. But when it is reasonable and even wise to be always prepared for all eventualities both Indian and international, it would be rather unsafe and unsound to allow our indigenous politics to be swayed by such speculative and uncertain foreign contingencies. With some flaming patriots, the wish is father of the thought, and hence the mind gets confused and obsessed with what should be so that it is unable to see what is in its true perspective. Who would not like to reach our destination of Poorna Swaraj as quickly as possible in the brakeless and safety-valveless political aeroplane "Jawahir" in a non-stop flight, with one dashing and romantic hop? But because of our highly imaginative wish and even fervent hopes and prayers that dream cannot materialise. The country would prefer, as it has plainly and unmistakably demonstrated, by the Lucknow session verdict, to journey in a powerful but well-equipped locomotive 'Rajen Babu' with brakes to halt when necessary either to let off old steam and take in fresh stock for future action.

DEMOCRACY IN CEYLON SUCCESSFUL

Englishmen Praise Efforts Of Politicians In British Press

LONDON, May 5.

Mr. A. F. Fraser, ex-Principal of Trinity College, Kandy in a letter to the "Times" says, when he revisited Ceylon in 1935 he expected to find the constitution working badly as he had heard many unfavourable criticisms of it. He found that the ministers were a team, thanks largely to the genius of Baron Jayatilaka. To say all criticism is unjustified would be absurd. The Council which had made an excellent beginning, had largely confounded their critics and proved not only have they enthusiasm, but enthusiasm according to knowledge They understand their country. The Donoughmore Constitution has proved an effective instrument of Government and administration, declares Mr. Drummond Shiels in a further letter to the "Times" dealing with democracy in Ceylon. He adds that Ceylon politicians had been demanding further developments in the degree of responsibility entrusted to them. It may be that attacks from various quarters on what they now enjoy are not unconnected with these claims and are a kind of tactical offensive-defensive.

Let us not forget amidst it all the primary consideration of the welfare of the Ceylon people, whose representatives have made a gallant and on the whole very successful start on the difficult path of democratic government.—Reuter.

BUDGET LEAKAGE

Justice Poster To Preside Over Committee

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 6.

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain announced that Mr. Justice Porter would preside over the Budget Leakage Inquiry assisted by Messrs. Gavin Simmonds K. C. and Roland Oliver K. C. The inquiry is opening on Monday.

KING FAROUK ARRIVES IN EGYPT

ALEXANDRIA, May 6.

King Farouk arrived aboard the "Viceroy of India" escorted by British destroyers, Egyptian Army, aeroplanes, guns from the fort and warships fired salutes. British warships in the harbour were dressed as merchant vessels sounded sirens. King Farouk was greeted by the Premier, Princes and Ministers, disembarked subsequently and left for Cairo.

Enthusiastic Welcome At Cairo

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

CAIRO, May 6.

Scenes of the greatest enthusiasm marked the arrival of King Farouk at Cairo. A salute of 21 guns thundered. Enormous crowds applauded as the King alighted at the railway station. The King's first act was to drive to the Citadel and pray at his father's tomb.

Reform Scheme Spells Disaster To India

NIEMEYER DISCLOSURES

No Independent Ministries Can Function Under India Act, Says Manu Subedar

BOMBAY, May 6.

"If any proof was needed that the Reforms are a left-handed gift, deliberately made costly, by the separation of provinces, and hollow by the tightening of financial string at the Centre to starve any independent ministries that may be formed in any of the provinces, it is now available.

"The British Government had kept in their hands one more hurdle in order to delay reforms, but in lifting it, they have disclosed with what consummate skill Provincial Autonomy would be a myth on account of financial distress, and they appear to have singled out Bombay for their special attention in order to render the functioning of any independent ministry, if it could be at all formed impossible."

TRAVESTY OF PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY

Thus said Mr. Manu Subedar, ex-President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, in the course of an interview to the "United Press" on the Report of Sir Otto Niemeyer.

"It is a travesty of Provincial Autonomy, as such autonomy would be hopelessly dependent on financial contributions from the Centre. What little belief the authors of such Provincial Autonomy had in the real principles of autonomous management, is now found out."

Mr. Manu Subedar, however, paid a tribute of admiration to Sir Otto Niemeyer for having done his work in the short period of time, even though, "one may differ in serious matters from the postulates, on which the report is based." Mr. Manu Subedar continued:—

THE VICIOUS TRADITION

"It is possible that few men could have done better in the short period and, considering that the difficulties to-day are much greater than the difficulties which the Meston Committee had to face, it is a pity that Government did not associate three or four competent people with Sir Otto Niemeyer. These people shoud have worked up the material and helped the author of the report with the result that the report would have had more scientific foundations. As it is, the vicious tradition of the Meston Report, which took matters and gave rough and ready solution, has also been followed by Sir Otto Niemeyer. A treatment of the problem, which involves serious differentiation between different provinces, leaves the matter incomplete. It must lead to much wrangling and heartburning and to a quicker revision, not merely by extraordinary factors and events which might occur, but even, if nothing out of the way occurred, from the inherent financial inequalities."

DISASTER TO INDIA.

Mr. Manu Subedar proceeding said:—

"Whatever the political and other causes may have been of the creation of the new provinces, or of the elevation of small provinces to full autonomous status, on financial grounds at least, a disaster to India as a whole is made obvious by the Niemeyer report. Apart from the great dislocation and blow arising from the separation of Burma, the bulk of Government of India's resources for some years to come are now mortgaged for the fulfilment of deficits in small provinces.

"The only positive part of the report is that provincial autonomy need not be delayed on financial grounds. Those provinces, which are receiving immediate and direct benefits, either by way of cancellation of debt, or by way of subventions, will be happy on the narrow financial outlook. But the report is negative in the sense that the share of income-tax, which would be given to provinces, is delayed for five years and might be delayed further if, in the interval any untoward situation arose, the occurrence of which, with the world position of to-day, may be definitely predicted. If Niemeyer had the courage of a financier, he would have asked for the postponement of costly separations, while recommending the inauguration of Provincial Autonomy in other provinces.

STRANGE PROPOSITION

"Sir Otto Niemeyer's dictum that there is not a serious possibility of reducing expenditure of the Government of India, becomes an extremely strange proposition since, in the popular mind, there will be a clear need of balancing administrative extravagance at the top against starvation and undue restriction in provincial departments calculated to secure the welfare of the masses.

"The need of overhauling railway expenditure and of its administrative machinery in the interests of economy, has been urged by the public. Sir Otto Niemeyer assumes the possibility of financial improvement without definitely recommending this process of close examination of the expenditure side of the railways. The idea that Provincial Ministries should help to develop railway earnings under the threat that, otherwise the financial contribution expected by them may be delayed or cut off, illustrates the stupidity of the proposed creation of Statutory Railway Board so as to put the expenditure of the railways outside the control of Popular Legislature and to render general improvement in all provinces difficult and dependent on the inaction or omission of an irresponsible body."

THE DEAD HAND

Referring to the "step-motherly treatment" meted out to Bombay, Mr. Manu Subedar said:—

"The dead hand of the Finance Member appears to be responsible for the manifest injustice to the industrial provinces like Bombay and bengal in the proposed share to be given to them in the distributable portion of the income-tax income of the Government of India. Thus, while Bombay contributed in 1934-35, 26 per cent. of the total income-tax resources of the Government of India, in the distribution, for the next five years, Bombay is to receive only 20 per cent. of the share of income-tax assignable to the provinces."

FINANCIAL ERRORS

In conclusion Mr. Manu Subedar said:—

"While, Sir Otto Niemeyer recognises that 'there must inevitably be substantial differences in standards of administrative needs and possibilities, he fails to translate this in his recommendations as could be seen by the markedly inferior relief relatively to other provinces, which is proposed to be given to Bombay. The financial errors in the administration of Bombay were as much Government of India's as of the Bombay Government under the old Constitution, and it is unfair to the population of this province to call them to drag the entire burden of such financial errors so as to be unable to maintain the rate of progress in the nation-building departments, but to be obliged actually to cut down such progress. To the number of deficit provinces, new ones have been added, and it is said that special assistance to these provinces "must operate to delay, 'pro tanto', the general transfer to all provinces of their share of the taxes on income."—United Press.

Willingdon Meets Premier

LONDON, May 6.

Lord Willingdon spent three-quarters of an hour with Mr. Baldwin at No. 10 Downing Street, this morning.

Lord Willingdon's call on Mr. Baldwin is described as purely a courtesy visit following Lord Willingdon being welcomed at the station by Mrs. Baldwin and one of Mr. Baldwin's secretaries.

Step-motherly Treatment For Bombay Presidency

EX-FINANCE MEMBER'S ATTACK ON NIEMEYER'S REPORT

"The Report holds out no hopes of any taxation being reduced, because it does not think that there is any hope of any saving in military expenditure, and curiously thinks that the rates of income-tax, super-tax and surcharge are not excessive.

"The Report has dealt with the provinces in three separate ways. Some get subventions, some have even the pre-war debts wiped out, and there is also a percentage distribution of the jute-tax and the income-tax.

"The Bombay Presidency was entitled to get its Back Bay Reclamation debt wiped out, and thrown on the shoulders of the Government of India."

So said Sir Govindrao Pradhan, ex-Finance Member of the Government of Bombay, while commenting on Sir Otto Niemeyer's Report, in an interview with a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle."

In the course of the interview Sir Govindrao said:

"Owing to my indifferent health I have not been able to study very carefully Sir Otto Niemeyer's Report. I can only express my general views as regards the treatment meted out to the Bombay Presidency. I have always been of opinion that though the Bombay Presidency is by far the most important Presidency in British India, it has consistently received a step-motherly treatment both from the Government of India and the Secretary of State. I justify these views of mine by pointing out a few salient facts:—

"(a) Since 1910 upto now excepting the late Sir Dinshaw Mulla (who was only appointed for a period of four months), none from the Bombay Presidency has ever found a place in the Executive Council of the Central Government. Two inferences are possible. Either the Bombay Presidency was not able to produce a person of any outstanding merit during all this long period of 27 years, or the Bombay Government carries no weight with the Central Government or the Secretary of State. The first inference is not probable. Then the second must follow. We consistently find that men from Bengal and the Punjab are mostly selected. U. P., Madras and Bihar had their share though not very often; Bombay never.

"(b) At present in India Council, Bengal and the Punjab are represented and the same thing is true about the High Commissioner and his office.

WORK OF "WISEACRE" IN DELHI.

"(c) The Bombay Government put forward its views as regards partially excluded areas. One would have expected that the views so strongly urged by the officers on the spot would carry some weight. But they have been summarily brushed aside by some wiseacre in Delhi.

"These are some of the glaring facts which show that I never for a moment expected that the Bombay Presidency would receive a fairer treatment in the matter of Niemeyer Committee's report, and my expectations have not been falsified. The report has dealt with the Provinces in three separate ways. Some get subventions, some have even the pre-war debts wiped out, and there is also a percentage distribution of the jute tax and the income-tax. The Bombay Presidency was entitled to get its Back Bay Reclamation debt wiped out and thrown on the shoulders of the Government of India, the Government of India getting all the re-claimed lands.

RESPONSIBILITY OF CENTRAL GOVT.

In the pre-reform days the budgets of the different Presidencies were subject to the sanction of the Central Government. And the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme was examined and sanctioned by the Central Government in pre-reform days. It is mainly responsible for the woes of the Presidency and for the deficit budgets, the Meston Settlement contributing in some way. Now it stands to reason that if the Central Government asked the Provincial Government to undertake a particular scheme, and it proves a failure the burden of that scheme ought not to fall upon the shoulders of that Presidency, but it must be borne by the Central Government. This point was pressed by me upon the attention of Sir George Schuster, the late Finance Member, but he refused to accept the responsibility without any legal or equitable grounds.

IRRIGATION DEBT OF 9 CRORES

There is a large pre-reform irrigation debt amounting to 9 crores and odd. It being a funded debt the Bombay Government pays interest upon it only. There is a note prepared in the Finance Department by one Mr. Rajgopalan when I was the Member-in-charge which conclusively shows that at least 2/3rd of this debt has wrongly been saddled upon the Bombay Presidency.

The Gateway of India which has cost the Bombay Government more than 27 lakhs of Rupees has been built to commemorate the visit of His late Majesty King George V, is mainly built because all the Viceroys and Governors get down and depart from the Bombay shores. No doubt it adorns the Bombay city. But there is no reason why all the costs should be thrown upon Bombay. His Majesty never came to visit the Bombay City only, and arrivals and departures of the Viceroys concern the whole of the British India. Now these are some of the points which ought to have been considered by the Niemeyer Committee; and the Back Bay Reclamation debt and a large portion of the pre-reform irrigation debt should have been wiped out, as is done in the case of other Provinces. But this Presidency gets no relief in that direction.

"BENGAL, A FONDLED CHILD"

It has been the consistent policy of the Government of India that those Presidencies which went on piling up taxes to meet their expenditure and also to pay the instalments of the Meston Settlement never awoke any sympathy; on the contrary, Bengal which never paid a pie of its share of Meston contribution or increased its taxation, for whatever reasons, and also did not curtail its expenditure, is treated like a fondled child. It gets more concessions than this Presidency which did its best to meet its liability by increasing taxation and reducing expenditure. The Niemeyer Committee wants to start the Provinces on the occasion of Provincial Autonomy, "on an even keel".

But the guiding principle which they adopt is the present state of the finances to find out whether particular provinces are solvent, though a hint is given that the Committee has also considered whether a province administers his affairs in taxation or expenditure with adequate firmness.

WHAT BOMBAY PRESIDENCY DID.

The Bombay Presidency has rightly or wrongly increased its revenue not only to meet its liabilities, but also to cover the falling receipts in land revenue and excise. With such a heavy taxation and the additional burden which the Presidency has borne for several years for the deficit province of Sind, one would have expected that that Presidency which contributes the largest share in the income-tax and super-tax should get an adequate share of that Revenue. Yet we find that it is treated on a par with Bengal, and is not far ahead of Madras which contributes considerable less tax than Bombay. I am not urging all these considerations to create provincial jealousies, but to point out the injustice which is done to this Presidency consistently, because it has no voice in the Councils of the Secretary of State or the Government of India.

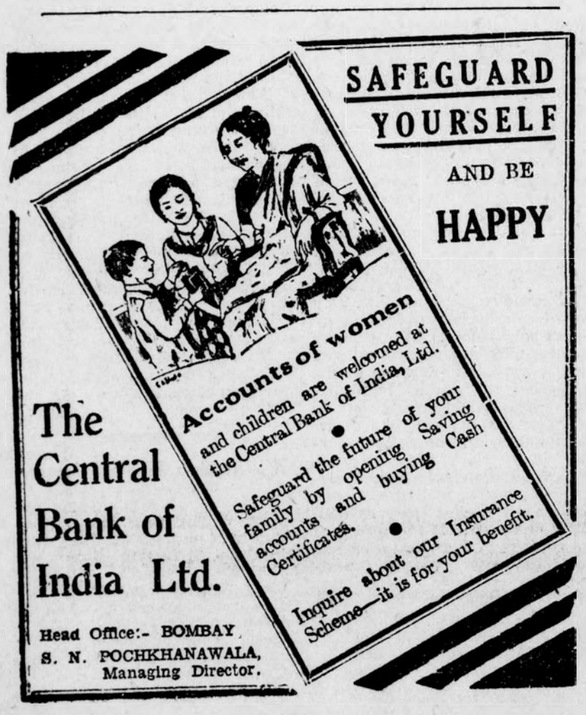
NOT FAIR TO BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

The report holds out no hopes of any taxation being reduced because it does not think that there is any hope of any saving in military expenditure, and curiously thinks that the rates of income-tax and super-tax and surcharge are not excessive. It has got to be remembered that in the Provinces the receipts of land revenue and excise are sure to go down, and expenditure upon Nation-Building Departments, such as Public Health, Education and Medical Relief and Industry is sure to increase. To meet that expenditure there is now no available source of fresh taxation, except contribution from the income-tax and super-tax. Every subvention paid by the Central Government is to that extent a contribution extracted from the Presidency not receiving such subvention, and is from their standpoint absolutely unfair. The standard of administration and standard of living vary in different provinces and the higher the standard the more the expenditure would be. I do not think the report is fair to the Bombay Presidency even by having a cursory glance.

Itch Cause Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams or pores where tiny germs or parasites can hide and cause your skin to Itch, Crack, Peel, Burn, also Eczema, Ringworm, Pimples, Acne, Crotch-Itch, and Foot Itch. Don't waste time with ordinary methods. You must have a penetrating treatment like the new discovery for stubborn skin troubles called Dr. Nixon's Nixoderm. It goes right in, kills the cause, and stops itch in 7 minutes. In 24 hours, you can see your skin getting clear, soft, and smooth. Nixoderm is guaranteed to heal your skin in 10 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for guaranteed Nixoderm today.

MULLER, MACLEAN, Bombay.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ELECTRICITY RATES MUST BE REDUCED

Bengal Govt. Committee Recommendations

CALCUTTA, May 6.

The report submitted by the Committee appointed by the Bengal Government to enquire into the charges for electric energy levied by the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation Ltd. and to advise the Government on the public agitation for the reduction of the same, has just been released for publication.

The important recommendations of this Committe are that the nett charge for the energy supplied for domestic purposes for lights, fans etc. should be reduced from 2½ annas to 2 annas per unit and the nett charge for the energy for heating, cooking and all domestic purposes other than lights and fans, should be reduced from one anna to nine pies per unit.

It is estimated that the total fall in the revenue which would result from the complete acceptance of the Committee's proposals will amount to Rs. 2,25,000 annually.—United Press.

Poona, May 5.—Second Railway Sub-Inspector Mr. Salvi arrested yesterday a Sikh named Thekbahadur Narbahadur for having kept with himself without licence a Kukari. He has been arrested under the Arms Act.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from page 6.)

English sherry drinkers. The explanation is that for about two centuries before the final expulsion of the Moors from Spain, Jerez was a frontier post between the two kingdoms. There used to be many other "de la Frontera" place names representing successive stages in the advance of the Spaniards. Most have been dropped.

* * * *

Beaverbrook's morning newspaper stated "Lake Tana is still British and will remain so." This has started a talk about famous geographical "bloomers. It was George III.'s Lord Bute, who, learning of Cape Breton island, said, "What is Cape Breton an island? How interesting. I must go and tell the King."

Mr. David Lloyd George's "Where is Teschen?" and "General Kharkoff" have become classics. Less known is Secretary Lansing's "Azerbaidjan? What's that? Sounds a hell of a good name for a patent medicine!" And it was Lansing, too, who referred some question about Riga to the Italian Peace Conference Delegation under the impression that it was a Mediterranean port.

But there is no need to mention the name of a very famous politician with whom during war H. N. Brailsford was talking about Galicia. They got at cross purposes, and it dawned on H.N.B. that Lord X, who was Minister of Y., thought Galicia was in Hungary. Politely he explained that it was in Austria. Lord X. stoutly maintained that it was in Hungary. The departmental atlas was produced. Lord X. gazed at it. "Dear, dear," he said, "Austria is a very odd shape."

* * * *

Note for the young: Look at a pre-war atlas. Galicia is in Poland those days.

* * * *

The Field-Marshal's baton conferred by Herr Hitler on General von Blomberg is the first since the war. The ranks of the German Field-Marshals have been thinned by death. There now remain only Field-Marshal von Mackensen and the ex-Kaiser.

The late King George was a German Field-Marshal and "Grossadmiral" of the German Fleet until the outbreak of war. Up till shortly before the War the Field-Marshal's baton in Germany was awarded only to those who had commanded an army in the field. The ex-Kaiser, however, between 1908 and 1910, created a large number of Colonel-Generals, Field-Marshals at his birthday reviews on January 27. These birthday reviews, of which Herr Hitler's is an imitation, were always the occasion for a lavish distribution of promotions, orders and decorations.

In the German Army the rank immediately below Field-Marshal is Colonel-General, to which General Goering has been promoted. The next rank of general officer is full General is a General of Cavalry, Infantry or Artillery, according to the arm in which he began his career—irrespective of his present command. The other ranks are Lieut.-General and Major-General.

The award of the Silver Shield, which has been conferred on Prof. Gustav Tammann, was created by President Hindenburg for scientists and other distinguished civilians. It is a large silver plaque in the form of the Reich eagle. It may not be worn, it is usually placed on the writing desk of the recipient.

SUCCESSOR TO BHUPEN MITRA

Sir Ferozekhan Noon To Be High Commissioner For India In London

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 6.

Despite recent denials, I learn on reliable authority that Sir Ferozekhan Noon, the Punjab Minister, will be selected as High Commissioner for India in succession to Sir Bhupen Mitra. My non-official informant, whose authority and integrity is beyond question, in this matter says that Sir Ferozekhan, Sir Abdul Quadir, Member of the India Council and Nawab Liaqat Hayat Khan were in the run for the High Commissionership, but luck favoured the Punjab Minister who is expected to sail in October.

U. P. CONGRESS COMMITTEE PLANS

LUCKNOW, May 6.

The question of the formation and training of a Congress Volunteers' Corps in the province will be considered by the Council of the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee which is meeting in Allahabad on May 10.

The agenda of the meeting includes the appointment of a Committee to suggest changes in the constitution of the Provincial Congress Committee as necessitated by the amendments in the Congress constitution adopted by the Lucknow Congress, and also Committees to look after the coming elections as well as the peasants' interests in the districts where the Government are taking steps to revise the remissions in rent.—United Press.

Cholera Epidemic At Hardwar

LUCKNOW, May 6.

About 40 deaths are reported, during the last three days, from cholera which has broken out in an epidemic form in Hardwar, a place of pilgrimage in the United Provinces.

The Health Officer has issued pamphlets prohibiting people from drinking the water of the Ganges as cholera germs are found in the same. Inoculation work has started.

Great panic prevails among the pilgrims.—United Press.

Keen Contest For Poona Municipal Presidentship

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, May 6

Poona City Municipality elects its new President to-morrow. A special meeting of the general body has been called for that purpose.

Brisk canvassing is reported to be going on by intending candidates. It is understood that the rival candidates are Mr. K. L. Bhagat and Mr. R. L. Walvekar. It is difficult at this stage to predict as to who will win the race, but it is further reported that either of the candidates failing to secure a decisive majority the choice may fall on Mr. V. A. Gadakary or Mr. K. N. Kelkar, both of whom are advocates.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Lucknow Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was greatly disappointed to read Mr. Nariman's articles on the Lucknow Congress. I had hoped that he would try to elucidate and clarify the conflicts of class-interest and ideology in the present Congress. But to the surprise of every one he indulges in disparaging the Lucknow and U. P. leaders, and talks of dust and discipline. Nowhere has he gone nearer the issues and problems that were discussed there.

When Mr. Nariman talks of discipline and tries to sit in judgment over Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, may I point out to him his own revolt against Gandhiji after the Individual Civil disobedience movement? Did he not revolt against the then established leadership and suggested a Board of control over Gandhiji in his "Whither India"? As regards discipline the less said the better. Let no one make a fetish of discipline. There cannot be collective responsibility of Congress Executive when a particular decision in any political organization allows a particular anti-national, anti-Congress mentality to go on functioning in the name of the Congress. Pundit Jawahar, therefore, was perfectly right in clarifying his position in the subjects Committee at the time of the debate on the Working Committee resolution on office-acceptance issue.

The President, if assured genuine co-operation and discipline would have certainly tided over the blockade created at Lucknow by office-wallahs. Let Mr. Nariman know that the present Working Committee is not of Jawahar's choice but dictated by powers beyond his control and that Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mrs. Naidu, and Sjt. Purushottamdas Tandon have been penalized by their exclusion from the Working Committee for their consistent anti-office views which they held and pressed for in the last year's Working Committee?—Yours, etc.

SIDE LIGHT.

Ahmedabad.

Congress & Businessmen

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. A. D. Shroff, Vice-President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, while strongly criticising the Socialist philosophy of Pandit Jawaharlal says: "I should also like the Indian commercial and industrial community to make it equally clear to the country that they are not standing in the way of securing minimum conditions of comfortable living for those engaged either in the factories or in tilling the soil." May I ask the Vice-President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber,—if he and the members of his profession are not standing in the way of the improvement of the labourers who is it that is in their way? Are not the capitalist factory-owners and the shop-keepers responsible for the wretched life that our workers are leading? If these people wanted to give them higher wages and improve their health, did the Government prevent them from doing so? Are not the millowners and other industrialist responsible for the passing of the Wages Bill in the recent session of the Assembly? Are they not again responsible for throwing out the Bakhale Bill? Mr. Shroff further says "that any scheme or plan towards that end (securing minimum wages for the poor) which may be evolved by the Government or the Congress will meet with our sympathetic consideration." Mr. Shroff wants to delude the public by sweet talk. While making the above statement he says, "But in seeking relief for our economic conditions we have primarily to obtain our political freedom." I cannot understand why the Capitalists cannot help the workers because we have no political freedom. No doubt in a free country they would have been forced to deal fairly with labour. As it is, can they not give living wages to the poor? At least can they not keep quiet instead of getting the Government to pass such measures as the Wages Bill? Even as it is these capitalists could do wonders. If there is a will there is a way. I would suggest to Mr. Shroff to take some practical steps in improving the lot of our labourers and agriculturists instead of criticising the Congress President. If the capitalists themselves come forward to improve the economic condition of the poor much of the talk about Socialism will subside.

Let Mr. Shroff understand that the cause of the advocacy of Socialism by the Congress President is the cruel treatment of the poor by the capitalists.—Yours, etc..

S. RAMA CHAR.

221, Matunga,
Bombay, May 1.

Health Keeps You Smiling

Once she had sick headaches, bac complexion, no appetite. Now she's bright and smiling because she's clean inside. Regularly she takes Beecham's Pills—that's the secret.

Purely Vegetable

Beecham's PILLS

Promoting Goodwill Among Indians & Europeans

INDIAN PROGRESSIVE GROUP FORMED IN BOMBAY

A quasi-political organisation known as the Indian Progressive Group, has been recently formed in Bombay, with the aims and objects of promoting good-will among the Indians and the Europeans in Bombay, and promoting the political, economical and social welfare of the country.

For the present, it is stated, the activities of the Group will be mainly educative, intended to benefit a large number of young Indians, who are anxious to be informed of the several live problems facing the world in general and India in particular, but who, on account of their professional pre-occupations, are handicapped from actively participating in any political organisation in the city.

Promotion of a better understanding between the Indians and the Europeans in the city, will be another item on their programme, and for this purpose a "liaison" Committee has already been formed, consisting of representatives of the Indian Progressive Group and the European Progressive Group. This "liaison," if successful, is expected to afford an opportunity to a number of Europeans (including those from the Continent) in Bombay to have authentic information on Indian affairs, through a series of talks, and lectures, by prominent Indians and Europeans in the country.

To promote harmony and goodwill among the Indians themselves, social contact between various sections and communities in the country, is considered an important step by the Indian Progressive Group, who naturally are interested in breaking down the barriers of orthodoxy and superstition, so far as the social life of the Indian community, as a whole is concerned.

This is considered the first organised attempt to create a better understanding between the Indian and the foreigner in this land. This attempt is encouraged by the fact, that there are several Europeans in Bombay who are members of the European Progressive Group (not necessarily members of the European Association), who are anxious to have a first-hand knowledge of the current Indian problems.

Membership is open to all, irrespective of community or creed, the annual fee payable being Rs. 5.

Those Indians who are interested in the activities of the Group may write to the Honorary Secretary, The Indian Progressive Group, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Bombay.

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Are you ambitious? Have you the average measure of ability? Are you prepared to concentrate that ability on the attainment of success in your career? Ambitious educated, well connected and hard working men are appointed by the Bharat and promoted to suitable positions.

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Manager,
Bharat Ins. Co., Ltd.,
LAHORE.

THE WORLD OF WIRELESS

SOME B. B. C. ITEMS

Excellent Musical Programmes To Be Heard

All timings in Greenwich Mean time:

"LONDON LIGHTS"

In the various "Pavement Parade" programmes, which have been exceptionally popular, the artists for the most part have been secured from that somewhat motley band of entertainers who amuse theatre queues. Some of these men have themselves been stars who have fallen on evil days. Cecil Madden has devised a similar programme, entitled "London Lights," which is a cut into a slice of life in the Middlesex metropolis. The artists will be drawn from queue entertainers in the north of London, and from other characters who may be encountered on the highways of Middlesex and of north London. A visit may be made to the Coledonian Market, and some of the scenes in that stirring rendezvous of bargaining (where you can get "'arf a 'ome for one-an'-fripence") included. Also, if time permits, some of the attractions of Highgate Village may be described.

Friday, May 15, 5-50 a.m.
Wednesday, May 13, 12-40 p.m.
Wednesday, May 13, 10-25 p.m.
Thursday, May 14, 2-0 a.m.

"TOSCA"

On Monday, May 11, listeners to Transmission 4 will be able to tune in to another broadcast from Covent Garden Opera House and hear the first act of Puccini's "Tosca." This opera, which dates from 1900, is in direct contrast to "La Boheme," which was produced four years earlier. It is a sombre tragedy based on the play that Sardou, the French dramatist, wrote for Sarah Bernhardt. The story takes place in Rome at the time of the Napoleonic wars. The scene of Act 1 is the inside of a church; Cavaradossi, an artist, is painting a Madonna. As soon as he is alone, an escaped prisoner comes out of a chapel near at hand and asks for help. Cavaradossi recognises him as his friend Angelotti, and furthers his escape. No sooner has Angelotti gone than the voice of Tosca is heard. She and Cavaradossi are in love, and Tosca, having heard voices and suspecting assignation, is jealous. Cavaradossi dispels her doubts. Just then Scarpia, chief of police, enters in search of Angelotti, who has been traced to the church. He suspects Cavara-

(Continued in Col. 4)

How The News Bulletin Is Prepared For Broadcasting

B. B. C. Chief News Editor Describes The Work In His Department

The working day of the BBC News Editor is in many ways very like that of the editor of a newspaper, but in other ways it is markedly unlike.

It is like, in that the ultimate decision as to the choice, form, weight, and presentation of news rests with him. Now this is a more onerous and continuous duty than the layman is apt to think. All the news-agency machines are working throughout the twenty-four hours, pouring forth hundreds of yards of "tape," with news of every possible kind from every corner of this country and all parts of the world. In the usual way, the sub-editors do the first selection and working up of all this inforamation. If they are in any doubt as to the treatment of any particular news, they have the Home and Foreign Editors to consult. Each of these two keeps an eye on all the news that falls within his province, and nothing goes into the bulletin without their close and expert scrutiny. Then, of course, the final approval is given by the Chief News Editor.

NO COMMENT.

So far, treatment of news proceeds on much the same lines as in a newspaper office, but there is one very big difference in the final result. This is, of course, the complete lack of editorial comment in the BBC news. At a time of crisis, like that caused by the recent storm over the Abyssinian peace proposals, the Chief News Editor of the BBC has not got to take anxious thought as to which side he will support. His duty has been accomplished when he has given a fair, unbiased, and objective statement of the latest information.

In the same way, the talks in the News are required to be purely objective statements by experts of recognised authority, or by participants in or witnesses of the events described. There is however, a good deal of thought to be given to the "presentation" side of both talks and news items. All listeners will have noticed that the news bulletins are different in form from what they would be if they were written to be read, so questions of juxtaposition have to be studied as well as actual phrasing. This, and the allotment of space to individual news items and talks, occupies a good deal of time.

The Director of Programme Planning is a most important official from the News Editor's point of view. He is responsible for deciding whether the News Editor shall be able to have a little extra time when there is a rush of particularly important news. Also, he "keeps the ring" for the News Editor (just as he does for every other head of a programme department) when others feel that they have pressing claims to a little extra time—claims that may involve two or three minutes' curtailment of the period set apart for news. Also, the many important notices regarding BBC publications and other matters, which appear from time to time in the News, come to the Editor from the Director of Programme Planning. There are very few days, therefore, when a consultation between the Chief News Editor and this official is not necessary.

"ILLUSTRATING" THE NEWS.

Another very important official from the News Editor's point of view is the executive officer in charge of recorded programmes. All the sound pictures and recordings that listeners hear in the News are arranged in consultation with him. He does the recording and arrangement of the sound items included in the News, and his staff handle the records at the actual time of broadcasting.

How are sound pictures secured? Let us take, as an example, the ceremony of the election of the present Lord Mayor of London at the Guildhall. On the eve of this election the head of the recorded-programmes unit attends a meeting in my office, or discusses with me plans for illustrating the next day's news, so far as it is possible to foresee them. On this occasion, he suggests that his mobile-recording unit can be sent to the Guildhall, and that he has already made a tentative approach to the authorities. Next day, the van is there. Microphones are run into the Guildhall and slung into appropriate positions. The proceedings are recorded in their entirety. The head of the recorded-programmes unit comes back, and by means of an editing panel, in consultation with one of my staff, he selects the most exciting of the incidents for the sound picture.

Next, the News Executive, an official "whose functions are particularly vital." He holds the department's pursestrings, and does all the business for the News Editor. He handles all questions relating to staff conditions, contracts foreign lines for a news talk from abroad, and a host of other matters, without which the News could not be got out. It is obvious, therefore, that consultations between the News Editor and this official are not only of daily occurrence but are almost continuous.

During the course of the day, the News Editor comes across items that he thinks may interest people apparently so far away from his work as the Director of Drama and the Director of Religions. In fact, most roads in Broadcasting House lead in the end to the News Department.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Dealing with correspondence is a mixed joy. Far too many listeners assume that the football match or the social meeting in which they are particularly interested is the biggest event of the day throughout the world, and write in strains varying from sorrow to severe anger, asking why the Chief News Editor has overlooked this world-shattering event. Then there are many others who are quite sure that they could give the most interesting talk on subjects ranging from cosmic nebulae to a new kind of floor polish. Other writers are quite sure that the BBC news service cannot function much longer unless they are appointed as local correspondents. Last come the letters that it is a real joy for the News Editor to receive, namely, reasoned appreciation or criticism, with occasional sound suggestions. All these letters have to be answered, most of them separately and not by means of a routine formula, and so another corner in the Chief News Editor's day is filled up.

I would not like to say how many times my telephone bells, both internal and external, ring during the day, because I could hardly hope to be believed. Suggestions, expostulations, requests, praise, denunciation—all these make a wonderful telephone "pot-pourri" and help to prevent the News Editor from falling into habits of laziness. But there is one excellent thing about being Chief News Editor of the BBC. He is all the time coming more and more closely into touch with his listeners.

DO YOU KNOW?

The total population of United States of America is 122,775,047.

The total number of families is 29,980,146.

The total number of Radio sets is 18,672,200.

Thus two out of every three American families have their own radio sets.

LUMOPHON INDIVIDUALLY BUILT RADIOS

An individually-built Radio Receiver as distinct from the mass-produced sets has long been the wish of many Radio listeners, though the question of cost has too often proved an insurmountable obstacle.

A very fine range of individually-built Receivers have been on the market for a considerable time now, embodying all the advantages and superior features of this type of apparatus in a very high degree and procurable at a price no more than that of a machine-made Radio, made possible by world-wide distribution and large-scale production. The credit for this achievement goes to the Lumphoon Factory at Germany producers of Lumophon—the world's finest Radios comprising of many models to suit all pockets and requirements.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Among the many excellent qualities of the Lumophon, the following will particularly interest the general public:—

1. Modern switching system; 2. Triple utilisation of the main valve; 3. Appreciably improved selectivity; 4. Easy manipulation by means of back-coupling which is free from atmospheric disturbances; 5. Non-distorted regulation of fading, coupled with the prevention of over-modulation; 6. Very best reproduction of music, with the aid of Dioden rectification and 9 watt end-penthode; 7. Full-dynamic Loudspeaker. Full-dynamic Loudspeaker; 8. Four-stepped tone-diaphragm, without reduction in the volume of sound; 9. Full-view turbine scale, within easy range of vision; 10. Precision-calibrated dial of sending stations, with pointer and illumination; 11. Tastefully finished casing in superior fancy wood.

FEW VALVES.

The most important point of interest is that the Lumophon employs fewer valves of multi-valve power which constitutes the most valuable quality on the new high graded Lumophon Apparatus Thus a 4 Valve Lumophon gives a 12 Valve performance of the usual type to which are added the features of improved sound reproduction, have fine selectivity, greater volume and range possible only in individually-built Radios.

Particulars, quotations and literature dealing with the Lumophon range of Radio Receivers and other Lumophon Products, also many reputed make of radios components can be obtained free of charge and without obligation from the Sole Agents in India, Messrs. United Engineering Corporation, United House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay or from their Calcutta Office at 19, Strand Road.

Radio Installations On Giant Air Liners

Aeroplane Passengers May Now Converse With The World As They Fly

A wireless installation claimed to be the most modern and efficient ever constructed for use in commercial aircraft has now been completed and is to be fitted into "Canopus," the first of the great Imperial Airways' flying-boats.

The wireless equipment for this fleet of 28 great new flying-boats is being constructed in the Experimental Aircraft Establishment of the Marconi Company at Hackbridge, close to the London air-port, and embodies all experience gained in the use of wireless telephone and telegraphy in fifteen years of airway operation.

TRAP-DOOR AERIAL

Apart from the actual wireless problems which arose in designing the sets for the new aircraft, the problem of fitting the various wireless devices without in any way detracting from the high speed of these giant flying-boats has also had to be solved. Attaining as they will a speed of close on 200 miles-an-hour, the question of eliminating wind-resistance in the fitting of aerials and accessories has become extremely important.

A special study of this matter has, in the new sets, produced some extremely interesting results. For example, instead of there being an external windmill generator producing current for the wireless, an entirely new system is being employed in which dynamos and generators inside the hull, coupled to the main engines of the flying-boat, provide the necessary current. Another ingenious way of eliminating external resistance is to be found in connection with the loop aerial for direction-finding. This, when not in use, is lowered through a trap-door, vanishing inside the hull.

OPERATOR'S COMPARTMENT

In the new flying-boats the wireless operator will have a compartment, installed with every form of modern equipment, situated on the upper deck immediately behind the control cabin of the Captain and First-Officer. Here will be placed the new type of set which has been designed specially for these big flying-boats. It will be known as the Marconi A. D. 57/58a type. For transmitting purposes it will operate on wave-lengths of from 16-75 metres and from 600-1100 metres, while for reception it will operate on wave-lengths of from 16-75 metres to 600-2000 metres.

A feature of this new installation is that a direction-finding apparatus is embodied in the main set, and is not a separate piece of equipment, as has been the case hitherto. By the use of this direction-finding equipment the wireless operator will be able to tune in to any ground stations that may be operating within range, and plot out the air-liner's position at any time during a flight.

AIR PASSENGERS MESSAGES.

Wireles developments not only play their part in the navigation of modern air-liners, but they are also at the service of passengers when any important or emergency message needs to be transmitted. By facilities now in existence on the air routes, an urgent cable for any passenger who is in flight can, after it has been sent to the nearest convenient land-station, be transmitted from that station to the air-liner, being taken down and handed to the passenger by the wireless operator of the aircraft. By a similar system, should a passenger in flight find that he or she needs to send an urgent message, this can be transmitted by the air-liner operator to the nearest ground station, and then sent on to its destination by the land service.

'PLANE TO 'PLANE!

It is fascinating to study some of the reports of long-range wireless communication on the airways. On one occasion, while an Imperial Airways aircraft was flying near M'pika, on the Africa route, its operator got into touch with—and maintained communication for several minutes with—another aircraft which was then in flight at a point approximately 2,000 miles away. Another report tells how, while flying over the White Nile, an operator established communication over a distance of 4,000 miles with a Government wireless station in England. On yet another occasion, while an air-liner was in flight over the Eastern sections of the England-Australia route, two-way communication from the air was established with Sydney over a distance of several thousand miles

RADIO ETHICS

American Appeal For "Choice Word And Measured Phrase

Owen D. Young, chairman of the advisory committee of the National Broadcasting Company of America appealed recently for the "choice word and the measured phrase" in radio speeches, particularly during the political campaign.

"RADIO RESPONSIBILITY."

Speaking on "Radio Responsibility" at a Rollins College founders' day convocation, Mr. Young declared the "preservation of the right of free speech, gained after bloody battles and enormous sacrifice, now depends upon the exercise of wise discretion by him who undertakes to speak before this giant reflector of his voice."

"Freedom of speech for the man whose voice can be heard a few hundred feet is one thing," he added. "Freedom of speech for the man whose voice may be heard around the world is another. We defend them both and will to the uttermost, but we cannot be blind to the increasing dangers of carelessness or intemperance in their use."

EX-PRESIDENT CRITICISED

He quoted recent radio utterances of former President Hoover Alfred E. Smith and Senator Robinson, adding:

"Without questioning their right to freedom of speech, without inquiring as to the sincerity of their belief, one may well ask whether such statements are a wise exercise of the great powers and responsibilities of trusteeship which these men hold."

Care in statements is vital now, he said, because "are facing a political campaign of wide interest and vast importance. Politics for the time being is dominant. It is the master of our economics. It may dictate our living standards. It may decide whether government is a servant of the people or whether it is their master...

"At the beginning of this year, with so many months ahead, may we not ask the great masters of our political machine to exercise that conscientious care and restraint which these modern instruments require?

"To these great men, and even to the President of the United States, all held in high esteem, may we not appeal for the choice word and the measured phrase, spoken with malice toward none and charity toward all?"

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HEALTH OR DISEASE
Pure Blood is HEALTH, VIGOUR and LIFE
Impure Blood is the root cause of Skin Diseases, Boils, Rashes, Ulcers, Sores, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism. The poisons result in damage to the Arteries, internal organs and in premature old age. The direct way to health is by purifying the blood with

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Loud Speakers At Viceregal Function

An interesting feature of the recent functions arranged at the Gateway of India to welcome the new Viceroy and to bid farewell to Lord Willingdon was the installation by Chicago Radio Company of loud speakers which carried the speeches and addresses to the whole assemblage gathered there. This was the first time loud speakers were installed at such a function.

(Continued from column 1.)

dossi of having aided the prisoner, and, being himself in love with Tosca, decides to order the arrest of the painter and thus be rid of his rival.

MUSIC FROM MUSEUM

The Sushworth Museum, which will be the subject of an illustrated talk to be broadcast from Daventry in the near future, contains a unique collection of musical instruments dating from the sixteenth century. The museum is run by Messrs. Rushworth and Dreaper, the well-known musical agents of Liverpool. The exhibits are twenty in number, and include a grand pianoforte made about 1810, which was frequently played by Beethoven during his visit to Count von Oppersdorf at Oberglogau Castle; a clavicord made by Christian Gottlob of Ausbach in 1783; sixteenth-century virginals and spinets; a harspichord made by Jacobus Kirkman of London in 1767; several different types of organ; a viola; a violin; a guitar; a mandolin; a bassoon; a serpent; a hurdy-gurdy; and a key-bugle.

No fewer than four previous broadcast talks have been devoted to the museum and its contents. The present speaker, Dr. J. E. Wallace, is a well-known Merseyside musician and holds, among other posts, that of conductor of the Liverpool Philharmonic Choir.

Tuesday, May 19, 5-15 a.m.
Thursday, May 14, 11 a.m.
Friday, May 22, 9-20 p.m.
Sunday, May 17, 2 a.m.

A guitar recital that, to many, will be the means of revealing the capacity of that instrument and the tonal beauty of which it is capable, will shortly be broadcast in the Empire programmes. The artistes will be Emilio Pujol, who is considered to be one of the greatest living exponents of the guitar, and his wife, Matilde Cuervas. They will be heard individually and together. In the music that he plays, Pujol inclines to the classical school, and is himself responsible for a number of works for his instrument. He can claim to have done for the guitar what Lionel Tertis has done for the viola: many contemporary composers of renown, having heard the guitar in Pujol's hands, have been impelled to create works especially for the instrument. In the repertoire of Matilde Cuervas, the national music of the Spanish people preponderates—music that is to Spain what its gipsy music is to Hungary. And, as in Hungary, many of the tunes that Matilde Cuervas plays have never been written down on paper: of unknown antiquity, they have been aurally passed down from generation to generation. Pujol and Cuervas have been heard by Home listeners on a number of occasions, have given recitals in London, and from their home in Paris have taken their art to most parts of the Continent of Europe.

Friday, May 15, 11 a.m.
Friday, May 29, 9 p.m.
Wednesday, May 13, 11-30 p.m.

YOU CAN

—INFLUENCE people
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—attract MONEY
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Tastes differ but Britannia alone has biscuits to suit all tastes.
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Latest Commercial News

Rise In N. York On Unfavourable Weather

RISE IN CROSS RATE CHECKED

SILVER QUIET BUT GOLD STEADY

Chicago Wheat Fairly Steady

BOMBAY, May 6

On Wednesday, sterling dollar crossrate opened at 4.96 3/8 but then eased to 4.96 1/16 subsequently developing somewhat steadier tendency. Franc opened at 75.37 and then declined to 75.32. Further rise being prevented by British controls' operations.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY

The New York Cotton Exchange displayed considerable activity to-day following unfavourable weather conditions in Western Belt. Pool was reported moderate seller.

SILVER QUIET

Little continental selling was reported in silver. But gold was fairly steady.

WHEAT RECOVER

After yesterday's reaction, Chicago wheat imporved on scattered buying influenced by unfavourable weather in South West.

SECURITIES GENERALLY QUIET

After ruling firm, demand slackened. Markets generally quieter. Gilt-edged securities and home industrials in general rather undecided. Foreign bonds and internationals steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, May 6

Previous closing	10.24
To-day's opening	10.25
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	10.25
Difference	+.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, May 6

Previous closing	5.60
To-day's opening	5.63
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	5.64
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August ..... Rs. 200

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 6

New York cotton displayed considerable activity to-day following unfavourable weather conditions in western belt while trade was also fair buyer on other hand, pool was a moderate seller of May positions around 11.54. Situation in textile industry was uninteestring and dull.

Trading in July commenced at 11.09 i.e. one point higher than previous closing prices improved on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying particularly new crop months on unfavourable weather reports in west with July rising to 11.12. At this enquiry was less active but undertone kept very steady.

JULY 1936

Previous closing	11.08
To-day's opening	11.09
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	11.15
Difference	+07

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 6

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.08/11.08) 11.10/11.09

October (10.17/10.17) 10.25/10.24

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 6

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (6.13) 6.16

American July (5.95) 5.98

Egyptian May (8.79) 8.84

Egyptian July (8.55) 8.60

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 6

After the New York opening, Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 199-4 and later was quoted at Rs. 199.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET REPORT

Jutes Rule Slightly Easier

CALCUTTA, May 6.

Jutes ruled slightly easier and only limited business was transacted.

In coals, Talchers showed a fair enquiry and prices advanced up to 1/6 while others were more or less unchanged. Teas were uninteresting.

In miscellaneous, Indian cables and Indian galvanisings met fair support while sugars maintained their prices.

Government securities had a steady undertone.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent loan, 1941 104/9; three and half per cent paper 98/2; four per cent loan 1960/70 113/11.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1543; Imperial Conty 377 small lot; Reserve Bank 126/4.

Railways:—Chaparmukh Silghat 91; Kalighat Falta 97/8; Talcher coal ½.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 375 small lot; Anglo-India pref. 152/3 ex. div; Auckland 174/8 Small lots: Cheviot Pref. 148; Dalhousie 298/8 small lots; India 271/8; Kamarhatty 470; Kinnison 556 small lots; New Central pref. 150/8.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 5/15; Bhagalpur Elec. 7/12; Arthur Butler Ordy. 12/12; Indian Galvanizing 8/12; Balmer Lawrie 225; B. I. Corporation Ordy 7/6; Bengal Paper Pref. Rs. 100; Bengal Paper paid up 149; Midnapore Zemindary 73/8 small lot.

Sugars:—Cawnpore 34/12; New Savan 13/14; Samastipore 10.—Reuter.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 6

Previous closing	4.96
To-day's opening	4.95 7/8
To-day's closing	—

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 6

Previous closing	4.96 11/16
To-day's opening	4.96 5/8
To-day's closing	4.96 3/16

FRANC RATE

London, May 6

Previous closing	75.41
To-day's opening	75.37
To-day's closing	75.32

LONDON SILVER

London, May 6

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	(20 5/16)	20 1/4
Forward	(20 5/16)	20 1/4

The market was steady.

DISCOUNTS

London, May 6

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cen

CROSS RATES

London, May 6

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8

Paris on Bombay (5.69 3/8) 5.68 5/8

New York on Bombay (37.48) 37.54

Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/8

London on Milan (63.00) 63.25

London on Shanghai (1-2 1/2) 1-2 15/32

London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 6

Silver opened steady at Rs. 50/6, 50/6 and 50/6. There was no particular interest owing to absence of any further important developments abroad and prices generally kept steady on sporadic buying with very small business passing closed steady at Rs. 50/6, 50/6 and 50/7.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/11/9, 34/11/9 and 34/11/6. Prices early continued steady on scattered local buying but subsequently slight easiness set in on weaker dollar, however finally market rallied on support influenced by improved. Francs closed steady at Rs. 34/12, 34/12 and 34/11/9.

Jain Students' Boarding Opened

(From a Correspondent.)

BORDI, (By Mail.)

Shet Popatlal Dharsey of Jamnagar opened on Sunday last at Bordi a Boarding house for Jain students for which Shet Raychand Gulabchand of Achhari gave Rs. 20,000 as donation.

Mr. Mishrimal of Dahanu, Secretary, Jain Shikshan Prasarak Mandal which is conducting the Hostel, read the report of the working of the Mandal which showed that nearly Rs. 60,000 were collected by the Mandal from the Jain Community of Dahanu Taluka for the purpose of the Hostel. Nearly 50 pupils are to be admitted to the Hostel, and all those pupils will join the Gokhale Education Society's Hakimji High School.

Shet Popat'al, the president, gave Rs. 1,000, as donation to the Hostel, and in addition, Rs. 1,200 were contributed by some other guests present.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 6

Liverpool wheat opened quiet at May 72 1/2 July 73 1/4. The market was somewhat quieter to-day owing to absence of any fresh speculative buying influenced by slightly lower cables from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 6

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.96 5/8. The market displayed slightly more interest after yesterday reaction and prices improved on scattered buying influenced by unfavourable weather reports from southwest.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 6

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows

METALS

Tin (closed) £205 1/4 buyers £205 1/2 sellers Quiet.

Lead (closed) £15 15/16 sellers. £15 13/16 buyers £15 7/8. Barely steady.

Electrolytic copper (closed) £41 3/8 to £41 5/8

Glasgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (£9 7/16 paid and sellers) £7 3/8 paid and buyers

Forward (£7 1/2 paid and sellers) £7 9/16 paid and sellers

SILVER CABLES

London, May 6

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—"Little Continent selling. Little Indian, Chinese and speculator buying. Market is quiet."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 0-10 1/2

Indian Pekoe higher (0-11) 1-6 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 3/4) 2-2 3/4

JUTE.

New Crop April May (£18 15/16 paid and value) £18 7/16 sellers

Dunlop May (£22 3/4 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers

Lightning May (£21 sellers) £21 sellers.

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay April-May (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 1/2 sellers

Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 9/16 sellers) £10 3/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata April (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal April (13 3/4 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, May 6

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7	2	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	2	9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	3	6
Sept. 1936 Delivery.			
Rates at 9-0 p.m.	7	6	6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	6	9
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	2	9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	2	9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 6

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	4	6	0
Wheat September	4	6	9
Linseed May	7	3	3
Linseed September	7	7	0

The tone was steady.

Poona Riot Arrests

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, May 5.

Four persons were put under arrest by the City police yesterday. It is stated they are arrested in connection with the recent riots.

ANNIVERSARY OF BASSEIN VICTORY DAY

A Bassein correspondent writes:

The day on which the Marathas were victorious in the Battle of Bassein in 1739, will be celebrated as Bassein Victory Day at Bassein. The celebrations begin on the 8th instant and last for two more days, viz. 9th and 10th, in Bassein Fort. Rao Saheb Govindrao Sakharam Sirdesai, the famous historian of Maharashtra will preside.

Friday (8th May) will be observed by the students in the Bassein Fort. On Saturday (the 9th) at 9-30 p.m. there will be a Hari-kirtan (religious sermon) by Mr. Pilubuwa Wadujkar, in the Temple of Shree Trivikram. On Sunday (the 10th), there will be a meeting in Bassein Fort from 9-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m.

Communications should be addressed to Mr. Hari Govind Ghanekar, Bassein, (Dist. Thana) Secretary, Bassein Victory Day Celebration Committee.

A Rangoon message states:

Two Indians were killed and another seriously injured and removed to hospital when they were knocked down by a motor car on Pome Road, on Sunday night.

The police are looking for the car, which, after the accident, disappeared.

Improved Sentiment In Foreign Exchange Market

HEAVY FRANC SELLING

Minings Featured In Wall Street

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, May 6.

In the Stock Exchange improved sentiment was apparent despite paucity of business though gains were confined to Austrian and Japanese bonds and among industrials, woolworths, unilevers and dunlops.

Heavy selling of francs marked the foreign exchange market until the rise of the French Bank rate from five to six p.c. brought soothing influence causing Speculators to take cover.

On Wallstreet, minings were featured. Otherwise the market is erratic.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 6

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 3/4.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday April 23 £97 3/4

Friday April 24, £97 3/4

Monday, April 27, £97 3/4

Tuesday, April 28, £97 3/4

Wednesday, April 29, £97 3/4

Thursday, April 30 £97 3/4

Friday, May 1 £97 3/4

Monday, May 4, £97 3/4

Tuesday May 5 £97 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 6

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.96 3/8 but then eased to 4.96 1/16 subsequently developing somewhat steadier tendency.

Franc opened at 75.37 and then declined to 75.32 further rise being prevented by British controls operations.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£35) £35 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/8) £107 3/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 1/2) £111 3/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 1/2) £117 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 7/8) £106

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113 3/8) £115 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-9) 20-9

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5 1/8) £4 7/8

Hydro Electric (£6 3/4) £6 3/4

Musical Industries (25-1 1/2) 26-1 1/2

Princhin Johnson (44-4 1/2) 44-9

Imperial Chemical (39-7 1/2) 39-3

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (127-0) 128-4 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£88 1/4) £87 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (36-4 1/2) 35-1 1/2

University Ordinary (3-16) 32-3

Ford Motors (32) 31-7 1/2

Cable Wires (£7 7/8) £8 1/8

British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2) 124-4 1/2

Camera A (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (156-3) 157-6

P and O S N Company Defd (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2

Distillers (100-3) 99/9

Bred and Dyers (7-8) 7-6

British Celanese (11-6) 11-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (62-3) 63-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (47-9) 48-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-3) 6-6

Western Limited Ordinary (24-9) 24-9

Inter Nickels (£46) £46

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-10½/2 6-4 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

BIG PRIZES FOR MOTORISTS

In an interview with the Sports Secretary of the Western India Automobile Association we were informed that plans for the holding of an All-India Motor Rally at Delhi during His Majesty's impending visit next year are nearing perfection, and that the Automobile Association of Northern India, who are organizing the event, propose to offer prizes ranging in value from about Rs. 5,000 downwards, and to establish a special camp for entrants. An event of this sort, probably the first of its kind in India, should prove very popular, especially in view of the handsome prizes it is proposed to offer, and the great convenience which the camp will be to all entrants.

It is proposed to hold this rally one week before the Durbar so that all entrants will have an opportunity of witnessing it, and as the entrance fee is provisionally fixed at a very nominal sum of Rs. 100 per car, there should be a bumper entry. In addition to the prizes for the open events, there will also be, provided the scheme materialises, a handsome trophy for competition between visitors from particular provinces, and we hope sincerely that one or more motor magnets of Bombay will come forward with their usual generosity and make certain that the trophy offered by Bombay is the best of any.

MUSLIM J.P. HONOURED

An important function was held on Tuesday evening at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, where the friends and admirers of Mr. Mohamed Umar Abdul Rasul, a Municipal Corporator, and a prominent businessman of Bombay, met at a tea party given in honour of his appointment as a Justice of the Peace.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 6

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (101 3/4) £101 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£120 1/2) (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 per cent. Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£112 3/8) £112 3/8

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£107)

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-0) 20-7 1/2

Donaro Tea (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2

Empire of India Ceylon (29-10 1/2) 29-9 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-4 1/2) 28

Gula Kelampong (26-3) 26-3

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-3) 30-9

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/4) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (57-6) 58-9

Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Rio Tintos (£13) £13 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (66) 67-3

Rand Iman (£8 1/2) £9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/2) £14 7/8

Goddar New (£10 3/4) £11

Moddar New (52-6) 52-6

Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (44-4 1/2) 45

Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (41-4 1/2) 43-1 1/2

Anglo Iranian (92-6) 93-9

Burma Oil (97-6) 98-9

Mexican Eagle (20-7 1/2) 21

Shell Transport (98-1 1/2) 96

Royal Dutch (£34 3/8) £34 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£48) ...48 1/2

L M Ford (£23 3/4) £24 1/4

L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

Southern Dutch (£23 3/4) £24 1/8

London Paris 5 per cent (£136) £136 3/4

London Board G Stock (£104) £104

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 6

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 63 1/2) dol 64 1/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33) dol 34

U S Steel Common (dol 56 3/8) dol 56 7/8

U S. Steel Preference (dol 120 1/2) unquoted.

Kolhapur Harijan Demands

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 5.

That restaurants, which refuse to discontinue giving different treatment to Harijans and Caste Hindus and treat them both alike, be disallowed by statute, forms the theme of a resolution passed at the Kolhapur Harijan Conference held at Kolhapur last Sunday.

About a dozen resolutions were passed by the Conference and majority of them prayed for greater facilities to Harijans.

Gadgil And Haveli Kisan Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 5.

Syt. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., is to preside over the Haveli Taluqua Kisan Conference to be held at Charholi on the 10th instant.

TYPING CLASS

It has been arranged to accommodate 15 students more from the month of May, 1936, in the type-writing group of the Kumar Night School at Cutchi Dassa Oswal Jain Pathshala, Charakh House, Bhat Bazaar, Mandvi, Bombay. 9. Students desiring to join should see the Secretary between 7 and 8 p.m. on or before the 10th of May.

MARATHA SCHOLARSHIPS

Scholarships are to be given to the students from the Kshatrakulotpanna Maratha Samaj, Bombay. Those desirous should write to the Secretary, Shikshan Samiti, Kshatrakulotpanna Maratha Samaj, 48, Patel Terrace, Parel, Bombay with nine pies stamp for the Scholarships Form on or before the 31st May. The same is to be returned on or before the 5th June, 1936.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 6.

James Finlay & Coy.'s s.s. Clan Macbeth of 2816 reg. tons, Capt. J. H. Crellin arrived from Fowey via Glasgow, Liverpool, Port Said and Suez with general cargo.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 6-5-36.

S S Rauenfels (L E Ltd.) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Aden.

S S Sumatra (L E Ltd.) for Negapatam, Madras, Calcutta, Rangoon and Europe and American Ports.

S S Islami (M M & Co.) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Port Sweetanham.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, May 6.

Mackinnon Mackenzie & Coy.'s s.s. Barpeta of 1892 reg. tons, Capt. W. Dewhurst sailed for Basra via Verawal, Coast Ports, Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

B I S N Coy.'s s.s. Querimba of 4772 reg. tons, Capt. J. H. Hughes sailed for Calcutta via Tuticorin with local cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Liebenfels of 3852 reg. tons, Capt. Ihtefeld sailed for Cochin, Alleppey, Calicut, Mangalore, Bypore and Marmagoa with same bottom cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Ferndale of 2450 reg. tons, Capt. H. Blom sailed for Colombo and Calcutta with same bottom cargo.

RAIN EXPECTED IN THE DECCAN

POONA, May 6.

Thunderstorms caused fairly widespread rain in Tenasserim, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Orissa with a few falls in Upper Burma, Bihar, Madras and the Deccan. Mergui, Tavoy report 2 inches and Mymensingh 1-1|2. The Western disturbance caused a few thunderstorms in the East and North Punjab and in the North-west of the United Provinces.

FORECAST:—Thunderstorm and rain will occur locally in Bengal, Assam and a few stations in Burma, Mysore and the Deccan. Scattered thunderstorms are also likely to occur in the United Provinces, in the East and North Punjab and Kashmir.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 6/5/36.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —078 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.8 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.2 degrees (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.0 degrees. 0.3 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 188 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 6-5-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 85.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.00 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.78 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 5-5-36	6722000	4198000
Receipts yesterday 5-5-36	10000	6000
Exports to date 5-5-36	5445000	4134000
Stock at Ports 1-5-36	1834000	1952000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-5-36	177000	1394000
Stock at Liverpool 1-5-36	731000	748000
Visible Supply 1-5-36	4912000	4760000
Quantity in sight 1-5-36	11601000	7560000
Quantity out of sight 1-5-36	9795000	8118000

Fire In Delhi Godown

NEW DELHI, May 6.

A fire broke out in a godown in Sadar Bazar and spread rapidly. Large number of fire brigades are combating with the fire, but have not yet been able to bring it under control.

Loss is estimated so far at Rs. 80.000. The cause of the fire is not known.—United Press.

New School For Jhalod

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, (By Mail.)

The Jhalod Mahajan English School Committee has resolved to start an English school with the help of the public of Jhalod.

Six boys of the Bhil Seva Mandal, Dohad, have all passed their examination in the English school with bright results. One of them has stood first while the rest are within the sixth rank.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 1st day of May 1936.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department.	25,93,06,000
Notes in circulation	169,67,85,000
Total Notes issued	195,60,91,000
Total Liabilities	195,60,91,000
ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	68,31,71,000
Total of A	112,73,88,000
B. Rupee Coin	59,44,01,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	23,43,02,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets	195,60,91,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.635 per cent.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 1st May 1936.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government**	7,15,65,000
(b) Banks	34,61,65,000
(c) Others	39,09,000
Bills Payable	9,12,000
Other Liabilities	97,75,000
Rs.	53,24,66,000
ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	25,93,06,000
Rupee Coin	5,98,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,91,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	2,39,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	16,84,09,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	5,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,50,000
Investments	4,95,23,000
Other Assets	40,50,000
Rs.	53,24,66,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

**Includes £57,400 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Trading Uninteresting

Bombay May 6.

The London Seeds market yesterday closed with a downward trend while the Buenos Aires showed a rise of two points for May and June.

Locally, the market continues to rule easier in absence of any improvement in demand.

May opened at Rs. 7-2-7-1/2 and ruled in the same vicinity during the initial stage. Market tendency looks a little bearish due to back of outside support.

Liverpool wheat market opened steady and maintained a firm level inspite of very little business activity. May and July finally gained 3/4 to 1/4d. per cental. The Chicago wheat also opened steady but a reactionary tendency was visible due to lack of outside support and generally favourable crop news.

Locally, May opened at Rs. 4/6 as expected. Business looks to be very much restricted and shows very small fluctuations either day.

Later market assumed a somewhat steadier tone on scattered buying influenced by activity in outside markets.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	3	3
Linseed Sept.	7	7	0
Wheat May	4	6	0
Wheat Sept.	4	6	9
Teji-mandi Sept.	0	3	6

Marriage At Sagar Studio

(From A Correspondent)

The large grounds of the "Sagar" Studio situated at Napean Sea Road, were 'en-fete' on the occasion of the celebrations of the weddings on 2nd and 3rd of May, of Messrs. Surendra and Virendra, two sons of Sjt. Chimanlal B. Desai, of Sagar Movietone Co. Several prominent citizens of Bombay, attended the celebrations, Amongst those present were Mr. Rahimtoola Chinoy, Pir Saheb, Sjt. Nariman, Mr. Ebrahim Currimbhoy Chatriwalla, Mr. Cowasji Petigara the proprietors of Bombay Radio and Major Bhatia, proprietor of Imperial Cinema, and several others of their own community as also from the professional and from high business circles, including ladies, and of all communities.

The occasion was celebrated with great 'eclat' and the bungalow and the grounds were decorated with festoons, banners and thousands of electric lights. A special Cinema Film was taken for the "Hasta-Melap" ceremony. On both the days over 2,000 guests were present and arrangements for dinner were made both in Indian and European styles.

The family members and friends of Sjt. Chimanlal Desai, gave costly and beautiful presents to the brides and bridegrooms on this auspicious occasion. The celebrations including the arrangements for entertainment were magnificent and attractive.

Five pictures were being shooted at a time in Sagar Studios, but owing to this auspicious occasions, all the departments were entirely closed for four days.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, informs the "United Press" that the Labour Sub-Committee appointed by the Working Committee will meet at Bombay on 18th and 19th instant.

New York Cotton Steady On Wall-Street Buying

Trade Absorbing Co-operative Selling

Weather Continues Favourable: Stock Exchange Rules Bright

BOMBAY, May 6.

The New York Stock Exchange is passing through an important corrective movement. Trading was decidedly bright on favourable news and most of the scrips registered a rise of two Dollars.

Inspite of restricted business, the New York Cotton Exchange maintained a steady tone Trade buying dominated the Co-operative selling pressure.

Chicago wheat market shows narrow fluctuation inspite of bullish crop estimates.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton showed an irregular trend mostly due to tightners of spot situation and backwardness of crop prospects. However the undertone was seemingly bullish on insufficiency of moisture.

Trading commenced with July standing at 11.03 that is without showing any change from the previous level. Soonafter July previous 11.02—1 being the lowest for the day thereafter market gathered some strength on scattered trade support coupled with some foreign buying transaction and at the time of Liverpool close July was quoted at 11.05 plus 2.

Thereafter market remained quiet with very narrow price movements. The business was restricted in absence of fresh pointers. However, during the final stage, market received further support on activity on Wall-Street which included further buying the undertone was fairly steady. Before the close July touched 11.09 plus 6 being the highest for the day. Finally the session terminated with July standing at 11.08 plus 5. The Spot closed at 11.62.

NEW ORLEANS.

The New Orleans futures market also ruled firm. May and July finally gaining 1 to 2 points.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Though expected to open at a loss of one point, the Liverpool July opened at unchanged rates which was also the lowest for the day.

Later, some continental buying helped the market to develope a steadier tendency. However, the pressure of hedge selling on easier dollar checked any further rise in values. July option managed to touch 5.95 plus 1 being the highest for the day. Price-movements were negligible in absence of further buying power. Finally July was quoted at 5.94 (unchanged). The Spot closed at 6.43 (unchanged).

EAST INDIAN.

The East Indian market ruled dull May and July finally losing 3 points.

EGYPTIAN.

The Egyptian group ruled irregular. Sakel May and Upper July gaining one to 2 points at the close.

ALEXANDRIA.

Due to general buying the Alexandria cotton market also shared a better tone. Sakel May and Upper June finally gaining 6 to 1 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York July Highest (3-00 p.m.) 11.09 plus 6.

New York July Lowest (10-06 a.m.) 11.02—1.

Liverpool July Highest 5.95 plus 1.

Liverpool July Lowest 5.94.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Scarcity of contracts for new crop. Market not affected by increased fertilizer sales. Trade and shorts covering. Weather continues favourable over entire belt. New crop purchases should be made during the weak spots.

New York.—Trade absorbing Co-operative selling.

Cables received through Reuters:—

Liverpool.—Bombay buying met straddle selling. Market quiet and narrow. Closed quiet.

New York.—Market was steady, favourable weather being counter balanced by foreign buying and Wall Street buying.

Messrs. M and B. Stern state:—

Some improvement in Wall Street due to more favourable dividend reports coupled with foreign buying resulted in a small recovery on the cotton market. After the close of Wall Street, prevalent rumours on the French Bourse of impending embargo on gold shipments from France were categorically denied by the French Finance Minister Mons. Regnier who stated that no special measures will be taken to control foreign exchange or put an embargo on gold.

Weather reports are generally favourable and moisture is now reported to be sufficient except in the Central Belt. Some complaints however are still being received of the backwardness of crop conditions.

The Pool made further sales of May "futures" at 11-52 and 11-54 cents per lb.

Speculative activity in the market continues to be practically dormant, though the low price level is encouraging some support.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Company have issued through their Indian Agent, Mr. Ten Broeck the following London Air Mail News:—

Since last writing, the market has declined some ten points. This decline is the result of the materialisation of the rumours of rains in the Western drought area.

Should these rains, which at present are still insufficient, continue a further small decline may occur, helped by the uncertainties of the European situation. However, we continue to advise purchases of new crops on such declines.

The October Straddle between Liverpool and New York has widened quite considerably during the past week, and around 135-140 points, we advise sales of October in this market against purchases of October in New York.

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York, May 5
July	11.08+05
October	10.24+09
December	10.25+09
January	10.27+09
Middling Spot	11.62

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	New York, May 5
May	11.42+01
July	10.99+02
October	10.19
Middling Spot	11.40+03
New York 10-55 a.m.—	
July	11.05
October	10.18
Noon Call.—	
July	11.06+01
October	10.20

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 5

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	10,000 bales.
Day's Exports to Great Britain	2,000 bales
Day's Exports to the Continent	12,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 5.

May	6.12
June	6.02
July	5.94
August	5.81
September	5.69+01
October	5.60+01
November	5.53+01
December	5.52+01
January	5.52+01
February	5.52+01
March	5.52+01
April	5.52+02
Middling Spot	6.43
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
July	5.95—01
October	5.60—02

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 5.

F.G.F. Sakellaridis.—	
May	8.78
July	8.54
October	8.46
November	8.32
January	8.21
March	8.16
F.G.F. Spot	8.94

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 5.

Broach.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.04
Fine (Good staple)	5.19
Superfine (Good staple)	5.34
Oomra.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.11
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.26
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.41
Bengal.—	
Good	3.96
Fully Good	4.06
Fine	4.18
Scinde.—	
Fully Good	4.27
Fine	4.39
Superfine	4.51

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 5.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate, 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Finest Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 3/8 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

EXCHANGES.

London, May 5.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	4.96 11/16
Paris	75.41
Berlin	12.31 1/2
Madrid	36.40
Amsterdam	7.32 1/4
Brussels	29.20
Milan	63.06
Berne	15.28 1/2
Prague	120.00

BOMBAY COTTON

Improved On Higher Liverpool

BOMBAY, May 6.

Inspite of steadier advices from America, our local market shows a very disgusting attitude. It seems speculative interest is lying in a remarkable dormancy which needs an equally vigorous stimulous from foreign exchanges. Till then the trading is bound to continue lifeless.

Lateness of crop and tightness of spot situation were the outstanding features in the New York cotton market yesterday.

Later on Wall Street activity imparted further strength to the market which maintains a fairly steady level inspite of co-operative and hedging pressure.

Weather continues favourable. However, price movements continue to be seemingly narrow in absence of any speculative interest which is believed to be entirely dormant.

Following a small rise in American futures, our local market for Broach J/A opened at Rs. 199/8/- Speculation seems dormant on the Bombay cotton market where during the early session the market hesitated to move either way.

A dull and monotonous tone prevailed in the market where Jobbers appeared awaiting incentive from Liverpool market.

Though expected to open at a rise of one point, the Liverpool Cotton opened with a rise of three points and subsequently improved by one more point. The bullish advice attracted numerous purchases and Broach J/A. which was lying quite still gradually improved further to Rs. 199/8 but at this stage the buying power weakened and the market assumed a steady tone.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M	197	12	0
Broach J/A	129	4	0
Broach A/M	195	12	0
Oomra May	185	4	0
Oomra July	184	4	0
Oomra D/J	177	4	0
Bengal May	159	0	0
Bengal July	155	4	0
Bengal D/J	143	0	0
Teji Mandi J/A.	8	0	0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, May 6

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P ...	171	167	162	159	
Punjab ...	171	167	162	159	
Rajputana ...	...	...	...	...	
Oomra No. 3	195	192	189	185	...
C P No. 1	208	205	202	198	...
C P No. 2	201	198	195	191	...
Broach No. 2 ...	207	204	201	197	
Punjab-Ame ...	219	216	213	209	
Surat ...	243	240	237	233	
Rajpipla ...	240	237	234	230	
Navsari ...	249	246	243	239	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 6

Bengal Superfine	166/168
Bengal Fine	164/165
Bengal F G	161/162
C P 1 Fine	200/201
C P 2 Fine	195/196
Arvi Fine	196/197
Ellichpur Fine	193/194
Berar Fine	189/191
Khamgaon Fine	190/192
Mulkapur Fine	185/188
Khandesh Fine	183/185
Jalna/Sailu Fine	180/183
Burwah/Sanavad	190/192
Mathia	175/178
Broach Fine	202/209
Dhollera	197/202
Punjab/American	202/212
Sindh-American	202/212
Cambodia	259/262
Compta	227/232
Westerns	197/207
Miraj	207/212
Jagadia Ankleshwar	230/233
Surat	242/244
Navsari	249/252
Kampala	327/329
Busoga	325/327
Manza	302/307

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, May 6

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year. Since 1st Sept.
Khandesh	369	281,732
Central India	492	252,045
Barsi and Nagar	599	152,860
Hyderabad Gaorani	26	35,732
Berar	681	311,058
Central Provinces ...		86,284
Total Oomras	2,167	1,119,694
Dholera	697	136,105
N W Provinces ...		61,637
Rajputana	423	71,599
Sind-Punjab	1,768	436,313
Broach	1,359	346,229
Coompta and Dharwar	3,216	41,383
Westerns Northerns	606	26,458
Cocoanada ...		45
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	425	10,622
Persian ...		8
American ...		23,457
Egyptian and African ...		158,200
Comilla, Burma and other sorts ...		462
Total	10,605	2,432,412

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 30th April

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	2,256	391,690
Japan and China	14,565	968,183
Coast Ports	251	26,231
Up-country by Rail ...		145,053
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan ...		42,529
Total ...	17,072	1,573,686

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 6.

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D May-December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	270 1/8
Banks selling T T	268 1/8
Banks buying T T	265 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	566
Banks buying T T	576
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks buying T T	55 1/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	55
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 3/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 5h instant	4.96 1/4
Japan/London 6th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 6th instant	7.28
Hongkong/London 6th instant	1/3 15/16
Shanghai/London 6th instant	1/2 7/16
London/Paris 5th instant	75.41
London/Belgium 5th instant	29.20
London/Switzerland 5th instant	15.28 1/2
London/Berlin 5th instant	12.31 1/2
London Stockholm 5th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 5th instant	4.96 11/16
London/Amsterdam 5th instant	7.32 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold 4th instant	£7-0-4
Gold 5th instant	£7-0-4 1/2
Silver London Ready 4th instant	20 3/8
5th instant	20 5/16
Silver London Forward 4th instant	20 3/8
5th instant	20 5/16
Silver New York Ready 4th instant	45
5th instant	45
London Discounts 3 mos 4th instant	5/8 p.c.
5th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 4th instant	5/8 p.c.
5th instant	5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 6th May, 1936, tenders to the amount of £330,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 13th May, 1936, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 1st May, 1936, was £275,000.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 5.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£85 3/4
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent	£85 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	107 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 7/8
Funding Loan, 1960/69 4 per cent	£117 1/2
Victory Bonds, 4 per cent	£115 3/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£14 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg)	£103 1/2
National Bank of India	£44 1/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 5.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt May sellers	25/3
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt June/August sellers	25/6

PRODUCE.

London, May 5.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, parcels	nominal
Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels	nominal
Wheat, South Australian, parcels May sellers	31

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 5.

Java Sugar(Fine White Dutch Standard, No 25 C and F.— Calcutta per cwt. May/June sellers	6/9
Java Sugar(Fine White Dutch Standard, No 25 C and F.— Bombay, per cwt. May/June sellers	6/6
Java Sugar(Fine White Dutch Standard, No 25 C and F.— Karachi, per cwt. May/June sellers	6/6

LONDON MARKET.

Bombay, May 6.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£37-0-0
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£37-2-6
Standard Copper 3 months	£37-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£41-12-6
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	9 cents.
Bombay market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 33-2-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 33-4-0
Tone:—Steady.	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 6.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/5
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement	98/2/6
3 per cent 1941	104/7
3 per cent 1951/54	104
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	106/12
4 per cent 1943	110/12
4 per cent 1960/70	113/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	118/4
5 per cent 1939/44	108/11
5 per cent 1940/43	111/7
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108/4
TAX-FREE	
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	120/4
4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore	110/3
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	122-8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108/7
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)	
4 per cent B P T 1947	108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
6 per cent M Deb 1954	130
6 per cent K P T 1956	130
3 1/2 per cent B P T 1937	105/4

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government P. Notes opened at Rs. 98/2 improved to 98/3 to close steady at 98/2/6. Market narrow with small turnover.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.

London, May 5.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans	85 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans	97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1948/53	110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68	118 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47	116 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1936/38	101 1/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 7/8

SILVER DULL

BOMBAY, May 6.

The silver section of the local bullion exchange maintains a fairly steady tone.

Reports of moderate Chinese buying in the London market impart some steadiness in the local prices. However, due to smaller local stocks, the feeling here is more or less optimistic.

It is generally believed that as the U.S.A. gold stocks have been increased, the Treasury will have to buy more silver.

The London silver market yesterday was quoted at 1/16d. lower for both spot and forward position. China and India bought and again sold in a quiet market. New York silver ruled unchanged at 44 3/4c. while futures in the Montreal metal market closed at a loss of 10 to 45 points for May and July. Shanghai closed at 1-2 7/16.

Our local market for Vaishak commenced at Rs. 50/6 and soon declined by an anna but again touched the opening level. Price movements are apparently very narrow in absence of any important transactions.

During the afternoon market remained very steady, the rates showing no departure from the morning level.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	50	5	0
Vaishak	50	5	0
Jyestha	50	6	6
Teji-mandi Sept.	0	3	6

GOLD IMPROVES

BOMBAY, May 6.

The local gold market also continues to rule steady.

Yesterday the London gold was quoted at 1/2d. higher than the previous close. The irregular movements in the Sterling and the franc rates create a rather nervous feeling amongst the local operators who are awaiting further developments from abroad.

Trading in Vaishak commenced at Rs. 34/11/7 1/2 somewhat lower than the general expectations. The tendency appears apparently bearish in absence of any speculative activity. Market was quiet during the initial stage and the price movements were negligible.

The Sterling Dollar and the Franc rates were quoted at 496-3/8 and 75.37 and subsequently declined to 496-1/16 and 75.32. This attracted a few buying orders from Chockseys and the rate for Vaishak improved by half an anna.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	34	12	0
Vaishak	34	12	0
Jyestha	34	11	6
Teji-Mandi Jyesth	0	5	0

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 5.

Spot	20 5/16
Forward	20 5/16
Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7/0/4 1/2

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 5.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers	7 7/16

Stock Exchange Rules Dull

EASY TONE IN STEELS

Burmas And Cements Steady

BOMBAY, May 6.

Rise in the Franc rate and the conflicting reports respecting dividend to Deferred were responsible for easy trend at the Bombay Stock Exchange. In the absence of any outside enquiry Deferreds touched 507-1/2 and ordinaries 147-3/4. Towards the close there was some recovery but the closing was lower than yesterday's.

Mills were comparatively neglected. Hydro Electric section continued to rule firm in sympathy with Govt. Paper. Cement shares ruled steady with Indian cement registering a rise of five rupees over the last closing.

Bombay Burmah was again conspicuous to-day with brisk business passing and the closing was the highest of the day.

Govt. Paper moved round 98-2 and 98-3 and closed firmly steady at 98-2-6.

Till Friday there will be one hour's session and the market will be closed to forward business on Saturday owing to May clearing.

After to-day's closing news flashed into the market that Tatas had declared Rs. 7-1/2 dividend to deferreds and Rs. 6 to Ordinaries. Unless and until some outside enquiry is forthcoming or any big operator enters the market the present dull and morbid tendency is not likely to be changed to any great extent.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, May 6.

100	Ahm. Advance	276	4
500	Bombay Cotton	40	0
250	Bombay Dyeing	676	4
250	Bradbury	100	0
100	Century	160	0
100	Central India	216	4
100	Colaba	116	14
100	Coorla	90	0
250	David	60	0
250	Dawn	290	0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0	2-6
100	Finlay	103	12
100	Gokak	153	12
1000	Hindustani	1575	0
100	Indore	57	8
100	Khatau	57	8
100	Kohinoor	182	8
250	Laxmi	577	8
100	Madhavji	4	12
250	Madras United	35	0
100	Morarji	705	0
250	Modern	45	0
50	Mysore	85	10
200	New Great	101	4
100	Oosmanshahi	55	0
100	Phoenix	250	0
25	Sassoon Silk	39	8
1000	Sholapur	1,985	0
50	Simplex	62	8
100	Swadeshi	158	2
100	Swan	78	12
25	Tata	8	0
500	Vishnu	1145	0
1000	Western	652	8
	BANKS.		
50-100	Baroda	106	8
25-50	Central	32	4
500	Imperial	1,531	4
125-500	Im. Conty.	373	2
50-100	India	128	0
100	Reserve Bank	129	8
5	Union	58	6
	CEMENTS.		
10	Bundi	37	8
70	Gwalior	123	2
160	Indian	451	4
40	Katni def.	2330	0
100	Katni Ord.	365	0
10	Okha	273	12
10	Punjab	27	10
100	Shahabad	482	8
70	United	131	8
	INSURANCE.		
15-100	Jupiter	11	10
15-75	New India	41	2
200	Oriental	4,990	0
10-100	Vulcan	7	0
	ELECTRIC.		
100	Ahmedabad Old	160	0
1000	Andhra Valley	1547	8
10	Ajmer	13	6
50	Bombay Tram	153	7
100	Bombay Suburban	175	0
10	Broach	11	3
100	Karachi	220	0
100	Poona	225	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 6

100	Surat	190	0
100	Tata Hydro	159	6
1000	Tata Power	1485	0
	RAILWAYS.		
500	Ahm. Prantij	888	12
100	C.Province	95	4
100	Dhond Baramati	100	0
100	Gujarat	82	8
100	Mandra Bhon	99	8
100	Pachora Jamner	95	0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	97	0
500	Tapty Valley	767	8
	MININGS.		
10	Shivrajpur	33	0
30	Tata Steel def.	511	4
75	Tata Steel ord.	148	4
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
100	Alcock	197	8
50	Belapur Sugar	161	14
250	Bombay Steam	283	12
125	Bombay Burma	408	2
50	Bombay Burma Con.	143	12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5	15
50	Bombay Telephone	109	4
100	Indian Bleaching	107	8
100	Indian Radio	501	14
100	Indian Radio Ord.	485	0
1000	Port Canning	567	8
15	Scindia	15	10
80	Premier Construction	77	8
75	Tata Oil	15	12
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1437	8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	298	12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	86	12
5	p.c. Central India	525	0
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138	12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145	0
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14	6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	150	0
7	p.c. Tata Power	1522	8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	191	4
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	169	0
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	9	8
7	p.c. Vishnu	620	0
Govt.	Paper	98-2-6	

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, May 5.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

	Del.
Amer. Forn. Power 7 per cent P	30
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	67
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	78
Amr. Water Works 6 p.c. Pfd.	105
Consolidated Gas	30
Columbia Gas	18
United Corpn.	6
Int. Tel. and Tel.	13
American Tel. and Tel.	154 1/4
Western Union Telg.	76 1/4
New York Central	33 1/4
Erie R. R.	12
Union Pacific R.R.	125
Northern Pacific Rly	27
Bethelehem Steel	50 1/2
United States Steel	56
Anaconda Copper Mining	33 1/2
General Motor	63 1/2
Sperry Corp.	17
Westinghouse Airbrake	38
Int. Cement	45
St. Oil of N. J.	58
Socony	13 1/4
Chase Bank	37
National City Bank	33
Sun Life of Canada	485
Int. Nickel of Canada	45 3/4
American Smelting	75

•Hesitating market.

Total Business:—1 1/2 million.

LONDON METALS.

London, May 5.

Copper Braziers	£50 5/8
Spelter Hard, Indian Brand	£14
Tin, English Ingots, Liverpool F O B	£205
Yellow Metal	£40
Corrugated Sheet, 24 gauge	£12 3/4

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 5.

Broach A/M. Op. 197; Highest 197; Lowest 196 1/2; Closing 197.

Broach J/A. Op. 198; Highest 198 1/4; Lowest 197 1/2; Closing 198.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 194 1/4; Highest 194 1/4; Lowest 193 3/4; Closing 194 1/4.

Oomra May Op. 184; Highest 184 1/4; Lowest 184; Closing 184.

Oomra July Op. 183 1/4; Highest 185 1/4; Lowest 183; Closing 183.

Oomra D/J. Op. 175 1/2; Highest 175 1/2; Lowest 175 1/2; Closing 175 1/2

Bengal May Op. 158; Highest 159; Lowest 158; Closing 158.

Bengal July Op. 155; Highest 155 3/4; Lowest 154 3/4; Closing 154 3/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 142 1/4; Highest 143; Lowest 142 1/4; Closing 142 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 8.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-5-36) Rs. 4

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 24 1/4.

SEEDS.

London, May 5.

Linseed, La Plata, Hull C.I.F. ton May sellers £16/17/6

Linseed, Calcutta, London C.I.F. ton May/June sellers £12/16/0

Linseed, Bombay, London C.I.F. ton May/June sellers £12/16/3

Rapeseed Toria, Hull/Cont C.I.F. ton, May/June sellers £12/10/0

Castorseed, Bombay, Hull, C.I.F. ton, May/June sellers £12/5/0

NEW YORK COFFEE.

New York, May 5.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 6 1/4

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1936

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MAINTAINING LAW COLLEGE AS SOURCE OF REVENUE!

Sir Tej Bahadur's Attack On "Reactionary Attitude" Of Allahabad University

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, May 5.

In a Press interview Sir T. B. Sapru deplored the attitude of the Allahabad University Committee appointed to report on the recommendations of the Sapru unemployment committee regarding the University Education.

Sir Tej said with regard to commerce there is no proposal in the report for improving the quality of the Commerce Graduates and only ends with a mere appeal to the Government. He said that the most disappointing part of the report was that relating to Law teaching.

NO QUARREL.

The report does not say what their notion of Legal Education is. There will be no quarrel if the University concentrates on the cultural side of Legal Education and leaves the necessary practical training in the hands of the Bar Council or the High Court.

"I absolutely deny that there is anything like cultural education given to Law students within the portals of the University. There is not much culture to be had by studying Civil or Criminal Procedure Codes. These are for practical use by Lawyers practising in Law Courts and one need not be Law Graduate for understanding the intricacies of these technical subjects."

WHOLLY INADEQUATE.

Sir Tej further said that the point is not that the University has not included cultural subjects, but that the provision for teaching it is wholly inadequate and the Law College or law classes are maintained as a source of Revenue.

"REACTIONARY."

Referring to the Allahabad University's opposition to extend Law Course to three years as recommended by the Sapru Committee, Sir Tej said that the attitude of the University is not only not progressive but wholly reactionary and quite out of keeping with that anxiety for cultural education which they profess to have.

Finding two years course inadequate, the modern tendency is to prescribe a three years' course along with the requirement that before a student starts on his legal study, he must possess an adequate knowledge in the subjects which tend to enrich his mind and qualify it for the reception of ideas in new subjects. The University Committee has simply refused formulating any definite proposal with regard to the improvement of the Legal Education.

OVERHAUL BAR COUNCILS.

Sir Tej does not support the view that the University Degree by itself should qualify a man to practise the profession of law and wants a scheme like the London LL.B. or the Oxford B.C.L. wherein one can start practice only after keeping his requisite term at the Inns of Court. This may require even overhauling of Bar Councils, which, in his opinion, should be done.

He concludes the University Report hardly holds out any prospect of the improvement of the Legal Education in the future or of the solution, of some of those difficulties which the University products are experiencing in life at the present moment.

"SUBVENTION INADEQUATE"

Assam M. L. C's Request Governor To Call Emergent Session Of Council

SHILLONG, May 5.

At a huge public meeting attended by citizens of all schools of thought which was held here yesterday evening, it was decided to request His Excellency the Governor of Assam to summon an emergent session of the Assam Council before May 18, next to consider the situation arising out of Sir Otto Niemeyer's recommendation for the annual subvention of Rs. 30,000 to Assam.

In this connection, the "United Press" understands that accordingly two prominent members of the Assam Council have formally requested the Assam Governor today to summon an emergent session of the Local Council. It is expected that other members of the Council will follow suit.

The public meeting also adopted another resolution urging the public bodies and associations throughout the province to hold public meetings and reiterate a demand for an annual subvention so as to save this Province from financial breakdown.—United Press.

NO CONVERSION FOR 10 YEARS

NAGPUR, May 6.

It is strongly rumoured here that Dr. Ambedkar promised to Mahatma Gandhi in a talk with him before his arrival here, that he would not take any steps at conversion for ten years or more.—A.P.

GRUESOME FIND FROM BODY OF OX

Two Dead Children Recovered From Carcass

SHEIKHUPURA, May 6.

A strange discovery of the dead bodies of two infants from inside the belly of a dead ox has been made at village Nandipur. The corpse of the ox had impeded the free flow of water and was pulled out by Zemindars and handed over to "Chamars" who were however, amazed to find the underportion of the body of the ox carefully stitched. Suspecting foul play they communicated the matter to the police who after opening the belly found two dead children between the ages of two and four years concealed therein.

Police investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

MORE EXPERTS FROM BRITAIN?

Move To Make Vocational Training Available To High School Students

SIMLA, May 6.

The "United Press" learns that two British experts, who are being invited for making recommendations for an overhaul of the educational system in India with a view to the introduction of Vocational Training will arrive by the end of the year. Individuals have not been elected but it appears that Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru had talks with a number of British educationists during his recent stay in England. Sir George Anderson, who retires and sails on 30th May next by s.s. "Rajputana" may be requested to recommend suitable experts to be invited to India.

Meanwhile the Government of India has communicated their tentative views in regard to the reorganization of the educational system so that Indian boys, after the age of 15 on completing High School Education, may find facilities for vocational training.—United Press.

Ahmedabad Labour Conference

Leader Advises Workers To Take Active Part In Country's Politics

(From A Correspondent)

A strong plea to take active part in politics was made by Mr. Dange in his presidential address at the Textile Workers' Conference held at Ahmedabad on Sunday.

In the course of his address Mr. Dange said:

We must enter politics. Politics is in the councils, in the National Congress, in the Trade Union Congress, in the whole movement for Swaraj. Therefore we must go in all these places.

How to go to Congress and why? Are we merely to pay four annas and wait for the leaders to do something. We must evolve our own leaders workers' leaders, peasant leaders, go in the Congress as organised unions with our philosophy and take the middle class masses in the Congress ahead for struggle for Swaraj.

But in the name of United Front, we must not slacken our class activities, we must produce our worker-heroes and worker cadres, to take the lead because as Pandit Jawaharlal says the middle class leadership is two-faced. We must vow it on correctly and sympathisingly.

I would certainly recommend you to follow and copy the great achievements of the Bombay workers in some matters. The Bombay workers are producing their own rank and file and leaders: They take active part in politics and movements for freedom.

Brake On Labour Struggle

The Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Conference, Mr. Shabir, a prominent local worker, made a speech which was remarkable for its eloquence and simple, effective, explanation of the labour situation in Ahmedabad.

Future Danger

He made a moving appeal to all the disillusioned workers to prepare against the coming wage-cut. He exhorted them to read clearly the speech of Mr Kasturbhai Lalbhai the President of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association and prepare from now for the future danger which another wage-cut would entail.

Resolutions

A number of resolutions were adopted by the Conference held. The following were the main:—

This conference calls upon the workers to organise themselves to fight against the impending wage-cut of which indications are afforded by the closing of night shifts and Mr. Kasturbhai's speech before the millowners. It reminds them of the Delhi wage-cut effected last year, from the evil effects of which the workers have not yet recovered.

Socialism Only Remedy.

The conference declares that the good of the working class can finally be achieved only by establishment of Socialism. For that purpose it is necessary to form a united fighting front of the workers, peasants and middle classes, under the leadership of the working class. It is also necessary to send representatives in the Indian National Congress on behalf of the workers, peasants and other exploited classes.

Other resolutions against war, new constitution, ministry, managing and contract systems in mills, neglect of the Municipality towards workers' conditions of living resolutions sympathising with the struggle of the railway workers against retrenchment, peasant movement, etc., were passed.

CONDOLENCE MOVE DISALLOWED

D. L. B. Chief's "No" To Resolution On Kamala Nehru's Death

SHEKHUPURA, May 5.

The Deputy Commissioner, Sheikhupura, who is also the Chairman of the District Board has disallowed the resolution of condolence at the death of Mrs. Kamala Nehru, a notice whereof was given some two months back by Sardar Atma Singh, a member of the Board.—United Press.

MAHASABHA ELECTION BOARD

LAHORE, May 5.

The Punjab Provincial Hindu Sabha formed in pursuance of the decision of the Poona session of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha has appointed an election Board consisting of five members including Raja Narendra Nath, Bhai Parmanand, Dr. Gokulchand Narang and Rai Bahadur Lala Ramsarandas to run the elections on the Hindu Mahasabha tickets. The election Board has been authorised to collect subscriptions and do the preliminary propaganda work.

Bhai Parmanand left Lahore yesterday on a tour of the western Districts of the Punjab to revive and strengthen the Hindu Sabha organisations.—A. P.

STORM HAVOC IN EAST BENGAL

Roofs Blown Off And Trees Uprooted

JAMALPORE, (Mymensingh) May. 4

A violent tornado accompanied by hailstorm passed over the town on the evening of May 2.

It caused a lot of havoc. The boarding house of G.T. School, the lock up shed attached to the local thana, the Madrassa School, and a block of the Singhjani H.E. School were blown off. Besides these, a number of private dwelling houses were badly damaged.

At Bagabaid in the suburbs, only a single house remained unaffected.

A report from Siliguri states that a severe storm accompanied by torrential rain passed over Siliguni and some parts of Terai on the evening of May 2. A number of houses were badly damaged and many trees uprooted. Information received from the interior shows that the storm caused much havoc there.

The rain will help the planters as well as the cultivators a good deal.—United Press.

The City Congress Committee, Ferozepur held a meeting in the Gokhale Hall under the chairmanship of Bhagat Dhanna Mal, president of City Congress Committee. The report of the last year and accounts were read and passed. Lala Meher Chand, was elected President.

CONGRESS SECRETARIAT

Dr. K. M. Ashraf To Be In Charge Of Political And Economic Dept.

ALLAHABAD, May 6.

It is learnt that Dr. K. M. Ashraf is appointed in charge of the Political and Economic Department of the A.I.C.C. office and will begin to work from to-day.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is understood to be in correspondence with two or three other Congressmen to help in the work of the above department and whose names will be announced later. The department is intended to collect data on the subject from all sources, including Government departments and private organizations.—United Press.

FLOOD MEASURES IN ORISSA

Questions For Advisory Council

CUTTACK, May 6.

Mr. Mandhata Gorachand Pattnaik, a member of the Orissa Advisory Council has given notice of a large number of questions affecting the interests of the new Province. The meeting of the Advisory Council will commence on the 8th May at Puri and the Governor himself is the president of the Council.

Following few questions are particularly interesting:—

Will Government be pleased to state:

If there are any agricultural demonstrations in the province?

Whether Government is prepared to launch a scheme to prevent floods occurring in the Cuttack and Puri districts?

Whether the Government is aware of a report submitted by the Committee appointed by the Government of Bihar and Orissa to enquire into the cause of floods occurring in Orissa and suggest remedial measures—United Press.

RAJEN BABU HEARS ELECTION DISPUTE

12 Delegates Attend Patna Inquiry

PATNA, May 6.

The hearing of the Bengal Congress election dispute was resumed this morning before Babu Rajendra Prasad. Those present included Mr. Susil Chandra Mukherji, Secretary, Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, Mr Kiran Shanker Roy, Mr. Suresh Chandra Muzumdar and Mr Nibaran Chandra Ghose, delegates, who numbered twelve in all.

They placed their grievances freely before Babu Rajendra Prasad Hearing regarding Khulna has finished, and Tippera has been taken up.

Investigations are expected to finish this evening. Babu Rajendra Prasad will communicate the decision later.—A.P.

SPALDING PROFESSOR AT OXFORD

Sir Radhakrishnan Leaves On Saturday For England

MADRAS, May 6.

Sir Radhakrishnan, who has been appointed Spalding Professor of Eastern Religious and Ethics in Oxford University left for Bombay this morning. He is sailing by s.s. "Strathaird" on May 9.

He will spend June and July in Britain and will attending the World Educational Conference at Cheltenham, the Congress of Faiths in London, the British Universities Congress at Cambridge and the Centenary of the London University. August and September he will spend in America, and will attend the tercentenary of the Harward University.

He expects to join his post in Oxford on October 11 when the full term begins.—A. P.

India's New Education Commissioner

SIMLA, May 6.

Dr. Mackenzie, who succeeds Sir George Anderson as Educational Commissioner with the Government of India, is expected to take up his duties in August next. It has been arranged, it is understood, that Dr. Mackenzie will be staying in Hyderabad (Deccan) for a month in the year. This will enable him to be available for advice to the Hyderabad State as well as to be in South India for getting into touch with Educational authorities in Madras, Mysore, Travancore and other places.—United Press.

Ag. Educational Commissioner

SIMLA, May 6.

The Associated Press understands that Mr. J.C Powell-Price, Dtputy Director of Public Instruction, United Provinces, will temporarily act as Educational Commissioner to the Government of India, when Sir George Anderson proceeds home at the end of this month on leave preparatory to retirement.

Sir George's successor Dr. A. H. Mackenzie at present the Vice-Chancellor of the Osmania University is expected to take over charge sometime in September at Simla.

Darbhanga's Grant For Rural Uplift

PATNA, May 6.

For rural improvement of his 'Raj', the Maharajadhiraj of Darbhanga has just announced a grant of five lakhs.

Besides he has sanctioned 'discretionary grants' to the Circle Managers in case of such unexpected calamities as fire, flood, etc., and asked the Managers to promptly report about them to him in order that he may further help the tenants in distress, if necessary.—United Press.

The total production of crude oil from the Moolla Oil Company's Minbu and Singu properties for the month of April was 23,756 barrels, says a Rangoon message.

FRONTIER GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO KABUL

Afghan Officials Impressed With British Administration

SIMLA, May 6.

Further information regarding the Frontier Governor's visit to Kabul shows that the Governor was very enthusiastically received, and elaborate arrangements were made for his comfort and safety. He had several interesting conversations with the Prime Minister Hashim Khan and with the Foreign Minister.

In these the Governor was able to explain to the Afghan authorities the nature of the Indian Government's relations with the tribes, and how closely the officers responsible for the Frontier administration study the tribes and how intimately they knew them. They were surprised to find that the Governor spoke better Pushtu than many Afghan Officials. At any rate the impression must have been removed that the Frontier officials in dealing with the tribesmen depended on subordinates who did not keep the officers properly informed, and that actually there is a very close intimate personal touch between the British and Indian superior Frontier officers, including the Governor himself and tribesmen.—A.P.

CONGRESS PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE

New Body To Meet In June

NAINITAL, May 6

It is understood that the meeting of the newly constituted Congress Parliamentary Committee will be held simultaneously with the meeting of the Working Committee sometime in June. If, however, no meeting of the Working Committee is called in June, a meeting of the Parliamentary Committee will be convened on or about June 15, at Bombay.

Important items, it is understood, will include the consideration of the financial position and advisability of forming Independent Parliamentary Boards for different provinces, or a Central Parliamentary Committee controlling the elections all over the country.—United Press.

NEW C. P. BOARD MEETING

NAINITAL, May 6.

It is understood that a meeting of the newly constituted Congress Parliamentary Board will be held simultaneously with the meeting of the Working Committee but in the event of there being no meeting of the Working Committee in June the meeting of the Parliamentary Board will be convened on or about June 15 in Bombay.—A.P.

CHOLERA HAVOC IN BARISAL

BARISAL, May 6.

Over 500 human lives were taken away by Cholera from the district of Barisal in the month of April. Latest reports show 150 deaths during the week ended yesterday.—United Press.

Sjt. Jamaluddin Makhmoor, Secretary, Muslim Patriots' League, Beawar, wires to say it is hoped the forthcoming Subash Day will be observed in a befitting manner all over Rajasthan.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Traitor's Gate*

HEMMED IN BY A WITHERING FIRE, THE GUNMEN SURRENDER—
YOU GOT US, WADE—WE QUIT!
THROW OUT YOUR GUNS AND OPEN THE DOOR—AND NO FUNNY BUSINESS
CALL IN THE MEN, DONAVAN!
THEY'RE COMING NOW, WADE!
WHERE ARE THE CROWN JEWELS?
TH' BOSS TOOK 'EM—HE SNEAKED OUT THAT WAY WHILE WE WAS FIGHTING!-
4-13
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LYMAN ANDERSON

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